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# FINANCIALTIME

Wednesday August 13 1980



West German

banks to aid

CONTINENTAL SELLING PRICES: AUSTRIA Sch 15; BELGIUM Fr 25; DENMARK Kr 5.00; FRANCE Fr 4; GERMANY DM 20; ITALY L 800; NETHERLANDS FI 20; NORWAY Kr 5.00; PORTUGAL Esc 45; SPAIN PD 70; SWEDEN Kr 5.00; SWITZERLAND Fr 20; ERE 25g; MALTA 20c

**Industrial Production** 

# NEWS SUMMARY

GENERAL

ne in unit

look for the

# Drug abuse on the increase

Home Office figures just released show that there were big increases last year in the number of drug addlets in the UK, in seizures of drugs, and in smuggling ceases.

The number of known addicts The number of known addicts a fraction of the true figurewas nearly a fifth up at 2,800. There were 16,000 seizures, about 2,690 more than in 1978. Almost nine out of ten involved contable.

Heroin was discovered in 600 cases—twice the 1976 and 1978 highs, and more opium and cocaine was captured than in 1978. More tban 14,000 were found guilty of, or cautioned for, drug offences.

## Bogside trouble

Two buses and a van were set on fire in the Bogside and police vehicles bombarded after the Loyalist Apprentice Boys of Derry bad marched. The Cullybackey branch defiantly carried a banner given by the convicted murderer of a Catholic Page 6

## Masefield named

Sir Peter Masefield, 66, former chairman of British European Airways, is to be "caretaker" chairman and chief executive of London Transport, for between six months and a year. He will be pald £34,000 a year. Page 6 and Back Page

## More petrol cuts

Shell, BP, National Benzele Texaco and Mobil have followed Esso's Monday move of cutting

## Faults on M5

The Transport Minister has confirmed that in 17 places on the elevated section of the M6 beam below the viaduot has Page 22 dropped where its bearing support has failed. Repairs and port has failed. Repairs and investigations continue: parts receipts rose to £340m in July, of single carriaders are rolly and the highest monthly level since of single carriageways only are

## Iranians warned

Iranians in court following demonstrations last week were warned by Horseferry Road, London, magistrate Kenneth Harrington: Behave, or you will be sent boma. Only two of 26 accepted an offer of £60 bail. Twenty two were remanded in custody, but one who wanted to stay in prison was bailed. Many still refused their names and addresses.

# MP's cierk killed

Tory MP for Anglesey. Keith Best, had perious head injuries after the car he was driving crashed into a broken down van near Holyhead. His passenger, Mrs. Brenda Rogers, clerk to his Brighton law practice, was

## Test peters out

The rain-ruined fifth Test at Headinglay petered out in a draw, so West Indies' victory in the first Test gives them the series. England 143 and 227 for 6, West Indies 245.

## Briefly . . .

and action

الطلقة الواجي الواج 19. " : mr. 63.

. Tokai hai

THE REAL PROPERTY.

Partie.

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15 Tu 15 5354

ir. o street to

A FRATE

Panda Ching Ching reappeared at London Zoo after a 41-month

their troops out of . Espirito mail order group, reports second Santo by next Tuesday. West Huntspill campaignens emptied 30 sacks of rubbisb at County Hall, Taunton, in pro-

test at plans to site a tip fin their village, Storeman Roy Trelease, sacked for not going to a Cornish steel merchants Christmas party, was awarded £6,127 by a tribunal.

RISES

Anderson. Stelyde 1014 + 44

Barratt Devipments, 135 + 5

Commercial Union 146 + 6

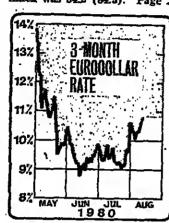
Hampton Trust :..... 741 + 31 Highland Distifries 127 + 8

CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

(Prices in pence unless otherwise indicated)

# Dollar weaker; Gold off \$7

● DOLLAR lost ground despite a firmer tendency in Eurodollar rates, finiahing at DM 1.7795 (DM 1.7825). Its trade-weighted index was 84.2 (84.5). Page 21



STERLING was slightly weaker overall, with its index falling to 75.2 (75.5). Against the dollar, it improved as the dollar came on offer in New York, to close 15 points up at \$2.3735. Page 21

• GOLD continued to ease in London, losing \$7 to finish at \$610.5. Page 21. Fresh losses extended to nearly two points in the beavier priced gold shares and the Gold Mines index dropped 14.3 further to 348.0 for a two-day loss of more than 8 per cent. Page 24,

• GILTS were restrained as investors awaited further economic indicators later in the week Mediums and longs drifted lower, with losses rang-ing to 1. The FT Government Securities index was 2.13 down-at 69.34. Page 24

wholesale petrol prices. This EQUITTES were also should knock 2D a gallon off affected, with potential buyers pump prices. Back Page holding off. The 1.6 net gain to 480.6 in the FT 30-share index owed most to Dunlop's 7p rise to 77p on revival of speculative demand. Page 24

• WALL STREET Was 7.08 through Birmingham the steel down at 957.00 near the close.

BUILDING society net last October. Page 6

 AUSTRALIA'S Cabinet is examining the financial implications of cancelling an order for four Airbuses in retaliation at the EEC's proposed sbeepmeat regime. Page 4

OFFICE of Fair Trading investigation into Raleigh Industries refusal to supply cut-price retailers with bicycles is expected to be announced today. Page 7

 BRITISH Petroleum, Shell International and Compagnie Française des Petroles are likely to be among the first foreign companies awarded oil exploration concessions by India Back Page and Page 17

• ENGINEERING workers' union leaders said they would advise their members not to disobey the new Employment Act. Page 8

• BRITISH STEEL is to go ahead with closing its Consett works by the end of next month.

ARMSTRONG EQUIPMENT is to buy Associated Engineering's heat transfer and press-work division for £700,000. Net book value of the assets acquired

is £6.4m. Page 15 Britain and France are pulling. U.S. retailer and second higgest quarter net earnings down 68.8 per cent at \$5m (£2.1m) because of high inflation and the reces sion. Page 15

 COMMERCIAL UNION Assurance Company's pre-tax profits for the six months to Juna 30 dipped to £57.6m (£58.1m) with underwriting losses up £5.7m to £22.9m. Paga 14; Lex, Back Page

Ctrl. Pac. Minerals £31; + 2; Southern Pacific ... £11; + 1; FALLS Assoc. Engineering 56 - 3

Воматет ...... 173 — 6

GKN 238 - 4

Magoet & Stherns 157 - 8

LASMO 708 - 12

Shell Transport 414 - 4

Tricentrol 340 - 4

Cos. Gold Flds. SA £301 - 11

Lennard Oil ...... 72 - 8

Rustenburg Plat ... 224 - 26

St. Helena ..... £174 - 13 Samantha 82 - 6
Welkom 717 - 63
West Driefontein 1351 - 11

Western Deep ..... £18½ — 14 Western Hidgs. ..... £30 — 14

# Industrial output falls 2.7% as recession deepens

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

THE BRITISH recession is deepening and spreading across the economy. Manufacturing industry remains the bardest hit and its output is falling more sharply than expected.

Central Statistical Office figures published yesterday ahow that industrial output between April and June was 2.7 per cent lower than in the previous three months. vious three months.

Manufacturing production dropped by 2.8 per cent even when compared with a period depressed by the British Steel strike. These figures confirm the

daily reports from all over industry of falling output and rising redundancies.

All recent evidence suggests that output is still falling. The Confederation of British Indus-try's trenda survey at the end of July pointed to a sharp drop in the volume of orders and output over the next four months. This is the result of an almost simultaneous fall in domestic

There are also Indicationa that the impact of the recession is spreading to the distribution

of 1980 was about 4! per cent year is 10! per cent below the lower than the average level last average level for 1979. and export demand coupled year. Sloce manufacturing pro-with a rapid deterioration in the duction is still falling, the fall competitive position of British in output for 1980 as a whole may be greater than the 41 per

1977

1975 = 100 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Source: Central Statistical Office

Budget The detailed figures highlight The main squeeze bas none- the problems faced by the theless been on manufacturing textiles, leather and clothing

where output in the first half sector where output so far this

TEXTILES

The output of the chemicals, coal and petroleum products sector has recently started to drop sharply with a 7 per cent decline between the first and cent decline for the year foresecond quarters of this year. cast by the Treasury in the lodustrial chemicals have been Continoed on Back Page

UK failing to compete with Japan, Page 7

# Carter, Kennedy camps set for one last battle

SUPPORTERS OF President Mr. Jody Powell, the President's of his lieutenants in marshalling beavy defeat on a key procedural issue.

The President's top advisors said they were gratified by the Senator's swift withdrawal because it made easier the task of uniting Democrats against the Republican challenge of Mr. nomination. Ronald Reagan.

President's refusal to compromise on demands by pro-Kennedy delegates for a cominitiatives that might raise unemployment, and a massive public spending programme to

"The President and Senator the two rivals.

"The president and Senator the two rivals.

Mr. Carter's crushing triumph Kennedy are both strong men

Jimmy Carter and Senator Press Secretary. He was inditionally their forces. But it also reflected Edward Kennedy geared up for cating that, unless the Kennedy a widespread view that the one last battle on economic forces made last minute pri- "open" convention—whereby policy yesterday, despite the vate concessions, the key delegates would have been freed day night finally to quit the out on the floor of the Madison Presidential race following a Square Garden convention. Mr. Carter was expected to

prevail, though not necessarily by the 1,936 to 1,390 margin which on Monday night locked up his majority of delegates and shattered the Senator's remaining bope for the Presidential

Left glum and rudderless by But a tug of war was still their leader's sudden withlikely on the party's policy plat-form as Mr. Carter's economic advisers bluntly spelled out the reconciled to backing Mr. Carter as their party's nominee in the tives.

November election. Vice-President Walter Mon-dale, Mr. Carter's bridge to the pulsory incomes policy to curb dale, Mr. Carter's bridge to the inflation. a ban on economic liberal wing of the Democratic party, said the effect of the Senator's withdrawal was to re-move "the personal animosity" that may have existed between

-neither should be expected to on the open convention issue Kennedy defeat could still was a testimony to the efficiency

from their primary was seen as essentially a pro-Kennedy device, regardless of the merits of the arguments.

This did not prevent, bowever, a rowdy demonstration of partisan support on both sides of the convention floor. Negotiations to forge last-

minute compromises on the economic issues were slow to materialise. Mr. Mondale, as always seeking the middle road. suggested the differences lay "in the remedies, not the pur-DOSE " of new economic initia-

But Mr. Carter's Cabinet officers implied the differences were more substaolial. Mr. William Miller, the Treasury Secretary, said the Administration was not prepared to agree to a turnabout in its voluntary wage and price guidelines and tight controls over public

tarnish Carter triumph, Page 3

# plant on two-day week BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

Talbot |

TALBOT and Leyland Vehicles yesterday announced short-time working for more than 20,000 employees as the effects on the motor industry of slumping UK sales intensified.

The announcements came only 24 bours after Vauxhall had announced short-time working at all three of its UK manufac-turing plants and given notice of redundancies at its Dunstable,

Beds., plant.
Hardest hit yesterday were
Talbot plants in the Midlands, where 6,800 workers making tha Alpine and Solara models hava been placed on a two-day week until further notice. At Linwood in Scotland, which produces the Sunbeam and Avenger, 4,700 employees have been put on a three-day week.

Leyland Vehicles is to lay off

9.000 of its 10.000 employees at its Leyland, Lancashire, truck and bus plant for one week from September 1, just before an annual boliday, and for two

further weeks in October, Talbot said yesterday that, despite a temporary sales upsurge in August, "the UK car market for the past four months has been running at 32 per cent below last year's level.

## Option

"In common with other manufacturers, we are taking steps to align production and stocks to the realities of the market place."

Union officials at Talbot said they were "disappointed," but that they recognised the company's difficulties and accepted sbort-time working as a better option than redundancies. Leyland Vehicles workers

will receive about 95 per cent of their wages during the lay-off periods with the belp of Covernment subsidies. Leyland Vehicles had made clear that the alternative to the lay-offs was some measure of redun-

penetration during the past few months, despite the declining market for commercial vehicles Its June share of 19.3 per cent was the bigbest for two years. This success is largely due to

£350m investment programme, now half way through which has seen the introduction of the T45 truck range this year. Much of the ranga is yet to be launched, and Leyland Vehicles said yesterday the investment programme itself was not threatened by the current production cutbacks.

## **Poland** WEST GERMAN banks are to This would compare with a trade deficit in 1979 of \$1.7bn, and a current account deficit of \$2.82bn in the same year. The

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

provide credits of DM1.2bn (£2.35m) to Poland—a move welcomed by the Bonn Government which is deeply worrled by Poland's economic troubles, and the threat these could pose

and the threat these could pose to the Polish leadership.

A consortium of 25 banks, led by the "big three"—
Dresdner, Deutsche and Commerz—and by the Bank Fuer Gemeinwirtschaft, bas raised the sum after intensive discussion marked by conserve discussion marked by concern about Poland's already high level of indebtedness to the West. Final details are still being worked out but the credit is expected to run for seven

The extent of Poland's indebtedness is spelled 'out in a

## Bus strike

Warsaw bus drivers extended their strike for higher pay yesterday with drivers from three of the capital's seven depots refusing to operate their vehicles.

The bus strike brings before the public eye in the capital for the first time the extent of Poland's six-week-old wave of labour nurest. Earlier strikes by industrial workers cial industrial towns and bave not bad a direct major impact have been mainly in provin-on the public.

prepared Warszawie, nemorandum Handlowy Warszawie, the Polish state bank, for Western banks involved in a \$300m Euro-currency loan new being negotiated for Poland.

It shows that Poland had hard currency debts at the end of 1979 of \$19.4bn (£82bn) and that the annual payments needed t oservice this debt will consume almost 70 per cent of Leyland Vehicles is among Poland's bard currency earnthe last of the UK motor manuings in 1980. This debt service facturers to take steps to cut ratio compares with one of 54 production, mainly because it per cent in 1979, and is one of bas managed to increase its the highest of any country in

the world. Poland will be paying \$7.2bn to service its debt this year and. an estimated \$6.5bn next. The country's hard currency visible

exports this year are projected at \$8.53bn. Poland's case for further borrowing is based on favour-able trade results in the first half of 1980. The memorandum claims that Poland achieved a trade surplus in the first balf of the year and that trade should either balance or show surplus for 1980 as a whole.

impact on these predictions of the recent strikes in Poland, and of the flooding of the Vistula river, is not known. A total of DM 800m of the

German credit is likely to go to belp service Warsaw's exist-ing debts, while tha other DM 400m will finance projects to exploit Polish coal and to send added supplies to West Germany. This DM 400m will be covered by German State backed guarantees.
Initially it bad been hoped

in Bonn that a sum of DM 1.5bn might be raised, twothirds of it for debt servicing and one-third for the coal pro-

In an apparent effort to infinence the bankers' decision Bonn privately made clear that if the DM 1bn for debt servicing (not subject to State guarantee) was not raised, State backing for up to a further DM 500m would not be provided. In the end both aides have scaled back their contributions.

Now the larger part of the German credit bas been arranged, and if the \$300m Euro-credit goes ahead as expected, Poland will have raised almost all the \$7.7bn it bas set itself as its borrowing target for this year.
The result is particularly

satisfying to Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany, who will be meeting Mr. Edward Gierek, the Polisb Communist Party leader, in Hamburg next Tuesday and Wednesday.

Herr Schmidt is known to have a particularly high regard for Mr. Gierek, not least for the Polish leader's efforts over the past few months to help con-tain the East-West tension which developed following the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. The Bonn Government has

followed with concern the Polish labour unrest which came after the announcement in July of meat price increases. It is feared that if this unrest inten-sified Mr. Gierek's own position would be in danger and West Germany might lose a valued

Editorial Comment, Page 12 Poland's borrowing profitle, Page 18

£ in New York				
	Aug. 11	Previous		
Spot 1 month 5 months 18 months	aa,8705-3718 1,50-1,45 dis 5,67-3,62 dis 7,80-7,65 dis	3.70-3.65 die		

# Wrath descends on Saab slogan

BY MICHAEL THOMPSON-NOEL

A SAAB advertising slogan quoting the Lord's Frayer has incurred the wrath of the Advertising Standards Anthority. The advertisement was for the Saab 900 Turbo and was beadlined: "And lead us not into Temptation."

The authority has judged

the advertisement to be in breach of the British Code of Advertising Practice, and has upheld the complaints of seven members of the public who found the advertisement highly distasteful" Saab (GB) is bemused. It

says the advertisement was widaly copy-tested prior to publication and created no offence. "It was a very apt heading," the company said. The advertisement, prepared by Brunning Advertis-

American News ...

Appointments. .....

Arts .....

Commodities .....

Base Rates

ing and Marketing (Reading), was featured in a £50,000 cam-paign in prestige colour magazines in May.

"The complainants," says the authority, "considered the advertisement to be highly distasteful and offensive in using a quotation from the Lord's Prayer for commercial

purposes."
The anthority says it found the Saab advertisement a "difficult issue," but thought that, on balance, it was likely to be deeply offensiva to some people and the advertisement was therefore judged to be in breach of the

It received 3,367 complaints from the public last year: 998 were pursued, and about 360

Saab and its agency fell foul of Section II, 2 of the voluntarily-administered code of advertising practice, which states: "Advertisements should contain nothing which is likely, in the light of generally prevailing standards of decency and propriety, to cause grave or widespread

offence." Saab said last night it regretted any offence caused. "But before we went shead," said a spokesman, "we copytested the headling among 400 members of the (non-Saab owning) poblic. Not one of them raised an eyebrow. Seven complaints to the ASA does not represent an inunda-

Continued on Back Page

## CONTENTS

Nigeria: after the "Oilgate" scandal 12 Man-made fibres: the search for new uses ...... 13 Lisbon: post-nationalisation payments to begin ..... 2

round in circles .....

Labour .

For latest Share Index 'phone 01-246 8026

U.S. election: Kennedy's defeat may tarnish Carter's triumph ...... 3

17 Companies UK ... 14-17 Landon Trd Optns Men & Matters ...

Overseas News 4
Recing 10
Share information 25, 27
Stock Markets:
London 24
Wall Street 22
Bourses 22
Teatmical 9
Today's Events 13
TV and Radio 110
UK News General ......

Unit Trusts INTERIM STATEMENTS Rennies ------------ANNUAL STATEMENTS

# Management: Why a Japanese bank goes

Lombard: William Chislett on the high price of Mexico's cheap petrol ..... 10 Gardens Today: colour and contrast 10 Editorial Comment: oil prices; Poland ..... 12

# AUSTRALIA

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3

Dunlop 77 + 7Forward Techniqy 123 + 5

Hogg Robinson ... 121 + 4
Horizon Travel ...... 250 + 5
Legal & General .... 210 + 6

Unilever 480 + 10 Wholesale Fittings 820 + 35 Berjuntal Tin 260 + 15

Note of

chaos in

Italian

kidnap

measure

By Rupert Cornwell in Rome

AN INITIATIVE by a Calabrian

magistrate, aimed at identify.

ing people laundering money

paid over in kidnap ransoms.

threatens to add an extra element of chaos to Italy's already inefficient and over

bureaucratised banking sys-

BY IOHNATHAN CARR IN BONN

LITTLE CHANGE in key European Community's common Caninet posts is likely if the agriculture policy are unlikely present West German governto emerge while Herr Ert! office in the October a General who his successor might be. Electico, Chancellor Helmut Schmidt said he saw

The Chancellor specified that Hans Jochen Vogel, the Justice is almost a foregone conclusion.

Minister (all SPD).

But in his interview the

Schmidt did not mention was could still change between now Herr Josef Ertl. of the FDP. and polling day. He felt some He has been responsible for of the polls pointing to an SPD-agriculture for 10 years and it FDP victory had been many is widely felt be might step lated to give potential voters.

ment coalition is returned to remains. But it remains unclear Herr Schmidt's comments

Schmidt said yesterday. In an effectively have stopped public interview with the Frankfurter speculation about the shape of Rundschan newspaper, Herr a new Cahinet almost hefore it Schmidt said he saw "abso- has begun. The questions to be lutely no reason" for major answered now are essentially alterations in the Social Demo- secondary ones: for example, crat-Liberal Free Democrat whether the Post and Transport
1SPD-FDP1 Cabinet. Winistry should be divided. All this presupposes that the

this comment applied to Herr SPD-FDP will defeat the con-Hans Dietrich Genscher, the bined Christian Democratic Foreign Minister, Count Otto Union and Christian Social Lambsdorff, the Economics Union opposition under Herr Minister, and Herr Gerhart Franz Josef Strauss. Indeed. Baum, the Interior Minister, much comment in the media, tail FDP), as well as to Herr hased not least on opinion polls thans Matthoefer, the Finance underlining the exceptional dinister, Herr Hans Apel, the popularity of Herr Schmidt. Defence Minister, and Herr suggests that the election result

tinister (all SPD). But in his interview the One key Minister whom Herr Chancellor warned that a lot for the government coalition While West German farming a false sense of security and to has flourished greatly over the past decade, there are many—not only in the SPD—who feel likely that the SPD alooe could that nestrable changes in the win an absolute majority.

# Kremlin broadside for **Euro-communists**

BY LESLIE COLITT IN BERLIN

A LEADING Soviet official has accused the Italian Communists other Euro-communist parties of "opposing the foreign policy of the Soviet Union" by their criteism of the Warsaw Pact alliance.

Mr. Boris Ponomarev, the Soviet central committee secretary in charge of relations with non-ruling Communist parties, attacked prominent Euro-com-munists, who, he said, do not regard the "imperialists, supported by the aggressive Peking hegemonists" as the source of all evil in international politics. Instead, he said, they criticise the "bloc policies" of hoth NATO and the Warsaw Pact. Mr. Ponomarev has vented Moscow's extreme displeasure with the West European Com-

munists in a leading journal of the Communist movement. Peace and "Problems of Peace and Socialism." published in Prague. As usual with such attacks, he refrains from naming the Eurocommunists but leaves no doubt who he means.

The scathing Soviet attack comes at a time of new confrontation between Italian Communists and Christian Democrats. The latter have stated their total opposition to any participation by the Communists in government.

said the criticism of the Warsaw Pact could only have "one real purpose"—to pit the Euro-Communists "against the foreign policy of the Soviet Union." By Euro-communists hoped to many of their differences. embark on a "third way" in Herr Franz Josef St international relations. siderahly weakening the peace

Mr. Ponomarev said it was Bonn.

"completely false to maintain that NATO is a defence alllance," In a final dig at the Italian Communists, he noted that this led to the "naive conclusion" that NATO could be utilized as a kind of defence utilised as a kind of defence



Mr. Ponomarey: venting Moscow's extreme displeasure

shield in the event of a " victory of the democratic forces in one The Soviet party secretary or another Western European country."
The Soviet official was instru-

mental in organising the 1976 conference of Europeao Commuoist parties in East Berlin, at which the Soviet Union toned forces opposed to both Washing- down its criticism of the Euroton and Moscow, he said, the communists and papered over

 Herr Franz Josef Strauss. He the West German opposition accused them of "slandering leader, yesterday called on existing Socialism," disorientat- Chancellor Helmut Schmidt to ing working people and "con- urge East Germany to dismantle explosive devices which he said were dotted along its western Citing the Euro-communists, border, Reuter reports from

# Top rank hostility to Spain amnesty

in prison.

BY OUR MADRID CORRESPONDENT

A BILL proposing an amoesty for nine former army officers seotenced in 1976 has provoked and politicians in the Spanish

The legislation, which is expected to he voted on next month, was proposed late in June by all Spain's political parties, with the exception of the small Right-wing Coalicioo Democratica. It also calls for the reinstatemetn ioto the army of more than 3.000 soldiers who fought on the side of the Republic in the Civil War. However, in May hy a military tribunal. it is the proposed amnesty of the and later confirmed, for two nine officers that is proving con-

King Juan Cartos: army

Large coal

discovered

in Granada

By Our Madrid Correspondent

SPAIN'S STATE mineral

prospecting company. Empresa Nacinnal Adaro, has

said there are estimated coal

reserves exceeding 100m

metric tonnes at two newly

discovered open-cast mines— Arenas del Rey and Padut—

in the sonth-eastern province

of Granada. If the estimates are proved correct this would

make Granada one of the most important coal mining area

The mines, which are hoth part of the same geological

formation, are owned by the

state. However, their eventual exploitation will be

open both to private and

state companies and decided

According to the prospect-

ing company, the mine at Arenas del Rey bas total esti-

mated coal reserves of 53m

tonnes, of which some 39m

tonnes may he exploited. Pro-

duction at this mine is due

to start in two years time at

an annual rate of 2m tonnes.

Initial investment costs are calculated at \$57m (£24m).

In the other mine at Padul

estimated reserves are 57m

tonnes, hat of this only 21m

are considered exploitable. The initial investment here is

· prospecting

Granada, carried out by the

Adaro company, fits in with Spain's National Energy Plan

which was approved in Parliment last year. According to

this plan, ooe of the ways in

which the country is going to

reduce its beavy dependence on imported fossil fuels is hy

donhling coal production from

roughly 22m tonnes last year

With this in mind, Adaro.

to 44m by 1987.

IG-Metall confers

put at \$19m (£8m).

hy an international hid.

reserves

commanders sought an

1976, for belooging to the Union Democratica Militar (UDM). This was a clandestine organi-Franco's rule. Its aim was to promote democratic ideas in the army. However, though the officers denied their involvement in any conspiracy to stage a coup they received sentences

This compares with the light prison sentences of six and seven months that were passed army officers accused of piot-ting to seize the Cahinet of The officers were sentenced by Prime Minister Adolfo Suarez in

of between three and 12 years

Senior members of the army reacted promptly, however. In July, the committee of the army chiefs of staff—the highest organisation in the 260,000 strong military—requested an audience with King Juan Carlos and decided to make its disapproval public.

According to Press reports. the chiefs of staff prepared a document as critical of the proposed amnesty as senior members of the army had been when and Sr. Sahagun indicated the Government decided to legather were in favour of amend-

The verdict led Spanish poli- party in 1977. But Sr. Agustin ticians to propose the amnesty Rodriguez Sahagun, the Defence of the UDM officers, under the Minister, denies he has received a showdown between senior sation of up to 400 middle- principles of reconciliation and a ducument from the chiefs of members of the armed forces ranking officers, set up during non-discrimination enshrined in staff. Instead, he says, he has the last years of General the new democratic constitution. received notes providing information on army opinions.

These opinions, sounded out that same month by divisional commanders, suggests that a majority of army officers are opposed to the bill. Other army officers, bowever, have criticised the way the survey was conducted and emphasise that there were a large number of absten-

Shortly before leaving for their summer holidays, both Prime Minister Adolfo Suarez.

From yesterday, anyone who wants to pay in L100,000 (£50) denomination bank notes across a bank or postoffice counter will have to produce a document to identify himself, to be duly noted down by the cashier.

If he does not according to the new edict, the cashier will

keep the money and be obliged to "notify the judicial authorities" at once. For regular transactions involving Li00,000 notes, he will have To keep a register in the till and to record the number of the identifying document and the serial numbers of the banknotes.

The move was taken four days ago by Sig. Francesco Colicchia, an examining magistrate in the Reggio Calabria public prosecutor's office. who is involved in investigations into several of the kid-nappings which bave long plagued the sonthernmost province of mainland Italy.

Such is the power of investigating magistrates here that this decision takes effect automatically throughout the country. The instructions have been passed on already by the Posts Ministry, and by the Bank of Italy to its regional offices and to ordinary com-mercial banks.

The provision will only operate until October 9; but that twomonths period bodes fair to create further delays on top of those which usually accompany the simplest transaction for a bank customer.

There are nearly 7.5m L100,000 notes to circulation. They are always awkward to change, but clearly meet a need in a country where most people sill bave no bank account. and where even electricity, gas and telephone bills are generally paid in cash after a queue at the relevant post office, counter.

Cashiers are already complaining about the new measure and if precedent is anything to go by, the normal Italian ingenuity will again find ways of getting round it.

identifying those iovolved with kidnap gangs.

lg. Colicchia himself angrily declared yesterday to s newspaper reporter that if the move became known, it would at once become pointless. But, it might be asked, how could it ever bave been kept quiet in the first place?

OSLO-Naorway's trade halance

## the Spanish Communist Ing the Bill. a Madrid court martial in March, November, 1978. Britain pays higher price for Odin Field gas

BY FAY GJESTER IN OSLO

for Frigg Field gas.

This was disclosed at a news conference held by Esso in Oslo. The Odin Field gas. scheduled to start flowing in October 1984, will be piped to Britain via the

Development of Odin, and

GAS FROM Esso's Odin Field, landing of the gas in the UK in Norway's North Sea sector, was formally approved by the has been sold to the British Gas Norwegian Government Iast Corporation at a price "slightly month. Previously regarded as higher" than that being paid a marginal field, it has reserves estimated at 33bn cu metres. of which some 25bn cu metres are helieved recoverable.

Esso expects Odin's developto cost \$400m-\$500m (£170m-£212m). Production will he from a small four-legged steel platform resting on the

production wells are being drilled, a mobile rig will be anchored beside the production platform to provide the accommodation and services needed during this phase of the field's oevelopment. When the platform comes fully on stream. a crew of only 35 will he needed. and the mobile rig will no longer he required.

in the Aker shiphuilding and

. During hook-up, and while offshore fahricating group, has been awarded a contract for project services on Odfn worth some \$25m (£10.6m). Tenders for the mobile rig.

and for some of the building work on the production platform, will be invited around the end of this year.

Esso has not committed itself with the Norwegian authorities to place any specific proportion Aker Contracting, a company of the Odin field contracts in

# **OECD** warns Portugal over slow growth

BY DAVID WHITE IN PARIS

economic growth rate drop this year to about 3.5 per cent compared with 4.1 per cent last review of the country, year, the Organisation for The report also war Economic Co-operation and despite the Government Development says in its latest report. It warns that, with low income and high unemploy-ment, the country cannot afford to adjust permanently to a slow growth rate.

More sustained growth can only come from a big increase in productive capacity, includ-lng reform of the "arcbaic" farm sector. Lack of producrivity in agriculture-which the OECD says cannot he improved effectively until the problem of property rights is settled-an inefficient tax system, a "cumber- Portugal appears likely to some" public sector and a achieve its target of cutting the

PORTUGAL IS likely to see its scarcity of information are the rise in consumer prices to 20 prime targets of criticism in organisation's

> The report also warms that, despite the Government's success so far in dealing with the halance of payments situation the outlook is deteriorating because of higher oil prices and slack demand from trading partners. The current account is expected to show a \$600m (£253m) shortfall this year after allowing the interaction of a \$150m surplus in 1979 and market forces." \$150m surplus in 1979, and the trade deficit is seen widening to \$3.3hn from \$2.42hn.

> main short- and medium-term complex and too open to evaproblem. the OECD says sion, and to tighten its control

per cent this year, compared with 24 per cent in 1979, Since this is partly a result of price control companies profit margins are also expected to

There is ample opportunity for foreign investment, the organisation says, but this will. depend on a reasonable control of inflation and "a clear and stable institutional framework

The Government is urged to Describing Inflation as the system, which is judged too to over the public sector.

recent years, but, if properly managed, could become a leading factor of development. General Government investment is thought likely to in-

are called for too improve the

management methods and the

financial situation of public enterprises. The OECD says

those concerns have acted as a

hurden on the economy in

crease only slightly this year, as nationalised companies are forced by financial problems toslow down and local authorities encounter difficulties in carryconsider an overhaul of its tax ing out their programmes. Private fixed investment, on the other hand, is expected to increase by about 6 per cent, leading to a total increase of about In particular, vigorous efforts 4 per cent.

A principal sticking point

concerns a West German

farmer who is claiming a nesti-

mated DM 5m (£1.2m against

DM 3 (£716,000) offered by the

Portuguese Government. The

West German Government indi-

cated recently that it would not

authorise any large new invest-

ment in Portugal until outstand-

ing claims had been resolved.

Cavaco Silva yesterday announced a new law regulat-

ing the establishment of private investment banks in

In a further development, Sr.

Most important of all, the fact lic will presumably reduce whatever chances it offered of

## Norway £68m deficit in July

in Ju9ly showed a deficit of N.Kr 782m (£68m), compared th a surplus of NKr 34m (£ m) for the same month last year, the country's Cen-tral Bureau of Statistics reported yesterday.

# Interest to be paid on nationalisation bonds

IN A MOVE aimed at increaslng private investment confidence, the Portuguese Government yesterday announced that, from October 1, it would make available the first interest payments on honds issued in compensation for nationalisations carried out during the revolu-

which belongs to the state holding company Instituto But Sr. Anihal Cavaco Sliva, the Finance Minister, made 1975. clear during a news conference A Nacional de Industria (INI) began prospecting for minerats in Granada last year that the Government had taken This year INI's total investinto account the policy of its ment in the fron and steel and own Treasury and is determined mining sectors combined was to prevent the sudden release to Pta 23.6hn of large sums of money. (£140mm), 81 per cent ahove

A number of bond-holders their compensation payments-Priority will be given to projects system of compensation will be The West German metal which are export-orientated, an estimated \$0,000 Portuguese workers union, IG-Metall, has lahour intensive and which shareholders who were involved called an extraordinary sesmake available a substantial in Fides and Fia, the country's slon of its executive comamount of technical know-how, two main investment trusts Special emphasis has also been hefore the revolution. mittee to discuss a response to the hreakdown in talks laid on inland regional development. Until now, most major however, in settling the outwith Mannesmann on the proposed merger of its steel and investments have heen concen- standing problem of compensapipemaking divisions, Renter reports from Frankfurt.

Sr. Cavaco Silva also said that hond-holders would he encouraged to convert their hunds Into shareholdings in certain concerns which nationalised following the revolution. These are mainly companies in which Portuguese hanks hecame major shareholders following the nationallsation of the banking system in

A number of these are set to expand within the context of Portugal's future membership of the European Community. However, they need to have their finances put on a more solid footing because of an will be encouraged to channel absence of medium-term credit.

The first group to he paid specific investments, next month under the new

There appear to he delays, private farms nationalised in capital ahroad.



Sr. Cavaco Silva: stimulus for investment

197a. About 1 per cent of the total value of money is being earmarked for foreigners. Uoder a recently approved law, these will be entilled, through different compensation mechanism, to cash their bonds trated in a small area along the tion for foreign companies and immediately and transfer their

Portugal.

quently cited as unfair burdens to social accurity were last proposed in 1961 the Government

The new law liberalises further the operation of investment banks by allowing them to open full branches, operate the inter-bank money market and have access to the refinancing facilities - of the Bank of Portugal. However, Sr. terday that they would not be able to accept short-term deposits and that the establishment of private banks in Porturemained effectively proscribed at least until after the

But for the first seven months this year, Norway had a trade surplus of NKr 572m (£49.9m) against a deficit of NKr 1.4bo (£122m) for the same period last year. The seven-mooth surplus was because of increased oil and gas exports.

More Belgians are out of work proportionately than any other nation in the EEC, writes Giles Merritt in Brussels

# Belgium running away with Europe's unemployment record

IN BRITAIN it produces uproar in the House of Commons. In France it is becoming increasingly important io President Valery Giscard d'Estaing's effort to secure re-election next spring. Yet in Belgium. where proportionately more people arc out of work than anywhere else io the European Community, the spectre of unemployment on a scale matching that of the 1930s has failed to become a live political issue. The reason is that wealthy

Belgium has been able to maintain a liberal, indeed generous, social security system, which has banished real hardship. The trouble oow is that, just when the handsome unemployment benefit system is needed. Belgium can ill afford it. The Belgian state's finances are in crisis, and pressure is increasing to cut the scope and scale of dole payments. At some point in the not-too- By the end of 1979, Belgium's

distant future this promises a major political wrangle which may at last shift the spotlight from the politicians' 'language war" between the munity, hut is also a ctrou contender as the c the most unenvials مكنا مرياليون ment outlook. Withit



the dole queues are liable to

Last year, after a spate of closures and restructurings in traditional industries, Belgium overtook the Irish Republic in the unemployment league drawn up by the European Commission in Brussels, The Eurocrats' calculations showed Belgium with an annualised rate of 8.8 per cent, while the UK came fifth with 5.7 per cent. monthly returns abowed level of 9.3 per cent.

So far this year, Belgium bas remained at the head of the interminable bickering in the table with much the same rate. Some figures prepared inside Flemish-speaking and French- Belgium, however, paint a conspeaking communities. For siderably worse picture. The Belgium today not only holds non-government Conseil Central the record for the worst unem- de l'Economie, which links ployment in the European Com- employers and unions, recently

ate ways exist for assessing unemployment in Belgium. But with a surge in the hirthrate ln the 1960s hringing schoolleavers on to the lahour market at an unprecedented rate over around 600,000 in the the next five to 10 years, the Government is now less internext five years, warns ested in analysis than action. Mr. Willy Claes. Belgium's WIT. WILLY CLAES, 11844, Economic Affairs Minister, the Economic Affairs recently resorted to sbock tactics to drive home the dimen- Minister, even with 1.5 sions of the problem.

Belgium's unemployment total of 307.000 will double to around 600,000 within five years, he recently announced in a rare television interview. And that frightening figure, emphasised is based on such comparatively optimistic economic assumptions as a sustained 1.5 to 2 per cent real growth gross national product in each of those five years, together with inflation being contained to 6.5 per cent or so, as in West Germany.

## Hardest hit

The Belgian unemployment crisis is perhaps hest illustrated by picking out not the hardestindustrial area, but one which while statistically among the least afflicted, is grappling with an accelerating jobs problem. If Flanders is still pros-

Belgium's unemployment will nearly double to Mr. Willy Claes, right, to 2 per cent real growth in gross national product and inflation held to around 6.5 per cent.

employment averages around 14 less than a third, and is still per cent and where there are falling. Until five years ago, pockets of up to 25-30 per cent . Kortrijk was still a magnet for —then the small West Flanders industrial investment and for town of Kortrijk is doubly fortunate. Conditions are bad in running at three times the Kortrijk, but not as had as else-Kortrijk (its French name is

Courtrai) does not see it that well with the overall West Flanders figure of 11.2 per cent. the town is concerned by a wave of factory closurea. It is the long-established centre of Belgium's textile and clothing wage earners' wives who suppleperous in relation to the French- industries. which until lately ment the family's income with No one in Belgium is likely to acceptance of economic speaking Walloon southern half provided over half of all jobs. their dole cheques, are fig. forget that when modifications stringency. But even the more contrast



industrial investment and for job seekers. But closures are normal rate and young people are drifting away to Brussels and Antwerp in search of work. It is, though, those who stay way. Even if its 8.7 per cent hehiod and draw the dole who unemployment rate compares are at the centre of a rumbling controversy over the social security system's future. Young girls who lesve school and sign on for unemployment benefit

Belgians undouhtedly support a radical reform of the system—the most often expressed ides is a breadwinners only " benefittwo major obstacles are in the way. The first is that it would practice entail reducing women to second-class cltizen-

ship. Even if Belgian politicians and husiness leaders are sometimes tempted to helittle the unemployment problem by pointing out that well over 60 per cent of the registered jobless are "only women," any attempt to deny them equal rights would be political dynamite.

The secood snag is equally explosive. Tinkering with unemployment benefit would without ever having worked, or hit Wallonia hardest and would inflame the community issue.

was confronted with several weeks of what amounted to a general strike there, and an uncharacteristic outbreak of ngly voilence. Yet something has to give. Mr. Wilfried Marten's Government is giving top priority to

job creating, calculating with an eye to the state's parlous lesser impropriety, while the financies that subsidising jobs costs no more than paying dole by the social security uthorities maney, and also helps to stimulate the economy. Various has been rising by 20 per cent schemes helped to lop 200,000 people off the unemployment total during 1978-79, and a new 1980-84 plan dráwn up by Mr. Roger de Wulf, the Minister for Labour, will cost \$170m and aim at creating 30,000 extra joha a year in private industry. Even so, the Government knows it is fighting a losing battle.

## Scare tactic

Belgium'a open and export-oriented economy will doubtless brighten the unemployment picture when the recession lifts. But the odds are already loaded heavily against Belgium by its demographic curve.

Mr. Claes' forecast of un-employment doubling to 600,000 may be a scare tactic to win



Plan-of 450,000 unemployed by the mid-1980s—will place an intolerable strain on the country. To make matters worse, it has been suggested that 69 per cent of the additional labour force stemming from the 1960s birth rate 'boom will The absence of political heat, despite a decade in which imemployment bas risen by almost 180 per cent, is often attributed to the fact that unemployed women tend to be less militant. Bleak as the medium-term outlook is Belgium'a long-term

future offers a ray of hope. By the 1990s the present population of 10m will have slipped to around 9m and there will be a much smaller element. It only remains to be seen how much of the comparatively large "active" population will by then be actively working.

FINANCIAL TIMES T published delly except Sundays and profidays U.S. aubscriptice rates \$55.00 per nanum-Second Class postern paid at New York. N.Y. and at additional making centres.

Jurek Martin reports from New York that the Senator holds the power to determine the Democratic Party's election chances in November

**AMERICAN NEWS** 

# Kennedy's defeat may still tarnish Carter's triumph

THE END, when it came, was on the scent of national leaderquick, unexpected, and almost ship in the 1980s. an anti-climax. Less than two hours after President Jimmy before his dismayed supporters Carter had conclusively demon on Monday night was curiously strated that this was his Democratic convention, Senator ting that his cause was hope-Edward Moore Kennedy, for less, that to insist on having years the party's, and sup his name placed in nomination posedly the country's heir tonight would merely per-apparent, the man who nine patuate the divisions between months ago was being told by nearly everybody that the time had come to claim his inheritance, confessed on television that the game was up.

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He bas known political defeat class act." before. Back in January, 1971, he was unceremoniously ousted as the Democratic chief whip in the Senate by Mr. Robert Byrd in common cause with the President in the battle against from West Virginia, whose humble origins, less-than-gran-Republicans. Implicitly, the diose reputation, and mastery Senator was still bolding our of the art of political infoor the convention's adoption fighting bear at least passing of the liberal economic policies resemblance to Mr. Kennedy's which he holds dear, but to conqueror in 1980, Mr. Jimmy which Mr. Carter is averse. Carter. Even the reasons for his defeat nine and a half pears ago—the distrust felt as a result of the Chappaquiddick incident, an ineffective campaign among his senatorial colleagues, the failure to count heads thoroughly—are partly

But the impact of the 1980 setback, both on the Senator and on the Democratic Party, far transcends his humiliation by Senator Byrd. Now, but not then, he bolds the power to decide whether the Democratic Party has a fighting chance to retain the Presidency. Now, but not then, he must take a Democrats imbned with dif-

Mr. Kennedy's performanca enigmatic. On the one band, there was generosity in admithis legions and those of President Carter. It was this which prompted Mr. Walter Mondale, the Vice-President, who was being interviewed oo television at the time, instantly to describe his concession as "a

On the other hand, be mada no immediate promise to join in common cause with the possible for himself and his supporters to campaign enthusiastically for the President in the next three months. But he did not say this in so many words, nor has he yet disclosed wbather he will appear, symbolically, side by side with Mr. Carter at the conclusion of the convention tomorrow night.

At a personal level, his reluctance must be understand. Rather it reflects the fact that, able. It is not simply that Mr. as the election year unwound. Kennedy has compaigned hard Senator Kennedy seemed to find cold, hard look at his own for the nomination, staying in comfort, even consolation, in longer-term presidential ambi- the race through many a the underdog role with which tions, because sooner, rather primary loss and even, after the primaries were over, playing his seemed, as though be were last card, the "open" convenexorcising the demons of ferent philosophies will emerge tion ploy, for all it was worth. Chappaquiddick,



Yesterday's man-a new breed could darken his hopes for a tomorrow

he was saddled. It was, it often

liheral doctrine with increasing him from the President, demon-

porters certainly do, that the force, portraying in the process President played the game un-the philosophical gulf dividing fairly, especially in those critical spring months when Mr. strated an ability to run far Carter was able to avoid con-ahove the stumbling, inarticu-frontation by remaining presi-

The last months of his cambeginnings. Mr. Kennedy may grappling with foreign policy paign, when he preached his even feel, as many of his supproblems partly of bis own making. But, through it all, Senator

Kennedy bas invariably turned a curiously blank face to the public. In countless interviews above the stumbling, inarticu- frontation by remaining presi-late ramblings which marked its dential in the White House, attempts to probe his own soul,

eternally reflecting to the world may be a characteristic which owes much to the fact that, being a Kennedy, there is little time for privacy, and to his need for building a defensive wall around his inner being.

As a result, nobody, not even those close to him, know for certain what be will do politically in the 1980s. Conventional wisdom suggests that, no matter what the result on November 4, he will be a potential conteoder in 1984. If the Democrats win, there is doubt that Mr. Mondale, after what would be eight years backing np Mr. Carter, and with his known and engaging lack of overweening personal ambition, would be anxious to take over. If the Republicans win, the Democrats will be looking for new leadership for the necessary regrouping, lo which Mr. Mondale may play only a transitional role. Whatever the outcome in November, Mr. Kennedy will be in a position to capitalise, if he wants to.

But that is the longer term. The immadlate problem is Mr. Ronald Reagan. The army of tute only a faction of the Democratic Party, but it is a large one. Moreover, it is loyal-to the Kennedy name, to the Senator himself, and to the policies with which he is associated. Consumed by intraparty rivalry, many of the foot soldiers conceive the real enemy to be not the Republican nominee, but their own Democratic President.

Talking to Keonedy delegates

taking refuge instead in defeat, are capable of defecting enunciating policies. Mr. Carto Mr. John Anderson, tha indeter, it sometimes seems, is pendent candidate, or of simply staving home in November. Mr. at large on the vicissitudes of Hamilton Jordan, Mr. Carter's life and the Presidency, but Mr. political director, put it even Kennedy appears uncomfortable more bluntly: "Wa may not with such opeo introspection. It need him, but we need his people."

But that can be achieved only if Senator Kennedy tells "his people" that ha knows the foe, and It is Ronald Reagan, not Jimmy Carter.

The more experienced political professionals at the convention are more receptive to this proposition than are the rankand-file Kannedy loyalists. As Congressman Morris Udall put it in his keynote speech on Mon-day night: "If we baodle our-selves right to the next 72 hours, we have a serious chance to win in November.

The thrust of bis speech riddled with the bumour which made him such an attractive addition to the 1976 nomination race, was much like that delivered by innumerable Republican speakers in Datroit last month: that what divides the party is less significant than what divides it from the opposi-

Mr. Carter's forces have a significant role to play in forging unity. They bave shown, once again, that when it comes to political organisation they Kennedy supporters may, as has have few peers. For the best part of a year they have been taking their supposedly talented Kennedy counterparts to the cleaners, crowning it with a marvellously discipliced per-formance in the rules debate on Monday evening. Now they must find magnanimity in victory, without sacrificing the principles on which they fought the'r successful campaigns. much as Seoator Kennedy must find magnanimity in defeat, They can, after all, expect few here brings home the fact that favours from Mr. Ronald many, bitterly disappointed in Reagan.

# World Bank net profits show increase of 44%

BY DAVID DODWELL

THE WORLD BANK has announced net profits of \$588m profits was in large part due to
(£248m) for the fiscal year enda 15 per cent increase in gross lending rate from 8.25 per cent

on investments, with the remain- \$29.7bn as of June 30. ing two-thirds generated from interest charged on outstanding

\$100m will be transferred to the concessional aid available to the funds of the International De world's poorest borrowers; and velopment Association (IDA), hy adding to reserves, it reduces the year's borrowing needs: An the Bank's soft-loan arm, while the sum that bas to be raised average interest of 8.45 per cent the remainder—about \$488m— on the international capital maries is being paid on loans raised so

ing June 30, 1980—an increase revenoes. At the end of the to 9.25 per cent — but the information of the per cent on profits for financial year, short-term liquid crease would have been greater assats stood at \$10bn, which without the contribution made represented 34 per cent of outgroups of the period of the Bank's gross profits represent returns and the standing debt, which was transfer to be the period of the Bank standing debt, which was the Bank structure to be the period of the Bank structure.

will be put back into reserves. kets, enabling the Bank to lend far.

The Bank expects to borrow a total of \$6.6bn in the financial terest charged on outstanding Healthy profits would help year just started. It has made ans.

boxrowers in two ways: by add- a lightening start to the year, of the net profit, at least ing to IDA funds, it makes more with borrowings of \$2.68bn approved by the board as of vesterday almost 40 per cent of

# Chrysler pins hopes on K-Car

GM, however, is also propos-

ing an average 6 per cent in-

crease in prices this autumn

and is thought likely to try to

load the heaviest increases on

to its smaller models, where

BY IAN HARGREAVES IN WASHINGTON

CHRYSLER, WHICH a week ago for the conpe versinn of the if the competitinn forces prices rolled the first of its K-Cars off Chevrolet Citation. lower, is significant because it a Detroit production line, is making a bold bid to secure adequate profit margins on the car on which its future depends. The company has sent to dealers preliminary pricing lists, which suggests a retail price tag for the K-Car, to ba sold as the Dodge Aries and Ply-S6,000 and \$7,000 each without optional extras.

That compares with the recently-increased price of the comparable Datsun 510 of \$5,689 and with the lowest General Motors price for a car Chrysler's break on prices, in the K-Car size range of \$4,800 although certain to be reversed

traditionally profit margins have Ford has not yet declared its hand, but is also desperate to able to set substantial margins for its world car, the Ford Escort, due to be launched

ahortly in both Europe and tha

Chrysler's break on prices,

strategy for luring American car buyers from the traditional notion that the smaller the car the smaller the price.

With the entire U.S. motor industry operating deeply in the red and public preference still moving in favour of smaller Detroit knows it must establish healthy price levels this autumn or face further financial difficulties next year.

Chrysler plans to build 180,000 K-Cars this year and 500,000 next year, with size options from a 2.2 litre to a 2.6 litre engine.

# Texas counts its blessings

CHRISTI - the death toll may have been Governor Bill Clements said more than 240, instead of about the state of Texas was "truly 100, as officials had thought. sed" that Hurricane Allen did not cause havoc on the Gulf/

. Two people died, thousands were forced to flee their homes and damage may exceed \$200m. However, in the Carlobean where Allen raged last week with winds of up to 170 mph. Tibor Nagy, a U.S. ambassy official in Haiti, said reports from rescue teams indicated it was possible that Allen bad killed more than 200 people in that country, where authorities bad baan putting the toll at 56. President Jimmy Carter declared six South Texas counties disaster areas on Monday,

## Salvador strike plea

THE EL SALVADOR Govern ment bas issued strong appeals to workers to ignore a three-day strike called by left-wing groups and due to bagin today, AP reports from San Salvador.

The strike has been called by the revolutionary Democratic Front, an umbrella organisation of students, workers, and professional people. They said the would be co-ordinated with military actions

# Mexico/launches summit drive

BY OUR MEXICO CITY CORRESPONDENT

MEXICO has launched a behindthe scenes drive to prepare for a summit of about 20 world leaders early next year to deal with the economic imbalance between developing and industrialised nations.

NEW WINE BAR OPEN NEAR ST PAUL'S Londoners who work in the area between Ludgate Circue and St. Paul's Carhedral will be delighted with PillGRIM'S WINE BAR-in Pilgrim Street. Pleasant atmosphere. Good Food. Excellent house wines at 53.25 a bottle. Why don't you try it for lunch today or even a dick trailers?

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Although the biggest hurdle -agreement on the choice of participants—has yet to be cleared, non-Mexican diplomats involved in the preliminary plans report that the proposed three-day meeting has a fair chance of going ahead in Mexico

City by next March. The idea of a limited "North-South" summit was floated early this year by a commission on developing world problems chaired by Herr Willy Brandt, the formar West German Chancellor. President Jose Lopez Portillo, who has been a major voice in the campaign for a "new international economic order" quickly took up the project and joined forces with Dr. Bruno Kraisky,

the Austrian Chancellor, in try-ing to persuada potential par-

produce something more than rhetoric.

approval, many countries were initially unwilling to commit themselves to what could be come another talking shop. Previous attempts at North-South dialogue, such as the Paris conferences which President Valery Giscard d'Estalng sponsored from 1975, have bogged down with mutual recriminations and failure even to identify a basis for negotia-

But Mexico and Austria have striving to establish Mexico as argued that an unstructured meeting of leaders from the industrialised non-Communist world, the oil producers and the developing countries could at least give a healthy impolse to formal negotiations in other forums, such as the United ticipants that a summit could Nations.



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EGYPTIAN PRESIDENT'S AUTONOMY DILEMMA

# Vote on Jerusalem forces Sadat to crucial decision

BY ANTHONY McDERMOTT

hehind him, President Anwar seot to Israel this weekend. Sadat of Egypt, is due to receive autonomy in the West Bank and the Caza Strip.

this position, partly because more than one year's bilateral talks on this topic have been almost completely unproductive but mainly because of a that committed future Govern-Eill passed in the Israeli Knesset at the end of last month. proclaiming Jerusalem, whose eastern part was annexed by Israel after the 1967 war, the complete and united" capital of that country.

The most extreme ontion that Mr. Sadat might logically choose sion of the talks. But he has always been an unpredictable man. He might be drawn by several factors into a decision which would effectively mark the end of the Camp David pro-

The first factor is Mr. Sadat's deep personal disappointment and disillusionment with Mr. Menahem Begin, Israel's Prime Minister, whom he used to call with genuine feeling "my friend Menahem."

The second would be a recognition of the obvious that the autonomy talks have been useful only in establishing the principle that an Arah Government can talk formally and openly to Israel.

Thirdly, there must be the temptation to start the long march back into the Arab fold. There have heeo distant beckonings. Both Morocco and Tunisia have sent Mr. Sadat letters urglng him to stand figm on For Mr. Sadat, the pressures Jerusalem. Saudi Arabia has for not ending the talks are also been trying to woo Egypt more acute. First, it would

newspaper, yesterday reported on two levels. Personally, Mr. that Egypt had sent a letter to Sadat has made it clear that he Islamic Conference Organisa- and to undermine the latter's The positions of the two sides likely.

have been enshrined in sn exchange of letters between Egypt and Israel earlier this month. Egypt objected to the establishntent of preconditions-through the armed forces are in the Israel making all Jerusalem its middle of shifting from almost capital-for talks.

A key part of Mr. Begin's arms to diversification.

A key part of Mr. Begin's arms to diversification.

Second. it would be for Mr. ever Mr. Sadat decides to do, during the next few days, about his bilateral negotiations with capital of Israel and is indivis- to suspend the talks and Israel.

8Y PATRICK COCKBURN IN TEHRAN

There is also some doubt when end of 1978.

suggesting that the compensa- compensation

the estimated \$30m-\$40m will

currency and any compensation paid to foreign banks will be

be made to foreign banks.

virtually to confiscation.

FULL DETAILS of Iran's plan move Isst year involved the to compensate foreign share-takeover of 13 joint venture

holders of hanks nationalised banks out of a total of 25 com-

last year have not yet emerged. mercial banks. Many were

A key question still to be re- badly hit by the Revolution with

currency or government bonds. out by anti-Shah rioters at the

e made to foreign banks. isation decree, foreign share-Western observers are now holders were assured that

The Government is clearly revolutionary Iran, representa-not keen to part with foreign tives of major western banks

politically unpopular in Iran.

Smaller Iranian shsrebolders
will he more gently treated, but
book value of their holdings.
Under the Sbsb foreign
banks were in any case limited,

big shareholders, often politic-ally suspect or out of the cent shareholdings. The British country, and foreign banks will Bank of the Middle East

only receive compensation after (BBME) bad a sharebolding of

the performance of a bank be-tween March 21, 1978 and and the Middle East, and nationalisation on June 7, 1979 Standard and Chartered simi-

The surprise nationalisation in the Irano-British Bank Both

WITH A month of meditation ible." Al-Ahram said yesterday thereby acknowledge and fasting through Ramadan that a second letter is to be Both Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat

to day the views of his Covern-ment on whether to shandon finally, could logically want the talks with Israel on Pelestinian autonomy talks to be ended, autonomy in the West Bank and United Jerusalem is probably the last remaining issue which Mr. Sadat has been placed in can keep Mr. Begin's tattered Government united and un-defeated in the Knesset. He wants also to go down in

history as the Prime Minister ments to Jerusalem's unchang-



President Sadat The pressures are acute

able status. At the same time, he recognises that a halt in the talks would be a gratuitous slight to the U.S., and would antagonise the Jewisb lobby in the U.S. further.

expose bim to the risk of ruin-Al-Ahram, Egypt's leading ing bls relations with the U.S. the Jerusalem Committee of the favours Mr. Carter's re-election, tion explaining its position on sole identifiable foreign affairs success might make this less

In general terms, be would put at risk direct aid amounting to over \$Ibn a year and military assistance at a time when exclusive dependence on Soviet

solved is whether such payments widespread withdrawals and ment Bank of Iran: William are to he made in convertible their branches frequently burnt and Glyn's in the Development

At the time of the national.

would not, at that time, have

been displeased to get the net

larly had a 35 per cent share

Western banks look hard at

Iranian compensation terms

interferon technology 8y David Fishlock, Science Editor

critics of Camp David have

always maintained: that the

talks on autonomy would lead

Third, a suspension of the

talks would mean for the moment, and until Israel mskes

concessions on Jerusalem and

the Palestine Liberation Organi-

sation, that the return of a third slice of Sinai would be

The re-acquisition of Israeli-

conquered land has been the most substantial result of Camp

David that Mr. Sadat has been

Finally, Mr. Sadat must be calculating that Mr. Begin's

Government is virtually doomed, and that according to

present -calculations, would lose an election to be beld

He would bope that a Labour

Government with its less ideo-

logical approach towards the West Bank might offer means of breathing life into the auto-

At the same time, it is un-

likely that a Labour Govern-ment could reverse both the Jerusslem Bill and the 1967

legislation making Jerusalem

and its environs one munici-

Perhaps the best way out

would be for the Egyptian

Government to recommend and

for Mr. Sadst to accept that the

best -tactics are to stall any decision on the continuation of

to slect a President and come

to terms with the pressing realities of the Middle Esst and even contemplate an alterna-

tive negotiating framework to

This impasse underlines the importance of the EEC initiative over the Arab-Israeli con-

flict, M. Caston Thorn, Luxem-

bourg's Foreign Minister, will

next week complete his nine-

state visit of the Middle East

and thereafter report to Mr. Edmund Muskie, U.S. Secretary

The ability of the EEC coun-

tries, which bave called for the

associationship of the PLO with

negotiations for a comprehen-sive peace settlement, to affect

But this initiative does create

the impression of diplomatic action which is essential wbst-

suffered badly during the

Industrial and Mining Develop-

and Glyn's in the Development and Investment Bank of Iran.

In the past year, the Iranian banking system has been

reorganised into five commer-

in organisms and co-ordinating

This took place against an increasingly radical stritude to

the economy and the banking

system, and foreign banks are now firmly associated in the

public mind in Iran with the

litigation over Iran's \$8bn

The Central Bank emphasises

that the losses of some of the

banks were the consequence of

poor loans and bad manage.

ment, minimising the impact of

the Revolution itself.

Lloyds, Midland and Barclays

Revolution.

their activities.

frozeo assets.

compensation would he hanks snd the housing bank, adequate." Faced with the with the Central Bank playing difficulties of operating in a vigorous and successful revolutionary Iran reconstruction.

this themselves is remote.

This would give the U.S. time

probably next spring.

nomy talks.

pality.

the talks.

Camp David.

of State.

nowhere.

delayed.

able to point to.

SUMITOMO CHEMICAL is to license the Wellcome Foundation's technology for the mannfacture of interferon, the Japanese company

Japan to

buy British

announced yesterday.
The Wellcome technology, developed at its research laboratories near Beckenham, Kent, is seen to be put into relatively large-scale production in Europe for the mannfacture of a £1m order from the Imperial Cancer Research Foundation.

The process produced highly purified interferon on what, by the standards of this drug, is a large scale, using cell culture techniques.

Lymphoblastoid interferon. as the product is known, is made from cancerous white blood cells, cultured by a biotechnology process similar to those used for making antibioties.

Dr. John Vane, Wellcome's director of research, stressed yesterday that the deal was a complicated one, and the return to his company would depend upon Sumitomo's future decisions about manu-facture. Investment in the kind of manufacturing plant the Wellcome Foundationitself was planning would involve the Japanese company in a multi-million pound investment, he said.

Interferou first attracted attention as an antiviral agent in the late 1950s, but has proved extremely difficult to prepare in a form pure enough for clinical trials to be undertaken confidently.

The Wellcome process appears to make a major step forward in producing the pure drug in clinically useful quantities.

Wellcome recently arranged to supply cancer researchers with £1m worth for the first large-scale cancer trials in Britain. In addition, it is carrying out its own clinical

Sumitomo Chemical plans to start clinical tests on interferon in Japan, using inter-feron supplied initially by

## Sweden-Norway rig consortium plans founder By Fay Gjester in Oslo

PLANS TO FORM a Swedish-Norwegian consortium which would buy and operate several oil rigs bave foundered, and Consafe, the main prospective Swedish partner, bas withdrawn. But the Norwegian concern involved, Norcem, intends to continue efforts to form a group which would, in the first instance, order one drilling rig.
The scheme failed because

financing terms offered by the Japanese yards which were to build the rigs proved less favourable than antici-pated, and not enough Swedish companies were willing to join the group. The plans were announced earlier this year by Conface Offsbure. a Volvo subsidiary, and Novcem, a producer of cement and building materials which also bas oll interests. They envisaged ordering two drilling rigs and one hotel platform, and it was reported that preliminary contracts had been concluded with Mitsul and Hitachi, at tenders 20 to 25 per cent below European

The poorer terms now being offered hy the Japanese yards reflect the fact that demand for new ships bas picked up recently, and the yards' order books bave been filling up.

NUCLEAR MATERIAL UNDER

IAEA SAFEGUARDS

AUSTRALIA-EEC TRADE DISPUTE

# Canberra may cancel Airbus deal

8Y PATRICIA NEWSY IN CANBERRA

implications of possibly cancel of subsidise produce on third ling an order for four Airbuses markets. in retaliation against the EEC's proposed sneepmeat regime. .A. decision on the Airbus deal is expected by next mouth when the sheepmeat regime is to come

into operation. Mr. Doug Anthony, the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Trade and Resources, yesterdsy launched another bitter attack on the proposed sheepmeat regime and his office confirmed that the Government was examining the implications of cancelling the Airbus deal worth more than A\$200m

THE AUSTRALIAN Cabinet is proposed sheepmeat regime unhappy at the prospect of los- the EEC because it does not investigating the full financial would not lead to the dumping ing what was to have been the disrupt third markets by selling

The Government bas already indicated that it may be prepared to face the loss of a deposit of around A\$30m and the inconvenience to TAA and even a possible law suit from

Airbus Industrie to show its disapproval of the EEC Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) which has disrupted Australian commodity markets in the past peef, sugar, and dairy produce through subsidised ex-TAA was to bave taken de-

(£98.35m) signed earlier this livery of the Airbus, its chosen year by TAA, the Government-owned domestic airline carrier for the 1980s, later next Mr. Anthony, threatened last month to divert from the EEC up-to A\$1bn in trade unless the Community guaranteed that the said is not, unaturally, very siders itself more virtuous than WAFFA).

prestige aircraft of the fleet.

TAA has also entered lengthy negotiations with Airbus Industrie about possible off-set deals which would enable some parts for the Airhus to be mannfactured in Australia.

Even so, the Airbus is a likely target ss it would be seen to hit at France which Australia regards as a particular adversary within the GAP and the effects of the cancellstion in third New Zealand yesterday to unite markets.

Mr. Anthony's hard line mon Market's policies. against the EEC might have a He was delivering the opening some electoral advantage in address to a symposium on spite of the cost-since there is Australia-New Zealand economic little sympathy in the Australian relations which is being beld in Community for the EEC's agri-

subsidised goods.

The government will look at the possibility of using import controls to force Ansett, the privately owned domestic airline to share places with TAA on the Boeing 767 production line. Ansett, owned hy Mr. Ropert Mardoch, chose the wide-bodied Boeing when TAA chose Airbus

earlier this year. Mr. Anthony's lstest attack on the EEC came when he called on with Australia against the Com-

Canberra in conjunction with a

Lambsdorff

cautious on

China trade

Lambsdorff, the West German Economics Minister, pre-dicted a slow and cautious development in his country's

trade and economic co-opera-tion with China, with particular emphasis oo energy and raw materials.

Count Lambsdorff arrived in

Peking last Saturday to attend the first Sino-West

German joint economic com-

mission to review bilateral

trade and economic co-opera-tion. He is accompanied by a number of top businessmen

He told Cerman correspondents the Chinese appeared very cautious and realistic in his

discussions with them so far,

and that the Peking authori-

ties were also very tight on

The Chinese Covernment was

giving priority to modernis-ing existing plant and equip-

ment, with no major projects

in the offing, the Minister

Count Lambsdorff said major

fields of co-operation between

West Cermany and China lay

in raw msterials and energy,

with coal an substanding example. There were also prospects for co-operation in oil and hydro-electric power.

Count Lamsdorf said he bad made it clear to the Chinese

side that the Cerman Govern-

and bankers.

their financing.

said.

PEKING -- Count ...

# Opposition plans resources tax:

BY OUR CANBERRA CORRESPONDENT

Foreign Investment Review Board will be implemented if irresponsible investment by the Australian Labour Party foreign corporations, wins the federal election later

Mr. Bill Hayden the opposition leader, opened the 1980 federal election campaign in the island state of Tasmania. although the date of the election, widely predicted for October 25, has not been announced by Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser.

Mr. Hayden said the Fraser Covernment had presided over mat" for unrestrained and often Mr. Hayden said the Labour Party would impose a resource

rent tax to ensure that a substantial part of excess profits flowing from resource development was used for the benefit of Australia. The Income Tax Assessment Act would be amended so that transnational companies could not escape legitimate tax obligations. A resources tax bas long

"a massive sell-out of Anstralian been mooted by the Labour jected tax revenue.

largely

some of the Arab producers.

A TAX on resources aimed at industry and a vast rip-off of Party for its appeal to an elective "super" profits of foreign Australian resources." Australia to trail a bad become a "welcome resources are being sold to Australia's velcome resources are being sold to doften foreigners too cheaply. The tax revenue for the Labour Party's expenditure programme.

The Foreign Investment Re-

view Board's functions would be widened, Mr. Hayden said yes-terday, to include monitoring of activities by transnational cor-porations in Australia. It would sdvise on foreign investment, takeovers and take into sccount factors such as employment and export prospects, broadening of the industrial base, introduction of desirable technology and pro-

# UK halves W. German trade gap

BY ROGER BOYES IN BONN

THANKS MAINLY to hefty compared with a surplus of German imports compared with sales of North Sea oil, the UK DM 2.8bn in the first half of 5.4 per cent in the first half pf has managed to boost its exports 1979, to West Germany in the first six months of the year and bas Germany's cooscious shift to per cent to 5.1 per cent. succeeded in balving Germany's buying North Sea oil in an surplus in trade between the attempt to lessen dependence on two countries.

The figures, compiled by the Including oil, Britain's export Federal Statistics Office, will total rose by 47.3 per cent comgive some encouragement to pared with the first six months

BY KEVIN DONE IN FRANKFURT

month and boosted their market share as a result of the con-

tinuing slump in sales by U.S.

The German car-makers have

not made such dramatic inroads

into the U.S. market as the

Japanese, but several have managed to take advantage of

the present weakness of the U.S. manufacturers to increase

Even the German manufac-

turers have suffered a small

decline in U.S. sales over the

full seven months since the

beginning of the year—only BMW has beaten last year's

performance over this period

Volkswagen all sold more cars

in the U.S. in July than in the

sssembled Volkswagens-took

same month last year.

Nuclear installations\*

Power reactors

Conversion plants

Reprocessing plants

Fuel fabrication plants

**Facilities** 

-but BMW, Daimler-Benz and

German cars - including U.S.

their market penetration.

domestic manufacturers.

**CAR EXPORTS** 

Cermany exported DM 12.02bn In relative terms, British a strong pound may begin to to Britaln, leaving Cermany goods — including oil — now afflict British exporters in the with a surplus of DM 1.01bn, account for 6.4 per cent of all coming months.

July sales boost U.S. share

as against 5.4 per cent of the

market in July, 1979, with sales

exports shipped from the

Federal Republic has shown an

inevitable marginal decline from

3.7 per cent to 3.6 per cent of the U.S. market as a result of

the build-up of VW's U.S. car production, which is steadily cutting back VW exports from

sylvania, jumped last month to 2.8 per cent of total U.S. car

sales from 1.7 per cent in July,

Sales by its Audi subsidiary are also 2 per cent helow last year's level at 24,921, and sales of Porsche sports cars have

dropped sharply by 22.6 per cent Republic.

The share of Germsn direct

LEADING West German motor 6.4 per ceot of the U.S. car to 6,688 cars.

of 47,662 cars.

West Germany.

car manufacturers improved market last month with the their sales in the U.S. last registration of 49,991 new cars

NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS UNDER AGENCY SAFEGUARDS OR

CONTAINING SAFEGUARDED MATERIAL

Tbis

1979, Excluding oil, the British share bas crept up from 4.9 reflects The improvement in the

British export position mirrors the surprisingly high growth of the German economy during the first balf of this year. But the German economy shows clesr British exporters. They show of last year. By contrast, signs of slowing down; and this that even when the oll sales are subtracted, British goods are creased only by 16.4 per cent capturing a larger slice of the during the same period.

British export sectors such as German market in spite of the relative strength of sterling British exports still rose 24.6 leather. The slowdown underworth of goods to Cermany daring the first six months while against DM 2.25hm british export sectors such as the slowdown underworth of goods to Cermany 1979, reaching DM 7.79bn competitiveness in the more daring the first six months while areas, so that the problems of

Reuter

The main success story in the

which pushed up its July sales

by fully 24.5 per cent compared with the same month last year

to 3,807. Total BMW sales in

the first seven months are np

sales of its Mercsdes-Benz range

in July by 12.1 per cent to 4,901.

hut it is still to make up some

of the ground lost in eariler

months of the year. Sales for

the first aeven months are 6.1

Aggravating the troubles it is

facing at its Europesn plants-last week it called for 6,000

redundancies at its Cerman

plants-Ford has also been bit

by falling aales in the U.S. of

exports from the Federal

its Fiesta model, which it

Daimler-Benz has hoosted

2.4 per cent

However, the sbare of Volks-

wagen's local output from its formsnee in the corresponding plant at Westmoreland, Penn period at 31.014.

# for aerospace

By Michael Donne, Aerospace Correspondent

EXPORTS BY the UK aero-

Overseas deliveries of aircraft

he Society of British Aerospsce Companies, reporting these results says that if this build-up is maintained, the aerospace industry could set a new record of over £1.6bn in exports for the year as

craft manufacturer, has been adds from Montreal.

# Export record

space industry reached a record level of nearly £809m in the first half of this year. nearly £192m better than in the corresponding period of

and parts in the first half-year reached nearly £397m, while shipments of new and refurbished engines amounted to over £346m.

whole, against last year's total of £1.27hn.

Canadair, the Canadian air-

awarded the full Certificate of Airworthiness for its new Challenger executive jet aircraft from the Canadian Covernment, Robert Gibbens

# How the nuclear weapons club has closed its membership BY DAVID FISHLOCK, SCIENCE EDITOR

no longer open, remarked an national inspection. Dimona is urbane French official at the the source of the plutonium Industry Ministry about the explosive in the nuclear "nuclear club" of the five weapons France bss no doubt acknowledged nuclear weapons that Israel posaeases. states: the U.S., Russia, Britain, France and China. The club's own reaction to

India's attempts to gain admission with its nuclear explosion six years ago made this plain, be

France has come a long wsy io its policy towards the pro-liferation of nuclear weapons since the Indian explosion (and the unpublicised one that fizzled out before). With Britain. France was one of the first nations to acquire nuclear weapons when the U.S. refused to share its nuclear secrets after World War Two. Ironically understood by the Gaullists" first nations to acquire nuclear. enough, even the French Com- and will not put pressure on munist Party supports the nuclear deterrent—although it knows full well that the range of French delivery systems sugof French delivery systems suggests that the only targets are the United Nations' Inter-Russian cities. Russian cities.

Unlike Britain, however, mid-1970s to impede other nations from pursuing nuclear

weapons France bss no doubt But other club members pre-

vailed on France to change course after the Indian explosion. Where previously it bad remained aloof from interpreventing further proliferation, Treaty itself, it plunged into the discussions of the so-called "London Club" of nuclear technology exporting nations. As a result, it reneged on its contract to supply Pakistan with a repro-cessing plant and technology

in Vienna access to all nuclear France did nothing until the installations in any country weapons. For example, it pro- longer undertake to supply vided Israel with the Dimona another country with nuclear reactor, which remains to this plant on terms which do not lower levels of enrichment:

including the Non-Proliferation

which accepts such safeguards. Nevertheless, France will no

"MEMBERSHIP OF the club is dsy beyond reach of inter- have the agency's blessing."

France is extremely indignant about what it sees as a wellorchestrated publicity campaign this year by the Israslis, who still sdamantly refuse to sign the treaty to try to thwart its sale of a second research reactor to Iraq, which bas signed and ratified the treaty. . Even President Jimmy Carter's Adnational discussion aimed at ministration, after four years of intense preoccupation with pro-liferation, has said it is not particularly bothered by this

The particular feature of the Osiraq reactor—to be called Tamuz 1-which France bas built for Iraq is that It is fuelled by bighly enriched uranium—at 93 per cent, a quality good enough to make nuclear weapons or fuel a nuclear submsrine reactor. France will reprocess the spent fuel, and it well be up to the agency inspectors to verify there are no discrepancies between the fuel supplied and the fuel returned or reprocessing. A feature of highly enriched fuel is that it yields virtually no plutonium.

The U.S. Administration bas aroused considerable interest internationally in fuelling research reactors with fuel of required. There are other problems.

MOR-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES Platonium 30 20 Uranjum-235 1974 '75 '76 '77 '78

preferably as low as 20 per cent of the fissile uranium 235 reactors is still novel, almost isotope, considered too low for untried, and reprocessing tecka homb. Much depends, bowever, on the resctor's purpose. The Carter-inspired Inter-national Nuclear Fuel Cycle Evaluation earlier this year Whet is more, the lower the reported that, although half the world's research reactors could yield of plutonium. The French he run with fuel of 20 per cent are working on a low-enrich-enrichment, about 10 per cent ment fuel called Caramel, but still required highly chriched fuel to achieve the performance

Separate storage facilities Other facilities Other locations End of 1979. Until then, the world's confidence that Iraq is not attempting to divert uranium-235 fuel niques bave still not been into a weapons programme must worked out. Operating costs tend to skyrocket compared with the established fuel cycles.

Research reactors and critical assemblies

rest with the vigilance of the agency inspectors. The accompanying table shows how many installations bave already been placed, voluntarily, under agency safeguards both again that the inspectors have Although the Pentagon itself by nuclear Non-Proliferation detected no "anomaly which continues to defend the integrations which continues and hy would indicate the diversion of state of the integration of the integratio

voluntarily, under agency safewere applying safeguards in 11

non-weapon countries which guard agreements. But in four of the II, plus a

fifth which has signed the treaty but not ratified it unsafe-guarded facilities out of reach of the inspectors were operating. In the agency's judgment, only three of these nations were operating facilities significant from a weapons-producing point of view. They were India and Israel, both of which can separate pure plutonium, and South Africa, which can make highly enriched uranium;

just published, records once Treaty signatories and hy would indicate the diversion of grity of its satellite, the U.S. nations which refuse to sign a significant amount of safe. Administration has admitted treaty. The curves show guarded nuclear material for that it can produce no cormany tourses of plutonium, the manufacture of any nuclear roborating evidence, that a of uranium enriched to weapon, or to further any other nuclear explosion took place.

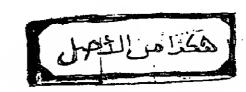
more than 20 per cent, stored military purpose, or for the in states which have no nuclear manufacture of any other wespons, bave been placed, nuclear explosive device." But suppose that a significant diversion was detected. What

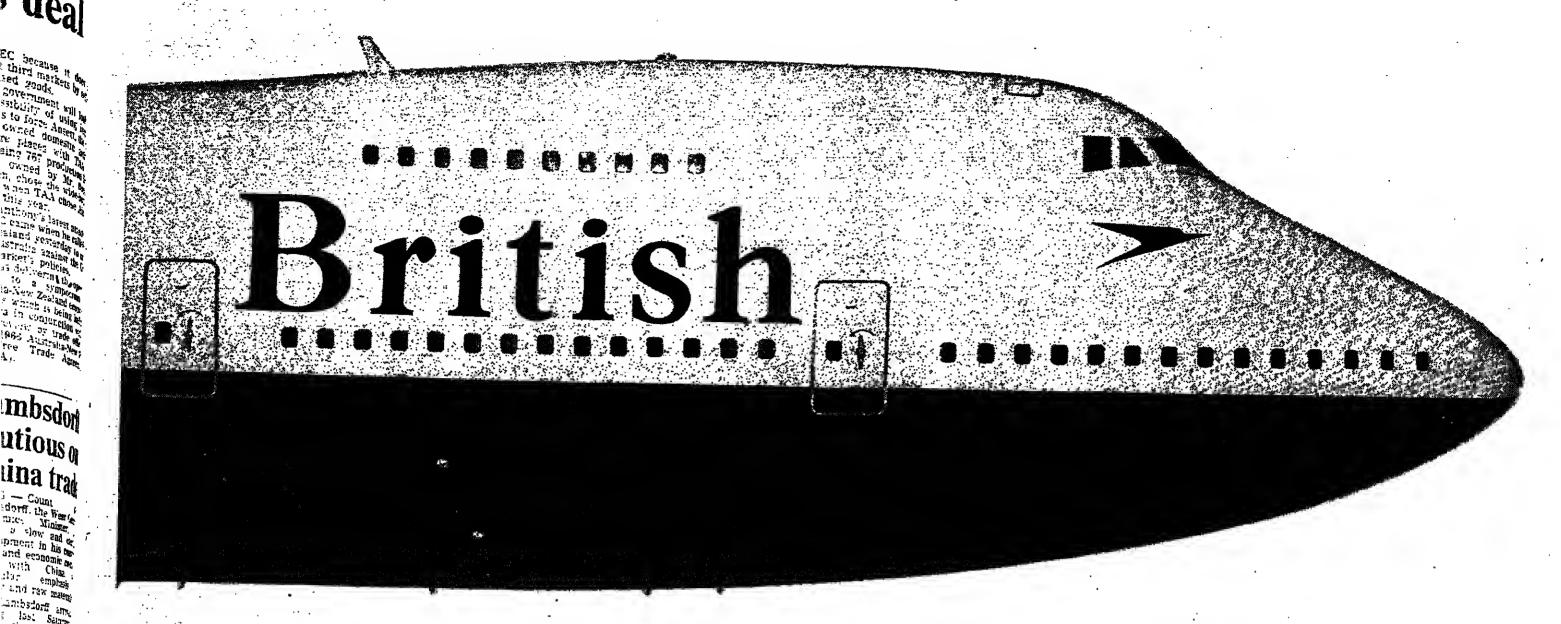
In 1979, agency inspectors could the agency do? The only thing it could do, of course, would be to alert the UN Security Council to the fact that were not party to the treaty. In seven of them, "all substantial angles activities of which the ing on the Non-Proliferation agency was aware" were covered Treaty or whatever other safe by a mosaic of individual safe- guards agreement it had signed. This has not happened yet in the 10 years of the treaty's history. The only verified anclear explosion of the 1970s, by India in 1974, was in a coun-

by India in 1974, was in a coun-try which had rejected every effort to persuade it to eccept safeguards; and yet had con-tinued to receive considerable nuclear assistance from Britain. France, Canada, the U.S., the Soviet Union, Italy, and others. One unverified event took place South Africa, which can make last autumn when the Pentagon ughly emicbed uranium: amounced that one of its Vela satellites, on the lookout for satellites, on the lookout for published records and published records and published records and published records. recorded a characteristic flash.

August 13 1986

ert recon





# and proud of it.

Proud to be the world's preferred airline, chosen by more international travellers, British and foreign, than any other. Last year, on our international routes, 12,500,000 travellers preferred to fly the flag. And so, on our domestic routes, did 4,600,000 more.

Proud, last year, to have earned for Britain

£891m in foreign currency.

Proud to have delivered a pre-tax profit of £20m and a dividend of £10m. (The ten major US airlines combined made only \$1.2m during the same period.)

Proud to have happily reunited tens of thousands of British families who might never again have seen each other, through low fares and the good offices of our Reunion Clubs.

Proud to have spent £740m with British industry last year alone. Many of the country's most famous companies survive and prosper as a result of our success.

Proud to carry more people from the United States to Britain than either PanAm or TWA!

Proud to have been pioneers opening the door to world-wide travel to millions who believed they could never afford it.

Proud to serve our country's vital off-shore oil industry with the world's most modern helicopter facilities.

Proud of our industrial relations performance last year, dramatically better than the British industry average.

Proud of the way we are changing air travel to meet the real needs of today's traveller.

Proud to fly Concorde, the world's most advanced aircraft.

Proud of the professionalism of our employees throughout the world.

Proud that, with our staff and the Trade Unions, we improved our productivity by 14% last year.

Proud that our operational performance, punctuality and regularity stand favourable comparison with any of our competitors.

Proud that, during the last year, we have significantly increased our share of the travel market we serve around the world.

Proud to be chosen to carry Britain's most valuable exports.

Proud of our achievements.

And proud that we are not yet satisfied with those achievements. At British Airways we are dedicated to creating ever higher standards of efficiency and service. For our cargo shippers. And for our passengers.

For we know our success brings people

closer together.

And that is what makes us proudest of all.

British alrways The BL rentals venture 'will be modest, however hard it tries'

BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

BL'S DECISION to enter the expertise, and be far more dealers. car rentals market via its distributors and dealers is regarded with scepticism by the leading

specialist renlal companies. A rival is hardly welcome during a year when competition in an already bighly competitive field has been sbarpened by recession. hy the strong pound and an associated drop-off in tourism, a major cootributor to rental income.

But majors such as Godfrey Davis, Hertz, Avis and Swan National helieve that BL will quickly need to acquire much

ambitious in its plans than any other manufacturer, before its "British Car Rental" operation presents a major threat to their own business.

BL is setting out oo a path already well trodden by other manufacturers: Ford, Vauxhall, cannot bire a car from dealer Taibot. Opel and VW aiready have dealer-operated rental

plier of rental fleet cars, has some business from had its own reot-a-car scheme specialist renters but

But the principal difference between its awn operation and the national renters' is that each dealer rents in bis own local market. Although Ford provides standardised advertising and other support, one developing. A and leave it at dealer B 300

miles away. Thus manufacturer rentals national network. Ford, by far the biggest sup- have inevitably taken away Of

Ford as renters and the rental companies as Ford buyers. And with the majors such as 15,000 cars and commercials, chise arrangements. manufacturers bave in the past been keen to avoid such a clash

therefore, just bow for BL is vale rental schemes which may repared to go in developing a

The operation to be launched

local market only, and British "It depends very much on bow terday queried the timing and Car Rental bas undertaken not well it gets off the ground," 2 to compete in those areas where Avis operating fleets of up to BL dealers bave existing fran-

A minority of dealers bold Budget Rent-a-Car and Kenning Car Hire franchises, while The key question remains, others operate their own pribe absorbed into the British Car Rental network.

But BL yesterday was not the in the autumn appears to be a ruling out a longer-term expan-not toe in the water exercise sion which could take it into a operating for nearly a decade, enough to produce a major Dealers and distributors who national network and competi-presently among 360 of its 1,238 conflict of interest between take on rentals will rent in the tion with the large-scale renters. interest between take on rentals will rent in the tlon with the large-scale renters. 1980 is a poor year anyway, yes- their market.

spokesman said yesterday. BL's own sales to the rental

sector are small by Ford's tive suggested last night. standards, and the chances of its own conflict of interest developing appear remote. operation offers the prospect of

is severely depressed. pointing out that autumn is a

the motives of the BL venture. extra cars," one rentals execu-

There is scepticism that even In the meantime, the rentals specialists on their own ground, this grouping accounts for much operation offers the prospect of "We bave wotched others come more than a third of all rentals. We bave wotched others come badly needed extra sales at a into the market place and be The lion's share is still held time when the UK car market absorbed without any impact at by hundreds of local operators badly needed extra sales at a into the market place and be all oo our market share," a Several of the rental majors. Hertz spokesman said yesterday.

Eveo the national renters early stages at least, there low point for rentals and that hardly have a stranglebold on

Godfrey Davis and Europear are currently awaiting clearance It's just one way of shifting from the Monopolies Commission for a merger of their car hire operations. But even if approved and if other majors if BL did decide to go national Avis, Hertz and Swan National it could successfully fight the are added on, it is unlikely that

with small fleets.

Within that market, in the should be adequate room for BI "to operate.

Grouse fly

a Ronay

# Redundancy warning for Liverpool dockers

By William Hall and Nick Garnett LIVERPOOL port employers have warood that they may have

cause there are too many of them in the port. The warning is a direct challeoge to the Aldington/Jooes report of 1972 which gave an understanding that when ao employer withdraws from a port the surplus dockers will he re-

allocated to other employers within the port. Trades unions at ports around the country are becoming increasingly concerned about the growing financial problems of the ports and the repercussions this might have on their carry-

A mass meeting of dockers at Southampton agreed yesterday to press for a nation dock atrike if any of the country's port workers were put on the tem-porary unattached register other than for disciplinary reasons or joh reallocation. This follows a similar decision at

Liverpool. The unofficial national port shop stewards committee met a week ago to discuss the issue and requests from some port employers for voluntary redun-

Shop stewards said yesterday there was a possibility the Transport and General Workers Union would he calling an official delegates conference to decide the position the union sbould adopt.

At the moment it is virtually impossible to stack a registered dock worker.

A growing number of senior port executives feel that the agreement, which was framed against the background of a three-weel national dock strike in 1972, is preventing the ports solving manpower problems and should he modified.

One solution considered Is the expansion of the temporary uoattached register which would transfer the financiai responsibility for surplus RDWs from a local to a national level.

Until now the only way of reducing dockers' numbers has heen through voluntary severance schemes and because of bigh unemployment few dockers are willing 10 follow this route. However, the national scheme cannot be tailored to meet the oeeds of individual ports without some outside assistance.

The threat of compulsory redundancies at Liverpool comes against the bockground of mounting financial problems at the Mersey Docks and Harbour Co., the largest employer in Liverpool, and the decision hy two stevedoring firms to close their Liverpool operations.

The cargo bandling department of T. & J. Harrisoo, the Liverpool shipowner, has given notice it intends to return its 168 registered dock workers to the local Dock Labour Board t the eod of September.
Suffolk Lawomowers, part
the Birmingham-hased

Birmid Group, is to make 180 of its 830-stroog workforce redundant at its Stowmarket factory.

• Fairline Boats, of Oundle. Northamptonsbire, which specialises in the production of motor cruisers, is cutting hack its workforce by 17 per ceot with the loss of 24 jobs.

 Dunlop Precision Rubhers division has completed a £½m investment programme at two of its three Leicestersbire sites. The expansion will create 2a

# Building society net receipts rise to £340m

BY ANDREW TAYLOR

highest level since last October.
In splte of this, societies say
there ia little prospect of
mortgage rates falling uotil
other interest ratea decline 10 make dockers reduodant be-

Building society net receipts rose to £340m in July compared with £246m in the corresponding month a year ago and £566m last October. In July,

oet receipts-from £206m in June—stems partly from seasonal factors but also from from last month's 1 per cent cut in Minimum Lending Rate. This belped societies restore some of their competitive edge in the persocal savings market. But even with the decline in three-month local

authority loan rates, the tradi-

BUILDING SOCIETY finances societies promised to lend a tional benchmark against which credited to depositors, and societiea measure their own The sharp uplift in monthly rates, still stand at about 16; per cent compared with a 15 per cent grossed-up return oo buildiog society ordioary share, accouots.

However, the pressure on building society figances bas eased considerably. First, record mortgage rates have priced prospective some housepurchaaers out of the market. Secondly, the high interest level

accounts, has provided an addi-tional and significant source of funds for home-loans.

Figures produced by Building Societies Association yesterday showed that societies promised to lend £5.37bn in the first seven months of this year, £4m more than was promised at the corresponding stage a year ago. However, because of inflation in house prices this

In the first seven months of this year societies actually lent £4.94bo, compared with £5.2bn advanced by the corresponding stage last year. Gross advances in July totalled £857m, the

highest level for 12 months. Mr. Norman Griggs, BSA secretary general, said mort-

the rest of 1980.
"Although mortgage demand has fallen it is still greater than the supply of available funds, and accieties will need to be in a considerably stronger com-petitive position before any reduction in interest rates can be contemplated," he said. In splte of Mr. Griggs' claim, building societies are generally regarded to be closer to meeting

roasting IN SURREY they arrived by paraconte; at the Ritz in Piccadilly they swept in by changeur-driven Rolls Royce; and in the discreet elegance of the Savoy these straitened economic times were marked current mortgage demand than for some considerable time. by a fixing of the price of roast grouse at a budget £12 a portion—all indicating that the Glorious Twelfth had

arrived. The first grouse of the season, those poor un-fortunates who had chosen August 12 for an early morning flight, found themselves destined for the London dinner tables and, in some cases, inncheon tables.

Getting the first grouse to the capital new ranks along-side the downing of the first Beaujolais of the year as part of the gourmet season. For some, like the Red Devil parachute team which

descended dressed as chefs on the Onslow Arms in Clandon, Surrey, it is an adventure. For others, such as for writers Egon Ronay, it was an exercise for "gastronomic

philistines." Crouse, said Mr. Ronay sniffily, were "characteriess and without any interest" if consumed on the same day

they were shot.
For the uninitiated, the grouse is a game bird, smaller than a pheasant but bigger than a partridge. They are virtually unknown outside. Scotland, the north

of England and parts of the West Country.
This rarity, their erratic flight, their tasty meat and the habitat combine to make them

attractive victims. Last year's shoot was a disaster. This season looks

more promising.
The fastest travelling grouse of the day were those which arrived at the Onslow

Scarcely had the poor creatures shaken the burden of sleep from their eyes than they were shot, winged by helicopter and jet to London, and thence dropped by para-

chute to the kitchens. A more stately journey awaited birds from the estates of Sir William Roberts in Perthshire: a World War II Lysander, a scheduled jet, a British Caledonian helicopter to central London, and a Rolls (number plate RR I) to the

A touch of Glorious Twelfth fog on the moors delayed things slightly. Nonetheless, the Ritz

managed to live up to its promise of lunchtime grouse, proclaiming itself never to have been interested in the racing aspect of The Day

Mr. Ronay, however, contimued disdainful. " From my point of view the people who are having a bird dropped in by parachute are

sensationalists and no gastronomes," he remarked. group of lunchers at the Ritz raised their glasses and declared the 1980 grouse vintage as, well, sensational.

CEGB said yesterday The reduction is from 424,000 tonnes to 299,000 tonnes.

## Commons catering overdraft

THE Honse of Commons refreshment department was paying weekly interest charges of nearly £5,000 last year, on o bank overdraft of £2.5m.

Department accounts for 1978-1979 show that in March last year, the overdraft stood at £2.14m with interest charges of £900 per working

day. Sir Douglas Henley, Comp reported that by October, 1979, the overdraft bad interest charges were running at £997 a day.

The department bas now been reorganised, prices sub-stantially increased and the accumulated deht paid off by a grant of £2.75m in last winter's supplementary esti-

The Commons catering committee said that the unpredictable and demanding Commons timetable had made the planning of catering services

• CENTRE DEBATE: Prof. David Marquand, former Labour MP for Ashfield and advisor to Mr. Roy Jenkins in Brussels, is to take part in a debate on the prospects for a Centre party, which has been organised during the Liberal Assembly in Blackpool next

Mr. David Steel, Liberal leader is expected to renew his call to Labour moderates to combine with the Liberals in building a coalition of political forces to challenge tha Conservatives at the next

• JUST THE TICKET: Mr. Michael Heseltine, the Environment Secretary, refused British Rail permission to demolish the ticket office at St. Pancras station and to replace it with a new trovel

Two years ago, Britisb Rail applied to Camden Council for permission to carry oot the work at the station, which is a listed huilding, Camdan refused and British Rail appealed. Mr. Heseltine said that the changes would have an unacceptable impact on the character of the booking

• SUICIDE CALLS: Rising unemployment could be a significant factor in the increasing number of saicide calls to the Samaritans. Groups from all areas are reporting that more young people are phoning for help.
...In the North-East, where it is particularly difficult for school-leovers to get work, Samaritans hove reported a sbarp increase" in young

# Masefield takes charge at LT

BY LYNTON MCLAIN

SIR PETER MASEFIELD, the new chairman and chief executive of the London Traesport Executive, has taken on the job at a testing time for public transport in the capital.

Receot monhs have been characterised by a long and often bitter campaign of words waged between Mr. Ralph Bennett, Sir Peter's predecessor as chalrman, and the Tory leadership at the Greater Londoo Council,

The arguments raged over allegations of waste, lavish life styles and complacency among top maoagers. Mr. Bennett had decided last autumn to examine the role of the 50-year-old LT Executive structure in the light of changes be had instigated to decentralise management to local hus groups responsible for operating London's red buses in dentifiable areas.

Mr. Bennett had plans for something similar on tube train services. But be was not allowed to finish the joh and was sacked on July 24 in a public blood-letting by Sir Horace Cutler, who had appointed bim tioo of Sir Horace's campaign to force Mr. Bennet1 to publisb a highly critical report oo the Loodon Transport Eexecutive by

PA International, management coosultants. The former LT chairman bad insisted the report was o private internal document. But its conclusions were so damning to said. the Executive as a wbole that in the eod it could not be kept

under wraps.
The report, eventually published on June 17, coocluded "the Executive Board is weak in skills that are required to run a large business and. indeed, to manage itself as a

Above all, the report said the Executive Board failed to act if Inflation continued at around



Sir Peter Masefield takes over as London Transport chairman at a testing time

as a corporate board and was 20 per cent a year, if LT was ' more a group of individuals. and corporate operations of the grants to LT. Executive was a corporate responsibility but the initiative aod "sense of purpose" must stem from the chairman, PA

This catalogue of failings had been reflected in London Transport's results for last year. Total losses climbed to £31.4m, after LT used its eotire reserves of £15.7m. These were the worst trading results for more

than a decade.

LT told the GLC in June that lt could lose an uoprecedented £134m by the end of next year

nore a group of individuals. not allowed to raise fares, and this task. But, as be said Remedying the weaknesses if the GLC dld not increase its yesterday, be is approaching the Clearly, even without the

evideoce and opinion of the PA report, something had to be done. It was only a matter of time before the GLC adopted for London Transport. the report's suggestion that the chairman should also bave the job of chief executive, with three maio tasks.

"re-establish relations with cut services if necessary. the GLC; to instill a sense of purpose in LT and to eosure live that the Executive Board the adopts a corporate approach priority," he said yesterday, but rather than an amalgam of functional responsibilities."

Sir Peter Masefield now bas work "with real burnility." He hopes to improve felations with the GLC and plans regular

meetings with Sir Horace to discuss an agreed programme Sir Peter starts off with last year's £15.7m deficit written-off by the GLC. He intends Lonree maio tasks.

don Transport should never
These were for the chairmao again produce a deficit, and will

> He insists LT must learn to live within its means. This is the "absolutely number one accepted that the final decision would atill lie with the GLC.

# Food chains launch 'no frills' packaging

TWO MAJOR British super- space but accounted for 5 per

stock a 'no frills" range of 51 need arises. popular grocery goods in the International Stores plans a company's 697 stores from next major chaoge of emphasis 10-

consumers.

The venture, prohably to be Fine Fare has reduced the called "Country Market," is quality of some items in the due to begin in the West Countrange olthough it said quality try oext month. Instead of dried give occeptable value for money. The company asid the food. new range supplements own-brand goods and that its main appeal will be keen pricing. Fine Fare set up a pilot scheme for its cheap pocks lo miscs. There will be a wider

86 stores in March. The range

occupied 3 per cent of selling

market chains plan to increase cent of overall sales. The chain trade in the difficult trading now bas a target of about 7 per cent of overall sales for Fine Fare, the Associated its cheop-pack range and in-British Foods subsidiary, will tends to add oew items as the International Stores plans a

wards selling more fresh food week. The range, to he wards selling more fresh food packaged simply, is aimed at and providing more personal low-income and large-household aervice.

would be strictly maintained to and tinned foods more shelf space will be giveo to fresh Instead of pre-packed meat counters there will be butchers country. to provide individual cuts.

Bread will be baked on the pre-

The groups, which has 600 outlets, believes there is a trend to fresh food. It alms to provide personal service not found geography in supermarkets. Layouts of the "Country Market" stores will be different from conventional supermarkets

a conventional check-out. Details have oot been completed hut it is expected that medium-sized rather than large stores will be involved. Not all the stores will be part of the present International group.

If the experiment aucceeds.
"Country Market" might

hut customers will still pay at

International Stores bas operated a "no frills" scheme called "Plain and Simple" for range of fresb fruit and vege- two years. Both International tobles and larger delicatessen and Fine Fare belong to the

spread to other parts of the

controls about 5 or 6 per cent of the UK food market. The Food Manufacturers' Federation yesterday com-plained to Tesco over the group'a decision to rationalise its groeery delivery system, Tesco wants to consolidate grocery deliveries through a restricted number of carriers by

September I.
Mr. Cyril Coffin, the FMF
director-general, told Tesco that acy workable solution needs full consultation over six to 12 months. The FMF is worried over the extra costs food companiea would have in complying with the change.

Food manufacturers and retailers have been urged by Mr. Peter Walker, Agriculture Secretary, to work together more closely. The FMF has informed the Ministry of its worries over the Tesco plan.

# **Apprentice** Boys march ends in riot

By Stewart Daiby

ABOUT 200 people were involved in riotiog which broke out in the Catholic Bogside area of Londonderry yesterday after the march by lodges of the Loyalist Apprentice Boys of

The Royal Ulster Constabulary said two buses and a van were set on fire. There were also stone and bottle-throwing also stone and bottle-throwing incidents but no reported Injuries. This year's march was more provocative than usual because the Cully Backey branch carried a flag donated by a former RUC man, Mr. William McCaughey, who is serving a life-sentence for the murder of a Roman Catholic grocer.

However, the march was quieter and more subdued than ast year. Protestants, in bowler bats, purple sashes, and accompanied by drum- and pipe-bands, marched through the centre of

Londonderry. There was a marked differyear. In previous years, the army has been out in force. This year the role of peacekeeping was carried ont by several hundred armed RUC men. It is thought to be the first time that the uredominantly Protestant RUC has re-entered the Bogside on August 12 since the raids of 1979.

 British Airways has. announced that it will not be. cutting its fare on the Belfastondon shuttle, suggesting that for the time being at least there will not be a price war with British Midland Airways. On Monday British Midland

announced that It was cutting its fare on the Belfast-London (Gatwick) run by £10 to give a return fare of £66. British Airways has monopoly on the Belfast-to-London (Heathrow) route and charges £86 for the return fare. It uses Trident jets and the flying time is one hour and five minutes.

In contrast, British Midland uses the slower Visconnt turboprop aircraft, which takes one hour and forty minutes to fly from Belfast to Gatwick. British Midland's cut which

bas to be ratified by the Civil Aviation Authority is an attempt to grab more of the shuttle market from British Airways.

## Derby BR wins £100,000 job

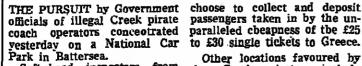
-Derby BR wins £100,000 job BRITISH RAIL has launched a major shipment worth more than £100,000 for the Derby-based firm of Bemrose UK Limited.

BR said yesterday that it was the largest parcels contract ever handled by Derby-BR and will involve BR carrying 60,000 parcels of calendars and diaries.

• OIL SAVING: Midlands power stations hove reduced by nearly one-third the amount of oil they burn, the

# Broadside attack may scupper Greek pirate coach operators

Lynton McLain examines the problems of illegal



Soft-shoed inspectors from the Metropolitao Traffic Area planned to swoop without notice on an illegal coacb at 2.30 pm precisely. This was tipped by informers to be ready to leave with o load of mainly young passengers prepared to sacrifice safety standards for a cheap seat to Athens.

Battersea is a far cry from the organised chaos of the Victoria Coach Station in the centre of London where the few authorised "pool" operators of coaches between Loodon and Athens ply their legal trade. But Battersea is viewed by

coach operators conceotrated paralleled cheapness of the £25 yesterday on a National Car to £30 single tickets to Greece. Other locations favoured by

tbe Greek pirates include Primrose Hill, Camden Higb Street, the hive of cut-price travel companies, ond, more often, the hack streets of The "pool" of authorised

operators was launched in July by the unlikely amalgam of French, British and Greek Governments. It was just in time to provide guaranteed safety standards for the ranks of students and others demanding cheap coach fares to Greece. Little publicity was given to the "gool" and its 20 French,

coach traffic between London and Athens reacb agreement on what to do based coach operators from fight with pirate Greek coach about the Greek pirates. But the whole subject was Britain.

thrown opeo to public dehate with the loss of three British bringing Greek tourists loto lives in two crashes in Yugoslavia last week, both involving permitted to operate. Greek-bound coaches. Ironically, both coaches were Athens-London operated by companies author-

ised to carry passengers between London and Athens

under the "pool" arrange-

given to these accidents led to the ban, announced on Monday Department said in London Government inspectors as British and Greek operators, and effective from tomorrow by yesterday, typical of the unlikely locations although the three Covernments the British, French and Greek Britain,

Loodon oo round-trips will be

based coach drivers operating the Athens-to-Londoo journey will be forced to stop at Milan, Italy. This will "ensure that widespread publicity there is at least one change of driver eo route," the Traosport

operating io France aod Only authorised companies it had proved to be impossible

tors while maintaining relations between the three countries, The turning point, although When the ban starts, Creek-

none of the parties involved will spell it out, is Greece's forthcoming entry to the European Ecocomic Community.

From January 1, 1981, Greece will join the existing nine partners of the EEC. But as well as benefits, memberahip will involve Greece in responsitypical of the unlikely locations although the three Covernments the British, French and Greek Britain, and to a lesser extent bilities including sticking to the but foresees "great practical the pirate coach operators had been trying for years to Governments, on all Greak Fronce, has had a loog-standing letter of the EEC law on coach difficulties."

drivers' hours, licensing and vehicle safety standards.

driver citizens.

operators. But until this summer's "pool" arrangement. desire not to npset its prospertive EEC partners is given by to find a way of meeting legitithe ready acceptance by the Greek Consulate General in London yesterday that "Greece mate objections to illegal operabas quite a few pirate drivers and coaches who go for the quick buck."

Similarly, Greece bas not so far protested at the vigorous action taken by Britain and France, its pool partners, in imposing their total ban on Greek-based operators.

Britain's Transport Depart-ment has already had a taste of joio the European Community on Monday night, the departant is clearly prepared to the and is clearly prepared to take ment's local traffic area officers steps against its own coach- for Dover turned back an illegal coach owned by Consolas, one A measure of the Greek of the 12 Greek-based operators authorised under the "pool" The coach had bald tyres and had tried to escape the official net, which permits only four Coosolas vehicles to enter Britain, simply by using the same paintwork and livery as the anthonised vehiclas.

The department's lack of manpower is expected to create another safety headache as private lorry operators stek to take advantage of the correct The Greek Government is in- concentration of illegal coach The Greek Government is investigating the recent accidents, operators.
but foresees "great practical Lorry cowboys may be having

a field day.

# UK failing to compete with Japan, says report

BY JOHN ELLIOTY, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

GROWING Government concern over British industry's fallure to compete with Japanese products has prompted Sir Geoffrey Howe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to send a critical analysis on "Japan's next generation of industries" to all members of the National Economic Development Council.

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The report written by Sir Michael Wilford, the British Ambassador in Tokyo, warns that the UK will become "one of the late 20th century minor industrial states" because its industry neither produces its own technology nor buys it from abroad.

"My worry is that British industry will not read the future right. There has been a tepdency to say "not invented or designed bere," Sir Michael, who has been archaesdon for fire recommendations. ambassador for five years.
The analysis, which is not being officially published, summarises major Japanese developments covering areas tike biotechnology, transport systems, including mechanically levitated rail vehicles. nuclear steel reduction plants, enzyme technology, micro electronics and optical fibres. The analysis is regarded by senior Treasury civil servants as a comprehensive and outspoken description in general

terms of the rapid techno-

logical advances being made by Japanese industry. Sir Geoffrey Howe was

shown a copy, and decided that it should be circulated privately to the 25 members of the NEDC in the hope that it might help shake leaders of both sides of industry out of any completency about future foreign competition.

The analysis starts be referring to recent debates in the UK on the Finniston engineering report, and the tend-cucy of universities to undertake too much research that has little industrial applica-

"We have stressed that the Japanese regard engineers as an essential part of the scene and pay them and give them status accordingly. One result of this is that a private analysis by one of Japan's biggest companies (Mitsnbishi) said that for all Japanese manufacturing industry, 52 per cent of board members were engineers and in the high technology areas the figure was close to 100 per cent."

Japan has launched a fiveyear research plan into elec-tronics, under the auspices of the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, partly funded with Government money. A wider range of applications for electronics products will be a major priority, making use of developments in microchip tech-

nology. In the field of public transport, the Japanese are using their knowledge of electric batterles to develop "dual mode" road-rail robot vehicles combining electric power and computer control.

Japanese Airlines and the country's national railways are developing magnetically levitated, linear driven, rail vehicles, schieving speeds of over 500 kms an hour with an unmanned vehicle. "We gave no such experimentation in Britain years ago," says Sir Blichael

Turning to enzyme technology, Sir Michael says: "the production of protein from rice could have real importance, both economically and politically. Britain should export lis technological knowledge in this area." Sir Michael concludes: "In

the last analysis it is British industry which must learn better bow to use Japanese strength to their own advantage. It is the leading British firms themselves who must understand at first band what is going on and by far the hest way to achieve this is to establish permanent represenPartnership profits from other people's waste

# Resourcefulness has its own rewards

MY grandmother's favourite home of the famous champion-saying was "waste not, want ship golf course, mentioned in not." This she would intone at the Domesday Book; St. Annes, spicuous waste.

Audrey Kirby would have liked my grandmother. By fol-lowing that precept, she and trams than south to the genteel her hushand Vernon have built kuiet of Regency Lytham.



By Anthony Moreton

successful business on the premise that other people con-tinually waste things, especially

energy,
Industrial Energy Costs, the
company that Audrey and
Vernon Kirby set up 12 years
ago, now employs 150 people
in Lytham St. Annes and is still growing. From energy it branched into telecommunicaservices and electrical contractng via a takeover.

Lytham St. Annes is perhaps surprising place to find such company. The town is in fact

every opportunity, instilling in just three miles from Blackme to this day a dread of con- pool's south shore, Victorian, appealing to the holidaymaker who would more happily go

> But the problems of finding staff in the big city were difficult and they returned to Lytbam, where their home is, and St. Annes, where their office

the sudden need to conserve energy following the 1973 Arab-Israeli war

full advantage of the savings available.

"When we started the busi-

When the Kirbys set up Industrial Energy Costs in 1968 they, 100, thought Lytham might not be the right setting for an attack on energy waste.

now is, bappy no longer to have to commute 40 miles each way Luck for the Kirbys came with

"You would be surprised,"
Audrey Kirby says, "bow much
energy is wasted. Tariffs are
ao complex that it requires a dctermined knowledge to take

"The beauty from our point of view is that no two factories use the same amount of elections and then ioto engineering tricity or gas or oil. So someone with specialist knowledge like us can belp them enormously,

ness we were only coocerned two towns, each with its own with energy but we soon dispersonality: Lytham, residential, covered there were other areas date."

Audrey Kirby: "Waste is everywhere."

where the same

could be applied." The first of those areas was telecommunications, into which IEC moved in 1972. "We found big companies were continually putting in and taking out phones. They do this so often that before long the Post Office is charging them for phones that have been taken out."

Others might find themselves heavily penalised by their supplier, "often paying for equipment drawn up on a contract 12 or more years earlier and now completely out of

From bere it was a short step into engineering conservation in 1976, investigating refrigeration, ventilation, compressed air, lighting and design.

"Waste can be found everywhere. At first we were told we would never get nationalised industries but now they are among our clients. We have one organisation that bas more than 700 separate units. Imagine the managerial problema that involves: both monitoring costs and judging whether the costs are too high or too low."

The working partnership between the two is close. Her

office is next to his: he is chairman and joint managing director, she is director in charge of administration and personnel, works closely with the finance director and until recently was

company secretary. Neither began in conserva-tion. For 12 years Vernon Kirby was a salesman with Firestone and Audrey Kirby was a bouse-wife. A friend in the cotton industry interested him in the idea of combating waste. Vernon Kirby recognised a good idea and knew how to sell it.

Tomorrow: Day trip from

# **OFT** to investigate Raleigh trading

David Churchill reports on the row brewing between manufacturers and cut-price shopkeepers.

with bicycles bearing the But it was not until 1964 that Raleigh name has introduced legislation was passed making

inquiries under the new Competition Act which enables the

supply certain retailers— The reasons why resale mainespecially the Tesco and Argos tenance has persisted in these under the new law about the. thorny issue of manufacturers' rights to refuse to supply

gation may be only the first step plies in certain areas, are able since it is likely that it will be to put pressure on the manufollowed by a six-month investigation by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

much the same ground as the OFT, will have one important difference: it has to decide

'Manufacturers' determination to dictate resale price levels for their goods was introduced around the turn of the century in the pharmaceutical and book trades but quickly spread to other trade sectors.' -

whether the issue is for or against the public interest. In 1970 the commission acknowledged that refusal to supply was not always against the

public interest.
The fact that the new Competition Act bas to be used at all reflects the weakness of the resale prices legislation first passed in 1964 and re-enacted

Under this legislation companies cannot dictate the resale prices of their goods (except/ for books and medicines) by discriminating against retailers wbo aell at a lower price than set by the manufacturer. The main and most effective form of discrimination is refus-

ing to supply a cutprice retailer.

Manufacturers' determination to dictate resale price levels for their goods was introduced around the turn of the century in the pharmaceutical and book trades but quickly apread to other trade sectors.

However, the pressure not then or now just from manufacturers. Many retailers, especially small independent ones who belonged to retailers' associations, encouraged the introduction of resale price maintenance.

It meant that traditional retailers with high overheads, partly due to a greater personal service but mainly because of inefficient operation, could keep their profit margins in the face of competition from cut-price,

high turnover operators. Resale price /maintenance, therefore, favoured the small and indepeodent retailer worked against multiple store retailers who could generate higher turnover if able to sell at

Although the issue was considered by various government committees in the inter-war to supply a cut-price retailer years it was not until 1949 that and then "lose" the order or the Lloyd Jacob Committee use other delaying tactics.

INVESTIGATION ex- clearly expressed the view that pected to be announced today resale price maintenance into Raleigh Industries' refusal restricted competition and to supply cut price retailers encouraged inefficiency. But it was not until 1964 that

again a dispute which has retail price maintenance unlaw-simmered for most of this cen-ful. However, the fact that the legal battle was lost in Parlia The investigation is being ment did not deter some manu-mounted by the Office of Fair facturers from subsequently Trading as one of the first two operating a system of resale price maintenance.

The sector most involved inoff to investigate anti-competitive; practice by a single company.

The Off's aim in investigating Raleigh's refusal to supply certain retailers—

The sector most involved include electrical appliances and video equipment, cosmetics, cameras, clothes (especially men's shirts), sports goods, jewellery, and watches.

The reasons why resale main-

store chains-will be to estab. areas are threefold. First, each lish an important test case area is dominated by a large retailers who fear the challenge from the large multiple shops These small retailers, who take However, the OFT's investi- the bulk of manufacturers' supto put pressure on the manufacturers not to supply the large retail chains. Second, manufacturers them-

The commission's investi- selves are not keen to sell to gatton, although likely to cover the supermarket or discount the supermarket or discount stores since they feel that the lack of specialist service both before and after the sale could harm their products' image.

Third, manufacturers are reluctant to see buying power become concentrated in a bandful of large multiple retail chains. Once the multiple retailers gain a buying superiority, it is feared that will then seek large discounts buying from manufacturers. This bas bappened in the food industry, and non-food manufacturers are determined not to let it bappen

The major retail chains, however, dispute the manufacturers arguments. The big retailers argue that it should be | left to the consumer to decide whether he wants lower prices or more apecialist service. In any case, retailers argue they do provide considerable before and after sales service. This view that consumers should decide was shared by a recent report by an internal Whitehall committee looking at restrictive trade practices.

This report says that the "net outcome of abandoning resale price maintenance has been beneficial." Apart from lower prices, the report says:
"There seems little doubt that the more competitive retailing

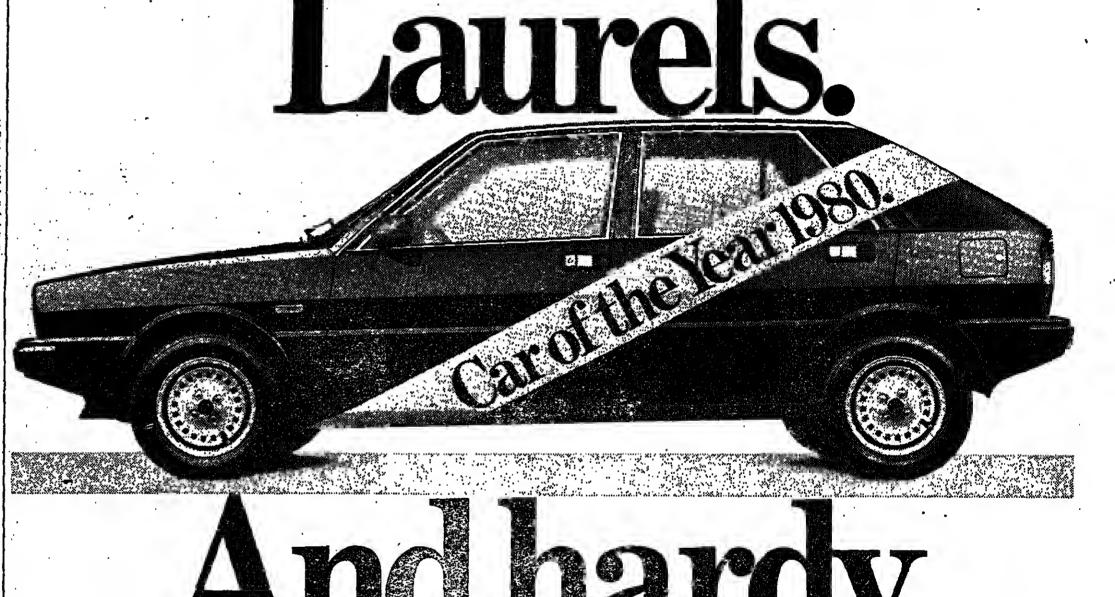
'There seems little doubt that the more competitive retailing environment ... helped to reduce internal inefficiency.'

environment which helped to reduce inefficiency." internal

But the report is also concerned at the problems of enforcing the legislation prohibiting resale price mainten-

The main problem remains one of establishing evidence to prove that a manufacturer has attempted to maintain the resale prices through refusing to supply a particular retailer. Some retailers are reluctant to complain to the OFT (which is responsible for enforcing the resale price maintenance laws) because they fear they would jeopardise future chances of

obtaining supplies. In other cases, it is all too easy for a manufacturer to agree



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BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR STAFF

to accept Government money to

Act's provisions, but the AUEW

would not be looking for a fight.

The result of the considera-tion given by the union's execu-

under Mr. Hugh (now Lord)

lation discredited.

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fund union ballots.
Mr. Terry Duffy, AUEW president, made clear the union's opposition to the new Act "in CAP C'ANTIBES ils entirety." He said, however. lating soa, 3/4 rooms, 100 to, m. 40 so, m. remates, right in the South, ideal location that the union would not be advising its members to break Frs 1,050,000

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## **LEGAL NOTICES**

PREVENTION OF FRAUD (INVESTMENT) ACT, 1958 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Lontrust Management Limited of 28 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London 1/C2 has relinquished the Principal's licence issued oursuant to Section 3 of the Act having ceased to Carry on the business of dealing in securities.

on the business of dealing in securities.

Lontrust Management Limited has made application to the Department of Trade pursuant to Regulation 5 of the Prevention of Fraud Invest. ments) Decast Regulation 1944 (S.R. & O. 1944 No. 541) for the release of the five hundred pounds deposited in oursuance of Section 4 of the Act.

Any persons having a claim on the lunds representing the deposition of the financial send their names and addresses and details of their claim to the Assistant Secretary. Com-

codesas pao detaits of their Calm to the, Assistant Bocretary, Com-panies Oivision, Ocpartment of Trade, Senctuery Buildings, Grest Smith Street, London, S.W.1. not later than 1st September, 1980.

LEADERS OF the engineering Scanlon at the time of the 1971 decision of the union's policyworkers' union, which led the Act to the present dominance trade union fight against the exerted in the executive by the Conservatives' 1971 Industrial union's right wing.

Engineers' leaders back

new Employment Act

The AUEW's acceptance of Relations Act, yesterday said they would be advising their the legal force of the Act shows members not to disobey the Govit to be out of step with the ernment's new Employment Act. publicly expressed feelings of Senior officials of the Amalmany major unions. The miners, for example, will press a motion gamated Union of Engineering at next months' TUC Congress Workers went further, though. calling for industrial action if by holding out the prospect of necessary against the Act the union being one of the few

## Restricted

Mr. Duffy was particularly critical of the code of practice on picketing. He described as unworkable" the recommendation that picket lines be restricted to no more than six

He said future events might well provoke a conflict between The Act makes public money employers and unions over the though the TUC general council has decided that no affillated union ought to accept Covernment funds for such a nurpose.

tive to the Act yesterday is in sharp contrast to the union's position on the 1971 Act, when sive system of membership balit defied the court, had its assets loting, and Sir John Boyd, sequestrated, and was the major general secretary, said it was "conceivable" the union would apply for money from the Govunion force in seeing the legis-The union's declaration higheroment for its ballots. He said. lights the shift in its political though, that the decision bad complexion from its leadership

making national committee earlier this year had not denied the executive the opportunity of seeking assistance for postal balloting.

There is no prospect, though of Government money being used to fund the autumn round of union elections, in which Mr. Duffy will seek to retain the presidency against the opposition again of Mr. Bob Wright. the union's left-wing assistant general secretary, and other

The union will next week declare its policy on the issue of pay bargaining at BL following the company's decision to withdraw its cars and vehicles division from membership of the Engineering Employers' Federa-

The AUEW wants to retain available to unions for hallots, the lovolvement of the Confederation of Shipbuilding and Engineering Unions in negotiaminon ought to accept Covern-tions with the company, but hent funds for such a purpose. Bu's largest union, the Trans-But the AUEW has an exten-port and General Workers', would like to see a clean hreak.

Mr. Duffy, commenting on the 16} per cent pay claim proposed by BL workers at Cowley. said that while the survival of BL was essential to the recovery of the economy, it did not mean nothing to do" with the TUC, the unions would accept bad Sir John pointed out that a wages and conditions.

# Construction industry report 'will do nothing but good'

welcomed the publication earlier this week of the final report from the Construction Industry Manpower Board.

The report, he said, would do nothing but good in publicising employment conditions suffered Ъy construction workers.

"The surveys commissioned hy the board, and incorporated in the report, show that the construction worker average continues to experience lengthy unemployment pēriods ΟĒ

general secretary, yesterday many operatives end up disabled and incapable of working up to the normal retirement age." Mr. Murray said. The TUC regretted the abeli-

tion of the hoard, "closed down Government whose economic policies are starving the construction industry of work and driving unemployment above the 200,000 mark in this industry alone,

Environment is keen to see as many of his department's functions transferred to the private of the defunct manpower hoard sector as is possible, in the blind would form the hasts of future belief that the private sector is in between leaving one job and Inherently more effective. Now of industry.

MR. LEN MURRAY, TUC finding another. Furthermore is the time for the construction employers to demonstrate their commitment to a de-casualised workforce through reaching agreement on registration with unlous in the industry.

" De-casualisation remains the number one priority of the TUC construction industry com-mittee, which will do all it can In assisting unions in achieving this objective."

The National Federation of The Secretary of State for Building Trades Employers sald research and recommendations would form the hasts of future discussions between hoth sides

# Increased output 'key to job protection'

By Our Labour Staff

JOBS CAN only he protected in the long term if companies increase their output and sales to compensate for the labour-saving effects of investment in new technology, says a report published yesterday on employment trends in foor key industries.

The report by Yonthaid, an independent body which draws attention to the problems of youth employment, education and training, says lobs will not invariably be saved in industries which do not invest in labour-saving new equipment.

The effect of competition from other companies which have invested in new technology may force those companies which have not to cease trading.

When the prevailing trend in an industry is increasingly towards labour-saving investment, employees in companies which do not so invest "may be at least as vulnerable to redundancies as employees in investing firms and, although possibly belated, the unemployment effect in the former cases may be the harsher."

In studying foor key industries - iron castings, metal working machine tools, electranoic component manufacture and retail distributionthe report questions the view that the creation of wealth antomatically creates employ-

The report disputes statements that the increasing use of new technology will displace traditional craft skills in all industries, and points to the electronic components industry as an example of a higher proportion of craftsmen heing employed now.

Youthaid says it is likely that the relative cheapness Increased reliability and easy servicing of micro-processor hased equipment will lead to a considerable increase in computerised numerical contrel ln the machine tool industry. It notes, too, a tendency in the industry towards the employment of semi-skilled rather than fully-

skilled workers. Employment and Occupation Structure in Four Industries-£2 from Youthold, Tress House, Stamford Street, London

# **Consett steelworks** closure proceeds as union pleas fail

BY OUR LABOUR EDITOR

THE British Steel Corporation had not produced adequate eviis to proceed with closure of dence to support their arguits Consett works by the end of next month, in spite of trade and closure would therefore union leaders' efforts yesterday to convince the corporation that the plant should stay open.

The TUC steel committee may now appeal directly to Mr. Ian MacGregor, BSC chairman, and will ask to see Sir Keith Joseph. Industry Secretary.

After a three-hour meeting outside Middlesbrough with corporation managers, Mr. Bill Sirs, committee chairman, said: "It become evident management talks at the plants that whatever we said at the meeting today was having no

impact on them whatsoever."
The 3.700 steelworkers will b offered up to £10,000 each in severance pay. Mr. Sirs said this was "fools' gold."

The closure is seen by the unions as one of the most painful in the BSC's programme of capacity cutting, because the town depends almost entirely on

steelmaking. Unuemployment could rise to 40 per cent if the work goes.

to BSC was adjourned in the High Court yesterday. Mr. Justice McNeill adjourned the case until today to enable BSC to reply to additional evidence submitted by the news рарег. BSC was granted the

ments for keeping Consett open

The unions are also faced with the possibility that either

or both of the aiready reduced

South Wales plants, Port Talbot

and Llanwern, will be shut en-

tirely because of the dramatic

sidering BSC's plans to apply

for more Government cash to

ended last night to give the

union leaders time to consider

proposals. It is hoped a full

agreement will be reached when

both side meet again next week.

• A move by Times Newspapers

to lift a court injunction bann

in publication in the Sunday

Times of information from con-

fidential documents belonging

Last night unions were con-

worsening of BSC's losses.

proceed.

The TUC steel committee will injunction at a private hearing consider its next step at a meet- last Friday, and seek a continuaing in London tomorrow. BSC tion of the order pending full said vesterday that the unions trial of the dispute.

## Clerks to strike over Unilever relocation plan

CLERICAL WORKERS at Uni today to the company's London lever's Port Sunlight offices on headquarters. Merseyslde are expected to stop work today in protest at com-

The union, which said yesterday it was concerned about jobs not only at Port Sunlight but pany plans to relocate jobs in on the whole of Merseyside, is Bristol.

The Association of Scientific, Could eventually mean the Closure of Unilever's Port Said it would send a delegation Sunlight offices.

said: "We all have members

eat

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aritie.

# Deportation threat move

SENIOR trade union officials and Municipal Workers' Union, resterday accepted an invitation from Mr. Timothy Raison, Minister of State for Home Affairs, to discuss the plight of Filipino domestic workers threatened with deportation. One of the trade union

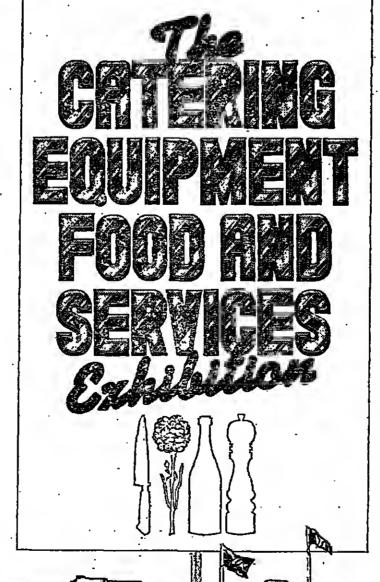
Mr.

who have acted in perfectly good falth and are now under threat. I hope that the invitaothers signifies that the Home Office is having a much-needed and long-awaited change of Ken Baker. national officer of the General heart on this issue.

# I he new event for the catering, toog, hotel, club and leisure industries.

Introducing CEFAS '81 – the exciting new national trade exhibition which is being launched next year to meet the demands of the catering equipment, hotel and food industry. A full-scale event which for the first time will also embrace the enormous club, pub, amusement and leisure fields.

CEFAS '81 will be a biennial event, organised by Industrial and Trade Fairs, the world's largest independent trade exhibition organisers and well known in the industry for the highly successful Hotelympia - The International Hotel and Catering Exhibition in London.



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# MANAGEMENT

JAPAN IS famous for borrow- being insufficiently attentive to ing ideas from the West and the needs of consumers. then amproving (or at least post-war imports of this type was the Quality Control Circle, known for short by the Japanese as the QC (or "kyushi") circle.

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six to a dozen blue-collar workers who meet in company time to analyse work procedurea and study ways of improving them. They have been credited with cutting hundreds of millions of dollars off the production costs of major manufac-turing concerns, as well as boosting employee morale and enhancing a sense of participation among workers.

So successful and widespread has the QC movement become in manufacturing industry that some non-manufacturing companies such as hanks and department atores have begun adapting them for their own purposes.

The pioneer of QC circles in the service sector was Sanwa Bank, one of the top five Japa-Bank, one of the top five Japa-nese city banks and an institu-couple of groups in each of the tion which controls around Y15,000bn (£29bn) worth of tough going. After that, how-assets. Sanwa, along with its ever, the movement spread more fellow city hanks, found itself not without continuing official facing a hostile public in the enconragement. mid-1970s when the big hanks

MR. X IS a qualified electrical engineer in his fifties, with a degree in economics. He was the planning engineer of a large international company before redundancy pushed him into the ranks of the nnemployed. Only after 450 applications did he succeed in getting another

Mr. Y was the managing director of a company before a takeover eliminated his job. Although he had a first class degree in chemistry from Oxford, it took him two years to find an alternative:

These two men could be considered fortunate. There are other unemployed executives on the employment registers who are still waiting for jobs after three or four years. Quite company within the ESB group these people have lost their jobs through no fault of their own.

As the recession continues to strike at most industries in Britain, more and more executives are joining the dole queue. together with their subordin- graduates), out of a total unates. Also, companies are putting some of their executives out to early retirement as

... We have had an increase in panies

racking its brains for some idea

with what we were aiming at bility for overtime payment, in the bank."

Sanwa's QC project was launched in April 1977 and by autumn of that year over 90 per cent of the bank's employees not holding an executive position had been enrolled in about 2,400 circles. According to Jiro Tsukuhara, a former branch manager who was given the job of masterminding the operation, because QC circles bad not been tried in the aervice sector behank's 220-odd branches was or less of its own accord, though

adapting) them to suit its own environment. One of the earliest post-war imports of this type rather that of a predecessor in-The Sanwa bank happened at stitution) and was accordingly that would be appropriate for QC circles are groups of from launching its second century.

QC circles were adopted as the solution to both problems after a hank executive attended a prize-giving session at a client manufacturing company and found that "what they were trying to do matched exactly

The Sanwa company union,

Why a Japanese bank began to go round in circles

Sanwa Bank has adopted a manufacturing tradition. Charles Smith reports

participation in QC circles area basis.)
should be classified as "voluntary extra work" with eligi-

The way the QC system works in Sanwa's case is that each branch of the bank has some five to ten autonomous groups with the right to elect their own leaders. Each group has an "adviser" who is likely to be one of the braoch assistant managers (and who does not normally attend meetings). The deputy branch manager is given the job of "guide" to all QCs within his branch, which means that he can approve or disapprove projects taken up for says that, for most participants, study and make other general it is the "bonour" that counts. recommendations.

which they report on their proiects and individual groups are then selected to attend " block "

agreed to it on condition that bank branches organised on an pore, the London and New York ment of export bills, as a result

projects discussed at the block meetings are selected twice yearly for a national QC circle meeting at which prizes are awarded.

But OC members do not have to make it to the national meeting to receive awards of various kinds. Branch managers also hand out prizes for "daily actiapecific recommendations. Sanwa Bank spends about Y100m (£50,000) per year on circles is collected during most of the clerical work) con-prize money but Tsukahara working hours, the sessions—ducted a detailed study of teasays that, for most participants,

QC circles of each branch overseas branches as well as at to lose from a working day. hold regular plenary sessions at bome, but sometimes there are subtle variations. While the considerable. The back saved The results of this research given Sanwa's far flung em-Japanese pattern has been a large but unspecified amount were turned into a poster which ployees a sense of participation. came under fire for funding con- which had to be consulted be- meetings. (There are 30 blocks closely (and successfully) repro- by shortening the interval now acts as a guide for all They also form part of the scem to be spreading to reservative politicians and for fore the scheme got under way, altogether covering groups of duced in Hong Koog and Singa- between acceptance and settle- Sanwa "office ladies," part of "human face" which the bank of the rest of the industry.

QC movement (as with similar precisely what it has achieved, off the following morning. Overtime work spent attending meetings adds about 1.5 per meetings adds about 1.5 per mendations have to do with cent to total Sanwa working customer "satisfaction" which honrs; and rather more than by definition is a difficult thing needed for consideration by QC

branches have been encouraged of work done by a QC circle at The 15 or so most interesting to form more dignified sounding head office. The group pointed out that it would be better to The difficulty with the Sanwa despatch hills for settlement at intervals during the working movements in half a dozen day instead of collecting them other city banks) is to discover all at night and sending them

hand out prizes for "daily activity" and there are awards for
apecific recommendations. overtime. Although data what the Japanese refer to as normally two a month-may making procedures-first of all is the "bonour" that counts. last between two and three testing various kinds of QC circles exist in Sanwa's hours, which would be too long tea and then conducting a customer questionnaire to dis-Savings from QC circle recom-mendations can, on occasion, be water produced the best flavour, achieved, they have certainly

Many other QC circle recom-



EDITED BY CHRISTOPHER LORENZ

customers. else bis QC circles may have

whose job it is to make tea for has been at pains to assume as customers. has been at pains to assume as customers. Taukabara says that, whatever other city banks and with the voracious Japanese post office savings bank

> OC circles are here to stay, as far as Sanwa is concerned, and

# Gloom in the ranks of unemployed executives

BY DAVID CHOW

director of Executive Stand-By (ESB), an organisations which specialises in finding short-

people coming in daily to a planned approach to the register," he says. This com- problem, it concluded. pares with the average of four or five a week before the recesreported a similar situation.

According to the government's Professional and Executive Register, the total number of unemployed executives in the country at the end of June was 63.150 (this includes new employment figure of around

the number of people register-redundant executives. An Ining although we don't adver-stitute of Personnel Managetise," reports John Angelbeck, a ment survey published carly this year pointed out that too little was being done to help these executives. Too much term assignments for executives emphasis was being placed on above the age of 50. empensating them financially "There are now two or three and not enough on formulating

## Talent bank

Poor response from the companies is a major reason for the disappointments ESB has gone through in seeking jobs for the older redundant or retired executives on its register.

ESB was the prime mover last year for the establishment of a national talent bank drawn from the ranks of older executives. In essence, the idea was to pro-The help that is available to vide a reservoir of expertise and a way of easing some of the these people has been limited experience which could he hardships Imposed by the both by the scale of the problem and the response of com- or voluntary organisations for towards employing short or long term periods.

ESB's own register would likened to "a trickle" rather ESB," Angelbeck explains, provide the basis for this pool than a steady flow. and it was hoped that further inout would come from loose, unofficial links with similar organisations. However, despite a high powered send-off from leading Industrialists like Sir Jack Callard, Sir John Partridge and Lord Plowden, the schema has apparently not yet met with an enthusiastic reception from companies. This is evident from the fact that ESB has only heen

"This means that we have to spend nine tenths of our time working on applications which may not be finalised," ESB's chairman, Philip Gibbs, says.

able to place a merc 12 per

cent of the executives on its

has found placements for only 30. The success of organisations like ESB depends a lot on com-

than a steady flow.

As an example of the hurdles ESB faces in getting assignments for its executives, John Angel-heck points to the difficulty of persuading banks to enlist its help when small companies are found to be in need of guidance.

"There are a lot of small businesses in which the owner dies, often leaving the wife, who knows nothing about the business, in sole charge. The business may maintain lts momentum for a sbort while, but gradually falls away and is put into liquidation. This sort of progression could be avoided if our executives were called in to belp,

ESB currently has about 1,960 number of banks on this. They executives on its register, and accept that our idea is a good since the beginning of the year, one, but the response is the same in each case—they say they are not prepared to risk the bank customer relationship panies going to them for place- helog prejudiced by recomments, but so far, this has been mending organisations such as

INSTRUMENTS

Seeds are

accurately

counted

Another cause of failure in placing the executives is fear of the threat that they pose. A lot of the people on ESB's register are highly qualified; therefore staff in the companies needing assistance feel vulnerable themselves. Finally there is age discrimination.

## Happier

Of course not all redundant executives encounter the same bassles in job-hunting. chances of getting another job depends very much on the individual's background and Instrumeot enexperience. gineers or executives with experience in the oil industry are said to be able to get jobs withio days. The chaoces are also enhanced if the individual is prepared to go overseas.

The greatest difficulties In

hy people in the administrative group—the personoel and general managers, the financial controllers or the marketing

The scenario is not completely bleak, however, A happier note has been struck at the Forty Plus Centre which reports a remarkable degree of success in finding johs for its execu-

Unlike the ESB group, which basically matches people to jobs, the centre, which is a non-profit organisation funded partly by the Government and partly by leading companies, takes its members on a disciplined job search.

"What we do is offer help to people to market their skills and provide a base from which to work," Pauline Hyde, the centre's managing director. states simply.

market their skills and expertise, audio-visual training to help create successful interviews, participate in the exchaoge of information and ideas, as well as ligise with personnel professionals. In addition they library of reference material.

This thorough approach to job seeking has clearly proved effective, since the ceotre enjoys a 96 per cent success rate. In the two years it has been in operation, it has helped find permanent relocations for 50 executives and has failed with only

However, the centre can comfortably accommodate only about 30 members at a time. To be able to join this "club," an executive has to pay a fee of £500 plus VAT for a aix-month package.

If the bill is pald by the company, the one-off fee is £1,500, or £1,000 for a yearly membership. Individuals are charged less because the centre gets grants from the Government, Pauline Hyde says.

Nevertheless, for many of the redundant executives who have passed through the centre, it is But the actual process is a clearly money well spent, since lot more sophisticated. At the the centre's records show that centre, executives are given pro- the majority of them have getting relocated are suffered fessional connselling on bow to moved to higher paid jobs.

# EDITED BY ARTHUR BENNETT AND ALAN CAME

PROCESSING

# Heat treatment of metals

Effective metal cleaner

potently affective up to three high speed.
times longer than ordinary alkarion problems are line solutions, substantial cost virtually eliminated and the possavings are promised with sibility of re-deposition during Unisoak 80, says M and T work transfer is minimised Chemicals, 3 Broadway December 1988

A SMALL sealed quench fur. 15 kW, providing a gross heatnace designed to meet the ing rate of 90 lb per hour at hardening, carburising, carbonitriding and nitrocarhurising needs of tool rooms and the smaller engineering company has been introduced by Wild Barfield, Otterspool Way, Wat-

ford WD2 8HX (Watford 26091). The furnace is also claimed to meet the increasing demand for "clean" heat treatment and obviate the environmental problem of using salt haths in tool rooms and machine shops.

It is alectrically beated with a maximum element rating of

BECAUSE IT can absorb oil.

sludge, etc., better than conven-

Streat, Birmingham (021-648

It has been formulated to pro-

duce exceptionally long bath

life, resulting in a significant extension of periods hetween discard/remake operations and

ture of 1,050 degrees C. A major advantage claimed

for the new furnace is that it does not involve the small user in the purchase of an endothermic gas generator. Furnace atmosphere is provided by Wild Barfield " Carbodrip " fluid comblned with nitrogen and, for carbonitriding, ammonia. It is therefore suitable for clean hardaning processes. Use of lightweight fibre insulation is claimed to minimise heating

remove and absorb large quantities of oils and greases at

# Shovel fits forklifts

Bauer has introduced to the UK a haavy gauge steel shovel which, as an attachment to a fork lift truck, can be used for loading and transporting hulk goods, such as sand, gravel, sawdust, grain, fartiliser or refuse. The shovel bas a toughened steel excavating lip and is fitted to the lift truck's forks, the latter protruding the shovel body through special apertures.

work transfer is minimised.
Said to be highly effective for removing polishing compositions before electro-plating operations, the alkaline cleaner is suggested also for use on a safety chain anchors the unit in position on the forks and prevents unhitching, says Bauer, 14 Broadway, St. James'a variety of substrates, such as farrous metals, zinc, copper and London SW1. (01-222 5483).

Standard units come in widths of 1100 to 2000mm in five stages to bandle from 0.5 to 2 cubic metres. Shovel widths can be specified independently of the distance between the forks, making them suitable for a wide variety of tasks in factories and farms, includiog anow clearance, since the shovel width can exceed the wheel gauge of the fork

Apart from its industrial uses and applications in agriculture, builders and coal merchants should benefit from the unit for measuring and loading materials and solid fuels.

# COMPUTING First hand

for themselves what a microcomputer could do for their company are now catered for by Lion Microcomputers.

is at 227 Tottenham Court Road, London WIP OHX, (01-580 London 7383).

By agreement between the Financial Times and the BBC, information from The Technicol Page is ovailable for use by the Corporation's Externol Services as source material for its overs as broadcasts.

## • DATA PROCESSING

# Weight problems solved

electronic balances made by Obsus can now be connected to using an interface unit devised by the weighing company. The combination of units can then be used as a powerful means of FLOUR millers horticulturists and seed merchaots are offered analysing and comparing large a new ilem of laboratory equipamounts of weighing data with ment called the Count Master display of results on the VDU from Henry Simon (part of

For industrial users a comprehensive software package is available for statistical check-

be essential in the estimation of tions. yield, germination and other factors, and the weight of a selected number of seeds is a

good indication of quality, says The equipment handles all shapes and sizea of grains rang-iog in size from small seeds of about 1-16th inch-such mustard—up to larger seeds like wheat or barley, and is accurate to plus or minus four in 1,000 less than four minutes. modified model is available for larger seeds such as maize or

Products Division, PO Box 31, Stockport, Cheshire (061 428

An accurate count is said to

The instrument has a bright, three-figure digital readout and may be pre-set to count the seeds as presented to it, or any multiple of 100 seeds up to 1,000. Its feeder is fitted with a simple slide adjustment to accommodate the particular seed being counted, and an automatic "error" signal indicates when the maximum counting rate Is

THE "BRAINWEIGH" range of duction rate, etc.) and the computer decides sampling rates and will plck samples at microcomputers random. Tolerance limits are automatically calculated and a con-

Simon Engineering), Special

weighing of pre-packaged gooda compliance with the latest EEC average weight regula-

The user simply enters hasic data about the product (name, nominal and tare weight, pro- of acceptance.

falling below the tolerance limits.
In addition the user can call up a graphical display of the distribution of weight values in the current hatch and a similar,

cumulative display. Batch and cumulative results are tabulated and printed out along with statistical information and an indication of pass or fail for three standard tests

tinuous display ia giveo of

information such as average

weight, standard deviation and the number of samples that are

for building products. heat exchange, fluid power, general engineering, zip fasteners, refined and

IMI Limited. Birminghem, England Ohaus Brainweigh

wrought metals.

machines are all microprocessor controlled and bave large stable weighing platforms with an inclined display window showing easily read digits.

More from Ohaus Scale Corporation, Unit L. Broad Lane, Cottenham, Cambridge CB4 4SW (0954 51343).

# Protects the sheep in winter

ing of a building specially use of a recently developed and the building is available in developed to meet the stockproof windbreak.

any length in militiples of 3 economical and physiological Additional ridge ventilation is metres.

requirements of housing io-lamb available and can be cootrolled Although space requirements ewes, announces McGregor Polybu by the use of ventilator spacers vary with different breeds of tunnels, Soames Lane, Ropley, to suit the varying winter/spring sheep, pen space is generally a Airesford, Hants (096277 2368). requirements. This is built from galvanised Ground plan around which per ewe, and a minimum trough 60 mm diameter steel tubes and the building is designed, is ona space of 0.44 metre each animal

MORE THAN half a million is covered with a specially in which 3 metre wide pens are lambs are lost each year in this treated polythene and meets situated on either aide of a 3 country as a result of hypo- BS 5502 Class 3 for snow and metre wide tractor access road.

lambs are lost each year in the country as a result of hypo-country as a result of hypo-berrial and, during some winters, losses can be as high as a ters, losses can be as high as a Called the Cheviot 9000, it has width of 30 metrea. Feeding provision for ventilation around facility is to the inside along provision for ventilation around facility is to the central access. lambs. Now comes an approach the whole of the perimeter of either side of the central access to the problem with the lauoch- the structure, made possible by road. Construction is modular

minimum of 1.3 square metres

# eipzig Fair

31 August-6 September 1980

German Democratic Republic

Workiwide connections for expanding trade await the businessman at Leipzig Fair. The exhibits of the CMEA states present an impressive picture of the successes of socialist co-operation in research, development and production. The developing countries demonstrate their growing economic capacity, and make Leipzig a major centre for the development of their international trade. The opportunities which Leipzig offers for comparative evaluation are unequalted, especially in the fields of the chemical industry; chemical plant; plastics

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# information

One of London's larger microcomputer retailers, Lion has established a new Business Systems Division so customers can test systems away from the main shop floor and be helped by expert salesmen. Lion Micro

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machinery; textile and shoe-making machinery; paper-making; printing and allied machinery, and all kinds of consumer goods.
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value of Leipzig Fair, Depr. FT , 20 Conduit Street, London W1R 9TD. Tel 01-493 3111.

# High price of cheap petrol

BY WILLIAM CHISLETT

THE MEXICAN Government is whether it should raise the domestic price of its petrol, Mexico's oil export price is subject to iocrease every three mooths, and generally it is raised in line with OPEC rises. The petrol price at home, however, has not risen a centavo since 1976. Top-grade petrol is a mere 37p a gallon and the ord:nary grade 25p.

Mexico, as the world now knows, has vast oil reserves. It's proveo hydrocarhon reserves of barrels are the world's sixth largest; sufficient to last Mexico 60 years at its present rate of consumption.

slightly over 1m square kilometres of Mexico's territory of 2.5m have good oil-hearing prospects and that only about 10 per cent has so far been thoroughly explored. So, given this oil wealth, why the need to raise petrol prices at home, always an uppopular measure?

## Foreign sales

Mexico, says the powerful lobby in favour of maintaining the present price level, has many years yet before it peeds to worry about its oil wells drying up. Every family should have the right to run a car. And to judge from congested and polluted Mexico City, where there are 2m cars, every family

And - here the argument hecomes highly nationalistic -)f the Government needs more revenue then let it come from foreign sales, not from a price increase at home.

Mex)co was the first country in the world to nationalise its o)l industry, and 42 years after 10m tonnes this year, compared the historic event—fervently with 3.7m tonnes in 1979. commemorated every year-every exported harrel of the country's oil is regarded as if It were a plece of ravaged natiooal heritage.

Further, runs the argument, industrial development, spurred on hy cheap petrol, would be d)scouraged and inflation. already running at 25 per cent this year, would rise.

BBC 1

† Indicates programme

6.40-7.55 am Open University

Olitra high frequency only), 925 Noah and Nelly in Skylark, 930 Jackanory, 945 Cheggers Plays Pop. 10.05 Take Hart, 10.25

12.45 pm Cricket: Gillette Gup

semi-ficals. L30 How Do You

Do. 1.45 News. 4.13 Regional News for England (except Lon-

don). 4.15 Play School (as BBC-2

11.00 am). 4.40 Anima) Magic.

5.05 John Graven's Newsround.

5.10 Grandad.

All these arguments have again holding one of its their validity. But, say those about in favour of a more realistic pricing system at home, the country is heing lulled into a false sense of security.

> After all, if you can fill up less than 100 pesos (\$4.4) what incentive is there for the Government to create a decent public transport system? No wonder that Mexico's system is chaotic and that there are 2m cars in the capital.

The most important reason, however, for a domestic price increase is surely that this would give the State more Studies to date show that funds to tackle to a greater degree Mexico's immense social.

> Just a peso a litre incresse (2p) would swell the State's coffers to the tune of \$1m more a day. And an extra peso is hardly going to discourage industrial development, nor is it very inflationary.

Many things could be done in Mexico with the extra money. For a stert the Government could reduce its budget deficit which is estimated at 182hn pesos (\$8bn) thio year.

I would suggest that any increase from raising petrol prices at bome would be best spent on Mexico's Achilles heel—agricul-

## More dire

The situation in Mexico's impoverished and neglected contryside is even more dire this year because of the exceptionally harsh drought. This io causing food production to fall to such an exteot that imports of cereals could be as high as

The Government recently admitted that 27m Mexicans out of a population of 67m are understandards.

Not a peso spent on impraving their lot would he wasted. A full helly is more important for Mexico's continued political stability than keeping petrol ridiculously cheap.

5.55 Nationwide (London and South East only).

8.10 The British Greats (Jack

11.15 News Headlines. 11.17 Ath)etics: The Weltklasse

12.10 am Weather: Regional

All Regions as BBC-1 except as

BBG Cymru/Wales — 5.55 pm Wales Today. 6.20 Lucille Ball io "The Lucy Show." 6.45

Games from Zurich (bigh-

6.25 Dr. Who.

9.00 News.

10.15 Bloomers.

lights).

News.

6.50 Top Sailing. 7.20 Golden Soak.

Hawkins).

10.45 Medica) Express.

9.25 The Good Old Days

# Principles of colour and contrast

AS THE WORK cases off in the attention is now paid to what you plan your improvements, of his arduous cituation. F.T. just to block out the assum time to think how its style could had earlier written on the same he improved. There is always humble subject. Between 1740 scope for a new group of this and 1820. England became plant beside the old group of

The more you know, the more you can conceive of changing. One way to learn is to visit good gardens and wonder why they are hetter than your own. vour garden may become prewhite Iceherg roses, dark hlue lavendar, silver leaves, pinks and ladies mantle. If you are short of space it would be a pity to go over these old vogue ctiches again. Instead you might begin principles which guide the effects you are aiming at and help you to pick more interesting plants. I have been looking through come old advisers and realise that modern gardeners bave discovered less than they sometimes imagined.

## Landscapers

Historians of gardening tend to write as if colour planning and the contrast of shapea and forms were first discovered in the 1890s. Miss Jeky)l is the name which they pass around, a convenient peg for radio programmes and exhibitions. Less top of a garden's qualities. As

mid-August garden, there is grander landscape gardeners however small, try to think in readers will sympathise. famous for its open landscape gardens, parks of grass and trees without flowers. Not many gardeners now bother to read these great planners and perhaps because they were all men. they attract less attention. How-

Another is to talk to their ever there is still much to disowners or to people who take cover in the wide writings of the planting seriously as artists. If last of the landscapers, the you follow them too closely under-estimated Humphrey Repton, a gardener who is in danger the tank of a Volkswagen, the dictable. It is an open secret of hecoming the favourite of most popular car in Mexico, for nowadays that anyone can make investors in rare hooks, although an easy and pretty garden from he had discovered much which was later made fashionable by the women gardeners at the turn this century. Looking round for some prin-

ciples of planting, I have been Instead you struck by Repton's perceptions. with wider You may know his large books with those charming aquatints of English country estates in which a moveable slip allows you to see the prospect before and after bis proposed improvemeota. But unlike Kent or Brown Repton had also thought carefully about plants. He lacked the great range of plants in our modern sbrubberies or borders which were enriched by the world-wide travels of plant collectors obortly after his death. But already, he under-stood very well what planting is about. For he insisted, above

> Following his example, we should still put contrast at the

all, on contrast.

his terms of light and ohade, height and lowness, firm shapes and wesk ontlines, prickly flowers and smooth petals. Repton took this very seriously long hefore the late Victorian garden artists. He refers to a meeting with the statesman Pitt, a confrontation of artist and politician which is hard to imagine in our own times.

I am not heing deliberately vague. The play of light and

and so forth, try to site them

## **GARDENS TODAY**

BY ROBIN LANE FOX

He had been invited to see west and treble the richness of the Prime Minister and was discussing that important problem of the world around 1800: why the eye takes such pleasure in a ounny day. To Pitt's delight, the master gardener pointed out the effects of ounlight on the They are good choices for an vine-leaves in the Prime Ministerial conservatory, bow they took on different colours and textures according to the angle of the sun. The contrast, Repton taught him, lay between a leaf with the light abining on it and the leaf with the light shining through it. Pitt. he said, was so delighted that he took to experimenting with all sorts of leaves which "became new objects of delight to a mind look like his, capable of recording to sun. Generally, try to the buman form, the apparent sharpened more often than not the beauties of Nature as a act on Repton's advice by need of support increases the by looking way back to past relief from the severer duties using trellis and climbers not interest in what is beautiful." I masters of design.

Conversely, B their impact light fuzz of silver leaves or the glossy evergreen leaf of the acanthus can take a direct light onto them. The former lets the light through, the latter hlocks it out and reflects it. open sunny site or a southfacing bed. The grey-blue leaf of the giant

ness of colour can come ont to the full. Silver leaves are too often used in a dark London garden where they are a visual flop. Equally, the pale colours of hostas or greenish yellow of orange blossom

miserable in open

garden's pattern of sunlight. Remember that there are many shade is an extremely impor- sorts of honeysuckle and that tant effect which every book on the red and white Dutch garden design passes over or varieties are just as good 88 mishandles. To be specific, if that huff-white Japanese one you are plenting shruhs with which turns up in every courtred-purple leaves, purple rhus yard. Honeysuckles are easy to train and are just as good in where the late sun will shine shade or sites where the light

through their leaves facing falls directly onto them. The G.T.C. in Sloane Street. SW1 will sell you the last word in trellis-artistry, an expensive stretch of white trellia with a planting space at its foot and a set of wheels. You can move this novelty around the garden wherever space, light or company require, wheeling it to suit the time of day or the romances in the back courtyard. It looks like a small cricket sight-screen, so you could even use it as a backdrop to Boycott in the Centenary test on your portable summer TV. In a country garden it would be too pretentious. In a town, an eye for contrasts could have fun with it.

The more obvious contrasts Hosta Glauco is best away from all direct light where its coolof height and colour were already well known to Repton. After 200 years, we have simply extended them, without changing his ontlook. He phrased it rather differently, as

the assume he was thinking of and drunkards.

> A modern gardener can still do with some willowy plants which hang or need support among stronger neighbours. The clematis is a good example a plant which we confine to the foot of a wall where it lacks dampness and grows less happily. In August the marvellous Jackmanii varieties in blue and purple are at their best, but I would also like to train them up frames of wire or trellis in a border, contrasting their pyramids of flower with the sprawling shapes of herbaceous potentillas and small verbenas. They are a way of bringing height into an August border without introducing too much yellow.

## Textures

There are other contrasts for alert planners, the contrasts in a flower's texture and the contrasts of dark and light leaves. Repton devoted short essays to all of them reminding us how the eve needs recose from the "gaudier sorts of colouring." We should remember what he noticed while we plan for the more obvious virtues, a long season and shades of pink and a contrast between "aspiring" blue. The more critical your and "drooping" plants, adding the thoroughly Georgian judgment that "in vegetables, as in Mine, perhaps yours too, is

CINEMAS

CLASSIC ENTERTAINMENT

O1 352 5095.
Last errormance bookable.
15 LA CAGE AUX FOXLES (AA). Progs.
50n & Wit. 330, 825, 9.05.
22 THE SECRET POLICEMANTS BALL
16A). Progs. Sun. & Wk. 230, 520.
32 Monty Python's LIFE OF BRIAN IAA).
Progs. Sun. & Wk. 2.00, 4.40, 8.10.
42 THE TEMPEST (AA). Sun. & Wk.
2.30, 5.40. B.30.

CLASSIC 1, Z, S; Fraymarker (Piccidily Clrus fine), 01-839-1527.

11: CANT STOP THE MUSIC (A). A Febuors Author-Visual Experience) Them erescutation with Dolby Stereo Sound. Progs. 1,40 (Son. from 2,50), 4,40, 7,45.

2: RAD TIMING (X). Progs. 1,00 (not Sun.), 3,05, 8,40, 8,10.

3: THE BLACK STALLION: (A). Dolby Stereo, Progs. 1,00 (not Sun.), 3,20, 3,55, 6,25.

CLASSIC 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Oxford St. 01-536 0310. (non. Tottenham Court Rd. Tube.)

1.10, 2.30, 5.55, 8.75. CAPITAL CITY 4: BRONCO BILLY (A). CAPITAL CITY (U). From 12.45, 2.40, 5.25, 8.15. 5: THE LORD OF THE RINGS (A). Sep-perts 2.00, 5.00, 8.00.

CLASSIC, Leicester Square. 01.930 091S. ZOMPHES—DAWN OF THE DEAD CO. 1.40 (not Sun.), 4.55. 8.15. THE GREAT BRITISH STRIPTEASE CO. 3.50. 7.05.

CURZON, Carzon Street, W1, 499 3737. COURAGE FUYONS (AA), With JEAN ROCHFORT and CATHERINE OFFEINE English sub-titles), Props. at 2,00 dust Sun.J. 4,10, 6,20, 8,40. Last week.

DDEON HAYMARKET (930 2738-2771).
THE TIN DRUM (X1. Sep. grops. 1.50.
4.50. 8.10. All seats may be booked at box office.

ODEON LERCESTER SQUARE (230 811).
The STAR WARS Sapa continues with
THE EMPIRE STRIKES BACK (ID. Ja 70mm Dolby Seound, Sep. progs, Drs. open Oly 12.00, 3.45, 7.30. All seats may be booked in advance at Theatre Box Office or by cost.

GDEON MARBLE ARCH WZ (723 2011-2 THE SEA WOLVES (A) BEATTING GREGORY PECK, ROGER MOGRE & DAYED NIVEN SEP. Progs. DTS. open Wist. 1.00, 4.10 7.30. Some progs bookable. Also a LEICESTER SQUARE THEATRE.

STUDIO 3, Distord Circus, 437, 3200 Licid Sar. THE DEER HUNTER OX. 12.45, 4.05, 7.30. Late show Sat. 10.50

air conditioned. IRPLANE (A). Progs. 1.00, 3.15.

MISS MARKER (U), Pross.

# Princes Gate set for Salisbury

NO ONE has a record to com- hetter company on bis home pare with Franca Vittadini in course. the ever-lengthening list of races confined to lady amateur riders, and it comes as no surprise to find that Harry Thomson Jones has snapped ber up for Princes Gate today.

The pair look set to add to impressive individual tbeir records in Salisbury's Elizabeth Ladies Stakes.

## RACING BY DOMINIC WIGAN

Unraced as a juvenile, Gate opened his Princes account at the third time of asking with a win over today's of Playboy Juhilee, Prince Bee one mile course and distance earlier in the summer and then proceeded to follow up in far Newyddion: News. 6.55-7.20 Ask The Family. 12.10 am News and

Scotland - 1.25-1.30 pm The

Scottish News, 5.55-6.25 Reporting Scotland, 12.10 am News and

Weather for Scotland. Northern Ireland—4.13-4.15 pm

6.20 Scene Around Six. 12.10 am

Eogland — 5.55-6.25 pm Look East (Norwich); Look North (Leeds, Newcastle); Look North-

west (Manchester); Midlands

Today (Birmingham); Points West (Bristol); South Today (Southampton); Spotlight South

BBC 2

6.40-7.55 am Open University:

1.20 pm Cricket: Gillette Gup

7.45 Mid-Evening News including subtitles. 7.55 Top Crown.

10.45 Newsoight. 11.30 Cricket: Gillette Cup

LONDON

9.30 am Paint Along With Nancy. 10.00 The Best of Families. 10.50 Mystery Island. 11.00

Animated Glassics. 11.45 On

Stopy Beaches. 12.00 The Advec-

tures of Rupert Bear. 12.10 pm Raiobow. 12.30 About Britain.

1.00 News, plus FT lodex. 1.20 Thames News. 1.30 Crown Court.

2.00 Live from Two. 2.45 Fantasy Island. 3.48 Cabbages and Kings.

(highlights).

Movie Showcase: "Lost In The Stars," starring Brock

News

News and Weather for Northern except at the following times:

Weather for Wales.

ortnern treiand

West (Plymouth).

10.20 Gharbar.

6.55 Dallas.

11.00 Play Schoo).

Peters. 10.15 Journey Back.

semi-finals.

4.50 Open University.

There, brilliantly bandled by amateur John Hills, in the Britvic Slimster Stakes, Princes

Gate best Nawaf a chade more convincingly than the balflength verdict might suggest for Hills at no time asked more than was otricily required. The form of that Newmarket race could hardly have worked out hetter for Nawaf, seven

lengths ahead of third place Frasass-to whom be was conceding 7 lbs—has since won twice. Frasass also came good with a comfortable victory in a £2,500 event at Doncaster. Unless Ghaplins Nightcluh can recapture the form which

saw him finishing on the heels and Tie Anchor in the Dee Stakes, Princes Gate will have matters very much his own way. 8.00 The Big Top Variety

9.00 Women of Courage.

Year 1980.

12.30 am The 8ig Quostion. ATV

11.30 The New Avengers.

10.30 The Granada Band of the

12.25 am Close: Personal choice

All IBA Regions as London

ANGLIA

10.50 am Call It Maceroni. 11.15 The Beechcombers. 11.40 Cartoon Tima. 12.30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1.20 Anglia News. 2.45 General Hospital. S.15 Mr. and Mrs. 8.00 About Anglia.

10.50 am The Stationary Ark. 11.15 Animated Classics. 12.30 pm Against The Wind. 1.20 ATV Newsdask. 2.45

The Outsiders. S.15 Doctor Down Under. 8.00 ATV Today including Palice Five. 11.30 ATV Nawsdask.

BORDER

10.50 em Jazz Series, 11.15 Clue Club. 11.35 The Count of Monte Cristo. 12.30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1.20 Acrder News. 0.00 Looksround Wednesdey. 11.30 Calebrity Concert ) Englebert Humpardinck). 12.25 am Border Naws Summary. CHANNEL

9.25 am First Thing. 10.50 The Jazz Seriaa (Georga Chisholm/Carol Kidd/ Morrissey-Mullen Bend). 11.16 Thonder-birda. 12.30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1.20 North News. S.15 Mr. and Mrs. 5.00 North (ews. B.10 Wild Wild World of Animals. 10.30 Reflections. 10.35 Tha

Kannedya Oon't Cry. 12.15 am North

GRANADA

URAIVALIA

10.45 am The Nature of Things. 11.45
Song 800k. 12.30 pm An Exceptional
Child. 1.20 Granada Reports. 2.45
Young Remsay. S.15 Mr. and Mrs.
8.00 Granada Reports News. 8.05
What's The Word ? 11.30 Spoonar's
Patch. 12.00 Gaorga Hamilton IV.

HTV

Speed merchant, Star Story, has clearly passed on more than a little of ber ability to Hot Press and I suspect it will take a smart effort, by one of this filly's opponents to prevent per completing a double in the Swan National Rentals Stakes. Despite running green at Wolverhampton on July 21, where she was also not helped hy a low draw, Hot Press got up to foil a gamble on Try. travelscene.

> SALISBURY 2.00--Cumulus

2.30-Gln Game 3.00-Hot Press\*\* 3.30-Princes Gate\*\*\*

4.00—African Rhythm 4.30—Oldstock

5.00-End Of War

Oown Under. 11.30 Ride To A Spanish

Virgin,
HTV Cymru/Wales—As HTV West/
HTV General Service except: 11.55 sm12.10 pm Ffalabalam. 1.20 Penawdau
Newveddion Y Oydd. 1.25-1.30 Report
Wales Headlinas. 3.45-4.75 Looks
Femillar. 4.45-5.18 Ni A Nhw. 0.00
Y Oydd. 8.15-8.30 Report Wales. 10.30
Bywyd, 11.15-12.00 Boxing. SCOTTISH

10.50 am Call It Macsroni. 11.10
Westside Medical. 12.30 pm An Excaptional Child. 1.20 News and Road and
Weether. 2.45 Chooger Squad. S.15
Popeye. S.20 Crossroada. 6.00 Scotland Today. Naws and High Summer
Extra. 6.30 Happy Oays. 11.30 Late
.Call 11.35 Enterprise. SOUTHERN

10.50 am Tenderra. 11.45 Larry The Lamb. 12.30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1.20 Southern News and Westher. 2.45 General Hospital. S.15 The Underses Adventures of Captein Nemo. 5.20 Croasroads. 6.00 Oay 2y Day. 6.35 Scene Mid-Week ) South East Area only). 10.35 First Edition. 11.20 Sidestreet. TYNE TEES

TYNE TEES

9.20 am The Good Word followed by North East News Headlines. 10.50 She Nature of Things. 11.50 George Hamilton. 12.30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1.20 North East News and Whers the Jobs Are. 2.45 Wildlife Cinema. 3.15 The Story of Wine. 5.15 Mr. and Mrs. 6.00 North East News. 6.02 Crosaroads. 6.25 Northern Life. 10.30 North East News. 10.32 The Prime of Miss Joan Brodis. 11.30 The Granads Band of the Year 1980. 12.30 am Epilogue. ULSTER

ULSIEK
10.50 am The Jazz Series. 11.16
Untamed World. 11.40 Cartoon Time.
1.20 pm Lunchtima. 2.48 Young
Remasy. 4.13 Ulster Naws Headlines.
S.15 Certoon Time. S.20 Crossroeds.
6.00 Ulster Television News. B.15 Went
A Job ? 6.30 Mind Your Language.
10.29 Ulster Weather. 11.30 Gardening Today. 12.00 Sertims.

10.50 am The Count of Monte Cristo.
11.10 Call It Mecaroni. 11.35 Our Little
Town. 12.30 pro Tell Me Another.
1.20 Calendar News. 2.45 Tandarra.
S.15 Stay Alive Goss Exploring. 8.00

# ENTERTAINMENT GUIDE

**OPERA & BALLET** 

THEATRES .

Tomor. Pri., Sat. Evgs. at 7.00. Mats Thurs and Sat 2.00.
COMEDY THEATRE. CC. 930 2578.
Mon. Sat. 9,00, Mat. Pri. and Sat. 8.30. THE ROCKY HORROR SHOW.
sales Box Office 01-779 5061. Last 5.00. Mat. Pri. and Sat. 8.30. Weeks. MUST END SEPT. 13.
CRITERION. 930 3216. CC. 579 9568.
Group bkgs. 379 5061 or 836 3982.
Eves. 8. Fri. and Set. 0 and 8.45. Air conditioning. Robio Ray, Jonathon 100 Control Tricks Georga in Tomfocklery, the words and music and lyrics of Tom Lehrer.
DUCHESS TH. CC. 01-030 8243. Grp. sales 379 5061. Evs. 8.00. Sat. 5.30 and 8.35. Thurs Mats. 3.00. Maria Altiken.
MICHAEL JAYSTON In Noel Coward's PRIVATE LIVES.

CURE DF YORR'S. CC. 836 5122.

WESTWARD

10.50 am The Jazz Series. 11.15
Kum Kum. 11.40 Larry The Lamb in
Toyrown. 12.30 pm An Exceptional
Child. 1.20 Westward Naws Headlines.
S.12 Gue Honeybun's Sirthdays. S.16
Hagoy flays. 8.00 Westward Dilery.
10.31 Westwerd Late News. 11.35 The
Electric Theatre 6how. 12.00 Rables—
Sometime or Never? 12.13 am Faith
For Life. 12.20 West Country Westhar
and Shipping Forecest.
YORKSHIRE

10.50 am The Count of Monta Cristo.

a SHE W. CHIVERI UPILLU HALF-PRICE,
ALDWYCH, 5, B36 6404, CC 579 6233,
10-6, Sats, 10-4), Info. 836 5332, Fully
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TINE PARTY by Rodner Ackland Story
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Aug. 23.

PRIVATE LIVES.

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GLENDA JACKSON ROSE. A new play
by Andrew Dayles. Evgs. 6.00. May.

Wed. 3.00. Sat. S.00. Over 150 totally
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for today at Theatre. Must end Aug. 30th

CHANNEL

12:30 pm An Exceptional Child. 1:20
Channel Lunchtime Nawa, Whet's On
Where end Weather. 5.13 Happy Days.
0.00 Channel Nawa and Weather. 8.10
About Turn. 10:28 Channel Lata Newa.
11:35 The Electric Theatre Show. 12:00
Rabies—Somethime Or Naver? 12:16
am Newa and Waather in French
Iollowed by Epiloguo.

GRAMPIAN

9:25 am First Thing. 10:50 The Jazz WESTWARD

7355 G U1-379 6067 ALEERY, 5. From 9 am 01-836 3878. CC. 279 8565. Groun bks. 836 3962 or 379 5067. Alf copc. Ex-8 7.45. Mass. Thus. 5067. AL OLIVERI CHILO HALF-PRICS.

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WILLIAM FRANKLYN in Ira Levie's
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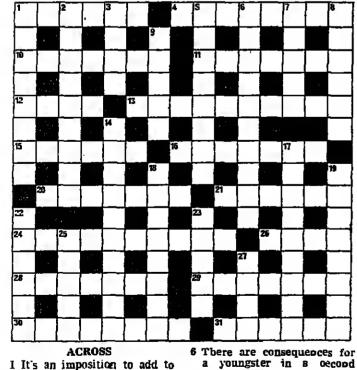
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(5-3)

7 Is the girl to bave children?

antidote" (Macbeth) (9)

19 Early culture for one in the

22 Love song causes upset at

23 Flower girl asked for ber

"In fair round belly with

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the enclosure (6) 4 Raise your voice about rock filling (8) 10 Offensive outcry about the 8 Cut round Rhode Island-it's

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order (7)

like the kiwi (10) 15 Pasts for the simpleton (6) 18 Top score? It's humbug 16 Spy returns the gun to the killer of bulls (7) 20 Dives to ancient Lydia (7)

21 Everyone in the opera house gets the hammer (6) 24 The term that blooms when joined by 23 (10)

26 Flat, hut bring on tea. and

it is quite an occasion (4) 28 Punishment spoils true delight (7) 29 Portent or a lady from Italy

20 Offered a small boat to the

31 Nothing in the hottle for the

eastaway (6) DOWN

editor (8)

1 Taste for a swan-song (8) 2 Our big hen upsets the chap

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4.15 The Whisper of Glocken. 4.25 How. 4.45 Maggie's Moor. 5.45 News. 6.00 Thames News.

1053kHz/285m 1089kHz/275m

2 693kHz/433m 909kHz/330m & 88-91vhf stereo

(S) Stereophonia broadcest

† Medium wave

5.00 am As Redio 2. 7.00 Mike Read.

9.00 Simon Bates. 11.00 Peter Powell
with the Radio 1 Roadshow, 12.30 pm
Newsbest. 12.45 Paul Burnert. 2.00
Andy Peebles. 4.31 Richard Skinner.

7.00 Radio 1 Mailbag. 8.00 Adnian Jay.

5.50 Newsbest. 10.00 John Peel )S).

12.00-5.00 am As Radio 2.

S.00 am News Summery. 5.03 Rey

S.00 am News Summery. 5.03 Rey Moore )S). 7.32 Terry Wogan (S). 10.03 Jimmy Young (S). 12.05 pm Oevid Hamilton )S). 2.03 Ed Stewart's Request Show )S). 4.03 Much More Music (S). B.03 Gillette Cup Special )finel stages of both eemi-finels). 7.30 John Dunn (S) (joins VHF). 8.02 Listen to the Band )S). 2.46 Alan Doll with Dance Band 1S). 2.46 Alan Doll with Dance Band 1ays. 9.15 Among Your Souvenirs (S). 9.55 Sports Desk. 10.02 The Impressioniats. 10.30 Hubert Gregg says Thanks for the Memory. 11.02 Brien Motthew Wilh Round Midnight including 12.00 News. 2.02-5.00

RADIO 1

RADIO 2

7.00 Don't Just Sit There. 7.30 Coropstion Street.

Radio Wavelengths

3 1215kHz/247m & 90-92.5vhl sters o

10.50 am Sasame Streat. 11.50 Popeye. 12.30 pm Against The Wind. 1.20 Report Wost Hardlines. 2.45 The Outsiders. 3.45 The Good Neighbour Show. S.1S Dick Tracy. 5.20 Cross-roads. 8.00 Ragort West. 0.30 Doctor

**Bac Radio Lendon** 

London Broadcasting: 11S1kHz, 261m & 97.3vhf

Composer: Vetdi (6). 10.00 Music for Organ (8). 10.45 88C Concert Otcheatre (8). 11.26 Obos and Plano recital (8). 12.00 Royal Livarpool Philharmicnic Orchestro Concert, part 2 (8). 1.00 News, 1.05 Concert, part 2 (8). 1.50 The Part-Song Rapertory (5). 2.20 A Tipgett Concert (8) including 3.10-3.20 Interval Reading. 3.55 Nolmbos String Quartets (8). 4.55 News. 5.00 Mainly for Pleasure (8). 4.65 News. 5.00 Mainly for Deasure (8). (1 and monn only from 6.20). 7.00 Music Now. 7.30 Proms. concert, part 1: Mozert, Bam (8), 8.10 Six Continents. 8.30 Proms. gart 2: Mozert, Berg (8). 9.35 Vivaldi (8). 9.45 Scientifically Speaking, 10.30 Bracha Edge and Alexandar Tamir 2-Plano, tecital (8). 11.00 Naws. 11.05-11.15 Siave Raick (8).

RADIO 4

11.1S Sieve Raicb (S).

VHF only—6.00-7.00 am and 8.20-7.00 pm Dpan University; and for students in Radio Scotland and Radio Cymru areas only: 12.00-1.00 am.

Your Souvenirs (S). 9.55 Soorts Desk.

10.02 The Impressioniats. 10.30 Hubert
Gregg says Thanks for the Memory.
11.02 Brien Matthew with Round Midnight, including 12.00 News. 2.02-5.00
am You and the Night and the Music

S).

RADIO 3

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Capital Radio

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News, 12.02 pm You And Yours, 12.27
You've Got To Ba Joking (\$), 12.56
Weather: programme naws, 1.00 The
World At One, 1.40 The Archers, 1.55
Shipping lorscaet, 2.00 News, 2.02
Woman's Hour, 3.00 News, 3.02 Listen
With Mother, 3.15 Afternoon Thestre,
4.00 Chorel Evensong (\$), 4.45 Short
Story, 5.00 PM News magszine, 6.50
Shipping forecast, 0.55 Weather; porgramme naws, 0.00 News, 6.30 The
Year in Question, 7.00 News, 7.05 The
Archars, 7.20 Checkgoint, 7.45 The
Colleges of Work; Will work become
a thing of the past? (\$), 2.45 Analysis,
9.30 Kaleidgscope, 8.59 Weather, 10.00
The World Tonight, 10.30 Rumgole,
11.00 A Book At Bedtima, 11.15 The
Fimencial World Tonight, 11.30
Unforgetzables with Edward Cole, 12.00 Finencial World Tonight. 11.30 Unforgertables with Edward Cole. 12.00 BBC Radio London

London Broadcasting 6.00 am AM—Douglas Moffirt and Alan King. 10.00 Brian Hayez—Presented by Vivian White. 12.00 L8C Reports. 2.00 pm Jazz Alter Eight—Keith Howell. 8.00 Wika Oickin—Nightline. 12.00 L8C Reports Midnight. 1.00 am Night Extra—Carol Allan. 4.00 Network. 6.00 Morning Mueic.

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# Stretch marks by WINSTON FLETCHER

Eccentricity is the soul of mores and civilisation of the Open University lesson in In reality her own acts of tlevision. To keep you wide Karamojong, a then flourishing romanticised social anthrop courage were finished 15 cannot be resolved by BBC proceed and wakeful from Nation—warrior people among whom, ology—lots of references to minutes after the programme ducers tripping off to Nevada and Hamburg — sententiously ictable. Even the everyday believably good."

lagas of everyday folk like me, you and Elsie Tanner must be infant mortality and short life built—as indeed they are—upon an endless concatenation of tiny. quirky melodramas (satirised so wittily by Soop Itself).

Happily, last week's documentaries fed viewers a feast of cranks and oddities: some malign, some benign, some just amiably dotty. Less happily, few of the subjects were suffic-iently spellbinding to sustain the lengthy treatment allotted them.

This may have been a result, particularly in the BBC's case, of impecunious hard-times forcing them to stretch their programmes with material which in their hearts they knew was dull; it may have been a result, particularly in ITV's case, of low summer ratings justifying only low budget programmes; or it may simply have been a brief epidemic of that

Ours not to reason wby. Whatever the excuse the results were
often inexcusable. Take for example Friday evening's eccentric) people hy the malign

Survival special A Tear for Karamojo (ITV). Eighteen years

Karamojo (ITV). Eighteen years

The merciless destruction of However the editorial corset demanded that the men's valour should take a back seat. This had the effect—sacriligious though it somehow seems to say the same that the same that the men's example the Nazis.

expectancy; no matter that adult males spent four days at a time at the hairdresser (Mr. Teasy-Weasy, where are you now?) while "the woman's place was while wherever there was dirty, backbreaking work to be done"; no matter that a breakfast of raw oxblood mixed with milk often comprised an entire day's nourishment; no matter that droughts and famines must in-droughts and famines must in-evitably have decimated the tribes regularly over the cen-turies: to the Survival team the Karamojong were a happy hand

of lovable, noble savages, Into this primitive paradise marched Idi Amin'a army. Amin ordered the tribesmen to wear

ago in Northern Uganda a Sur. Sadly A Tear for Koramojo was so — of over-extending Ms. vival camera team recorded the little more than a protracted Lund's audacious achievements.

Stretch marks of a different kind afflicted last week's Women of Courage (FTV) episode, lo which Norwegiao heroine Sigrid Lund relived her Women traumatic experiences of World War II. By definition beroines are uncommon and thus in-herently fascinating. Likewise by definition, any programme called Women of Courage is in-herently sexist—and silly to

Because of the inverse malechauvinist title Ms. Lund's unquestionable bravery was elevated heroically. Yet as her story unfolded it became palpably clear that ber husband. son and innumerable male colresult, particularly in ITV's case, of low summer ratings justifying only low budget procedures; or it may simply have been a brief epidemic of that well-known television producers' debility indulgentia editorialis—the obsessional love of film-makers for their own footage.

Ours not to reason why. Whatleagues had displayed still

ipilogue the documentaries, script, "marriage and old people spiced with ostringent but easy three-quarters of an hour she peeping through their lenses at called People of Courage, would have been unobjectionable, now know what Wimpy's get up Quite what has brought about to when the chef goes home. the receot spale of catchpenny sexist series (The Lodykillers is Gome would by many be another) is yet another of television's unsolved mysteries, A very different, if equally eccentric, species of courageous woman appeared in the BBC'a

50th Inaide Story feature. On the Game. Ostensibly provoked by Southampton Council's current crisis of indecision as to what to do ahout the legal prostitution burgeoning around its dockland, this soft-porn documentary offered viewers a panoramic picture of the curreot state of wboring round the world.

In Germany it has been organised, systematised, sanitised and authorised. (Interviewer: "Would you describe yourself as a pimp?" Hamhurg respondent: "No. 1'm a businessman." Interviewer: "What's The difference?" Respondent:
"I pay taxes.") Disregarding questions of morality, the outcome looks a lot less thao appetising.

hygienic, but not, apparently, much fun. Nor did Soho or Amsterdam provide the answers to mankind's eternal sexual predlcameot. But then only a breathtakingly naïve Southampton councillor, or a BBC producer, would have expected otherwise.

The arguments for and

say on the aubject; and is borough's script was a model uf equally why the same points concise precision.

Were incessantly repeated, Almost as concise and precise, were incessantly repeated, and child molesting, is better controlled than left to fester." cannot be condoned, let alone given tacit respectability by

right through to the according to the portentous rituals and quaint customs— started. For the remaining and Hamburg — sententiously frame, news and entertainment were bighly respected, children anger at Amin. Worst of all, merely recounted events in according to the narrator, "a hust be unusual, curious, unprewere loved, and life was ungiven the tragic importance of which she had been an almost town alight at inght with provithe subject, because it was mute participant. A gripping ing hamburgers." Ah well. Even protracted it became boring. tale which, had it been correctly if On the game provided on profound revelations, at least you

> If the eccentrics in On the described as perverse, the eccentrics in I Hore Seen Yesterdoy (BBC) would by most be described as atraightforward, endearing nutters. Iodeed the programme might more aptly have been called Nutters Anonymous. Anonymous not insofar as the participants were aecretive about who they were, far from it—but anonymous in that each of them seemed to be rather a large number of people: some living, some not so living (none dead, because all of them believed in reincarnation in which creed dcath, presumably, is an outmoded concept).

A trifle unfairly, if most enjoyably, interviewer/producer Hugh Burnett played it for giggles. This was not difficult. Ladies with brightly varnished fingernails who believe themselves to be James IV, judges who clearly recall baving been one of Pharoah's bodyguards, popsingers dressed as mummles and the rest of the gallimaufry In America, where brothels of everlasting beings were diffi-have now been legalised in cult to take too seriously. three states, the outcome is Nevertheless the subject does clean, wholesome, bealthy and raise some profound questions, and these were left unasked. Still, nobody could accuse I Hore Seen Yesterday of being tediously attenuated.

Nor could that accusation be levelled at the same evening's go no further. brief gem Gilbert White Lived Here (BBC), in which David Attenborough gave a perfect demonstration of bow to encapagainst prostitution have not adsulate one of history's great vanced one jot or tittle in 2,000 cranks in 15 tigbtly-packed years (at least). Which is why none of the protagonists ln On irritating and unnecessary the Gome had anything new to rhetorical questions, Atten-

again and again throughout the in fact, as White's own maragain and again throughout the programme. Pragmatists (in-vellously lucid prose. As the cluding assorted prostitutes, prim 18th-century curate cluding assorted prostitutes, prim 18th-century curate pimps and "realists" of all shouted at bees to see if they kinds): "Prostitution cannot be coud hear, or studied the sex stopped, is a necessary - nay lift of Selhourne earthworms by desirable—evil, minimises rape the light of a candle, his words breathed real everlasting life

Young Vic Studio

# Ya' acobi and Leidental

by B. A. YOUNG

You might not guess it from the modesty of their offering but the Cameri Theatre is Tel Aviv's municipal theatre. There are two auditoriums, a large one seating 900 and a smaller seating 350, and it is from the latter that we get Hanoch Levine's Ya' acobi and Leidental, a comedy for three players with no scenery but a traverse curtain and three wooden chairs.
"Comedy" ia the author's word for it but it is hardly

light-bearted. Levine displays contempt for hoth of his men characters, the arrogant Ya'acobi and the masochistic Leidental, and undiluted batred for the woman whose favours they sbare, the fat pianist Ruth Shahash. They do not share her equally: Ya'acobi plcks ber up in the atreet, greeting ber stoopiog figure with the words "Who is the mistress of this bottom?" and quickly carries her off to wedlock. Leidental. deprived of the friend with whom he used to drink tea and play dranghts, presents himself present and settles down to a life of pleasurable servitude. All this and its subsequent

unwinding is shown in what I can only call a diagrammatic way. It manages to fill a whole evening hy the uae of long soliloquies analysing the motives that drive the three of them, and some songs by Alex Cagan that refer so frankly to hodily functions that even if I wanted to I couldn't write the lyrics here. The first song, sung by Ruth, has a chorus that runs "Big Bum is ever with me," and this is followed by "Beautiful boobs"; but I can

Ruth is shown as completely elfish. "I'll send bim in a selfish. bill for this," sbe says whenever Ya'acohi approaches her. "I (Leidental), and they are the punch-line left out, you will almost invested some anger in directed by the author. If their have an idea of bow the play him," she says when Leidental playing seems a little to lack impressed me.



Zaharirah Charifal and Albert Cohen

falls to come up to standard. fire, this may be because the ludicroua in her.

The only decent quality abe play was written in Hebrew displays is a belief in the and is done bere in English. family, but Levine makes it In whatever tongue, however, · the jokes are too far apart and The players are Zaharirah too thinly spread. If you can Charifai (Ruth), Albert Cohen imagine a Donald Magill post-(Ya'acobl) and Joseph Carmon card on a Jewish subject, with

# 1981 Glyndebourne Festival

val will run from May 27 to man of Glyndebourne Produc-August 11, with 64 performances tions at the end of the 1980 tween May 30 and July 4.

A Midsummer Night's Dreom

The new productions will he Rossini's Il borbiere di Siviglia opera not given at Glyndebourne 1947) is sponsored by Commerand Britten's A Midsummer since 1960) is sponsored by cial Union. It is conducted by Night's Dreom. The revivals will Imperial Tobacco. It will be pro-

· Festival.

The 1981 Glyndebourne Festi- by Mr. George Christie, chair- and designed by William Dud-

(the first Britten opera to be Il borbiere di Siviglia (an given at Glyndebourne since Glyndebourne's musical director, controlled than left to fester." into the succinct filmlet. Though he Mozart's Lc nozze di Finaro, dueed hy Glyndebourne's Bernard Haltink, with Sir Peter Moralists (mostly Christian, but including other varieties of beincluding other varieties of

Scene from 'A Tear for Karamoja'

## Elizabeth Hall

# Summer Music by DAVID MURRAY

The familiar Summer Music quartet with what they were prominent moments were all was a shade brittle—Ax was formula—well-known soloists hearing, a different and unstrument allowed to tell, and the trio ultra-scrupulous about not mainstream chamber repertoire Sonata in C was in any case loved by the sand unstrument moments were all was a shade brittle—Ax was an allowed to tell, and the trio ultra-scrupulous about not managed a perfectly plausible swamping his partners, and balance—a feat especially reven where the piano bas the mainstream chamber repertoire
—was in force on Monday, and
also the familiar Summer Music
risk of whimsical last-minnte
programme changes: This time
It was only a matter of exchanging one Trio Sonata doubtfully
by Bach for another of still
more doubtful authorship: no
cause for serious complaint but
in and Emanuel Ax's plano Mr.

sprightly.

The major work was the Piano Quintet op. 44 of Schu-mann, again with Ax and with more doubtful authorship: no cause for serious complaint, but lin and Emanuel Ax's piano. Mr. oce may hope that subsequent programmea will prove less unstable than last summer's. (One concert found the audience trying frustratedly to match the Tbough the strings have modest printed description of one string aupporting roles, their few modes and mann's writing was narrowed a little by that), but no fudging on viola). Again the collective balance was most delicately lavisbed such brilliant virtuosity on the Finale that even its dutiful fugato section sounded exciting.

balance—a feat especially remarkable given the acoustic bazards of the hall. The infectious Finale was dazzlingly seemed self-conscious in conseemed self-conscious in con-text—the later movements grew ever more extrovert and confi-(perhaps the breadth of Schu-

## Montepulciano

On a recent Saturday, outside and seven ugly daughters. The more the Teatro Poliziano here, an eager, large crowd was ready to fight its way into the opera to fight its way into the opera house. It was eight o'clock, a full bour before curtain-time; hut the theatre is small, and expectation was high: it was the opening night of a new work by Hans Werner Henze, Pollicino. In the crowd there were many familiar faces—lead-ing Italian music critics officials of the RAI, a repreofficials of the RAI, a representative of the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden—but there were also many local citizens. They were, in fact, the families of the performans, because Pollicino was written with the children of Montewith the children of Monte-pulsian in mind: they were to sing most of the leading roles, and they were to form most of the singular orchestra for which the piece is acored. Henze bad succeeded in combining in im-portant international musical promiers with a joyous familypremiere with a joyous, family the recorder (and the predomistyle town festa. It was a heady mixture, and the high spirits were infectious. The new work was a wild success.

lation of Policino is "Hop-omy-thumb." In any event, the
libretto (by Giuseppe Leva) of
this "fairy-tale in music," as
Henze defines it, includes all
the familiar elements of such the familiar elements of such was simply, hut ingeniously tales, sometimes /seen in a staged by Willy Decker, with slightly unfamiliar/light. Pollissets and costumes by Peter abandoned in the forest by their by the local school-children, poor parents, mable to feed. The piece, which lasts under an them. They find their way hour and a half, moved home, but the parents again smoothly. My guests at the take them to the forest. This time, the animals befriend them and lead them to shelter. But was seeing human beings on a the shelter times out to be the castle of an ogre, with a wife life. Both he and his slightly a new programme to tour in Company.

Henze wrote the music for young performers, but be did not write down to them. The tunes may be simple, often with o folk quality, but the har-monies are not; and the rbythms may be cateby, familiar (there are several waltzes), but they are also occasionally tricky, angular. The young performers managed very well.

As part of Montepulciano's year-round programme, the town—at Henze's inatigation has sponsored the "Concentus Politianus," conceived and directed by Gaston Fournier-Facio, who bas been training the enthusiastic (and gifted) young instrumentalists in the orchestra, some of whom played music for the first time only six months ago. The orchestration of Pollicino thus favours sion is also rich and prominent. I believe the standard trans- London audiences will be able

cino and his prothers are Nagel, based on lively drawings abandoned in the forest by their by the local school-children.

the stage into the violin section) only added to their unrestrained pleasure. But older members of the public also bad a good

Though Henze almost always presents one important new work of bis in Montepulciano, the Cantiere, the work-site, as be inaists on calling it (reject-ing the word "festival"), is not self-celebratory. The pro-gramme is always wide-ranging. This year, in the opera department, it also included a new production of Rossini'a La ceneren-tola, with the Young Musicians' Symphony Orchestra and the British Choir Abroad, both from London and both admirable. played with rousing verve; the as well as mpsically.

dance companies.

tour early in 1981.

and lead them to shelter. But was seeing human beings on a A bursary for Christine design and construct a new set the shelter terms out to be the stage for the first time in his Juffs will enable her to create for the Rosemary Butcher

this could be a detrimental policy: his works, as a rule, demand experienced artists. But, to a large degree, the young interpreters in this Cenerentola compensated with talent and musicality for their lack of experience. In particular, Anna Maragaki was a touching Cenerentola (looking, at least from my box, just a blt like Mrs. Wally Simpaon, an apposite re-semblance). She faced the hravura passages with security, and she paid due attention to recitative. Her prince Ramiro was Gary Beonett; the voice is perhaps small, hnt attractive and elegantly, unerringly handled. Though bis Italian was not always comprehensible, John Michael Flanagan made a good Magnifico, less huffo than the usual portrayal, and more The orchestra under Gianluigi bumao. Except for a few tedious Gelmetti's fluent directioo, games with the lights and an bumao. Except for a few tedious occasional intrusive misuse of chorus — heard also in after-moon programmes of Bach Lombardo Radice's staging was motets — was agile physically simple and cogent; Aldo Buti created necessarily emhlematic Montepulciano svoids big- sets, nice to lok at, and dename singers, and for Rossini lightful Napoleonic costumes.

## Arts Council dance awards

Arts Council has approved dance awards to choreographers and a designer for new works commissioned hy professional

Stuart Hopps receives a commission fee to create a solo for Tamara McLorg's one-Northampton in October and to

Under its scheme to assist autumn 1981 with Dancework creative talent in Dance, the the company she formed in Janet Smith, the Leeds-born dancer and artistic director of her own group, Janet Smith and

> new works to be performed by ber group later this year. Rosemary Butcher receives a bursary to help her create a new programme and there is an award for Jon Groom to

towards the production costs of

# The New Sri Lanka -Opportunities for Business

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Wednesday August 13 1980

# Relief in the oil market

feeling mildly euphoric about the recent fall in some of the Folly more extreme oil prices.

As some African exportersand at least one North Sea producer-have found to their cost. oil refiners can now huy spot market cargoes of high grade crude at prices several dollars helow contract rates. Western European refiners claim that in certain cases it is cheaper to huy spot lots of refined products than to process their own crude.

In these circumstances the producers of high-price crude oil—they include Iran, Lihya, Algeria, Nigeria and the UK— are coming under increasing market pressure to lower their contract rates.

Conceivably, the UK (through its major trader, British National Oil Corporation), could take the lead and trim North Sea tariffs. In the current slack market the action might he sufficient to bring the contract levels of high grade oil realistically closer to the prices of inferior Middle East crude. The differential between these two groups of crudes has never heen greater—as much as \$10 a harrel hetween the rates charged by Saudi Arabla and Algeria, for instance.

It could he argued that the UK would be helping itself and doing a favour to other major oil consumers at the same time. On the wider front, the moderating stance would further gloss off the "petropound" and themselves hampered by the high exchange rate of ster-

Government revenues. Petroleum Exporting Countries saving energy.

THE GREAT thing about being would respond by cutting repeatedly banged on the head premium charges rather than hy is that It feels wonderful when trimming contract tariffs. This the heating stops. So it is with would he important. It is estioil prices. After 18 months of mated that at least 17 per cent incessant increases, western of OPEC crude is being sold at nations might be forgiven for premiums above official prices.

> What is clear is that any decision to tinker with UK oil prices must be taken on com-mercial, rather than political, grounds. Traditionally Britain has followed, rather than led, on oil price movements; it would be commercial folly for the UK to try to stand alone

By the same token it is too early for consumers to gloat over the discomforture of some OPEC countries. The price reversal is only at the fringes. even if it has been dramatised by Saudi Arabia's hold insistence on holding its reference price at \$28 a harrel, well below average levels. And with oil prices rising so rapidlyalmost 150 per cent in the past 18 months—it was perhaps inevitable that there would be some overkill.

What is heartening in the present situation is that consumers are at last regaining some of the initiative. Lowering of demand has been an important contributory factor Non-communist world demand is now running at ahout 46.5m harrels a day, almost 9 per cent down on the average for last year and between 2m and 2.5m h/d lower than was expected within the industry six months

## Conservation

The U.S., often vilified for its dampen the general level of oil profligacy, has cut its energy be a henefit to refiners, who use about half of the UK North imports by 14 per cent on last year. In the UK the consumptions of oil products has been product buyers. A lower price than of oil products has been might also take some of the 14.5 per cent down on the first off the "petropound" and half of last year. The same is industrial exporters who true of other major oil consuming nations.

These henefits could can be attributed to the high possibly outweigh the drop in oil prices and the overall economic recession which they But such unilateral action have aggravated. But it is clear would not be without risks. that conservation measures are There would be no guarantee beginning to bite. Irrespective that other producers would of what bapoens on the pricing realistic to expect that member the West cannot afford to lessen countries of the Organisation of its vigilence when it comes to

heen floods and a wave of strikes, remains to he seen.

way to go hefore its inter-national financial problems are solved. Debt service in 1980 will require \$7.2bn-a figure remarkahly close to the \$7.8bn that the capitalist world this year. If they get it—and they are well on the way—that will not be the end of the story. For next year, Bank Handlowie puts the amount needed for debt service

Those are figures that a prudent banker will look at with very divided feelings. They

Some of this reduced demand

# Why Poland needs help

POLAND'S REPORT to its evils that might ensue. The creditor hanks is a mixture of prudent hanker will also take good news and had news. The into account the evident deterimprovement of its payments mination of the Gierek regime halance with hard currency to put its house in order. world is surprisingly strong, hut its liabilities in the form of 1970, after popular discontent deht service are heavy.

A much better export performance produced a visible surplus with the hard currency world of \$101m in January-March of this year, compared with a deficit of \$505m in the first quarter of 1979. Moreover, according to the memorandum which Bank Handlowie has subnitted to hankers working on a \$300m Euroloan for Poland, the \$300m Euroloan for Poland, the second quarter was even hetter. was appointed early this year and a perind of several years of

These are figures that lend credibility to the target in the official plan for a trade surplus in 1980 to follow upon last year's trade deficit with the hard cur-rency countries of \$1.5hn. The more praise for having occurred at a time of recession in the West. Whether it can he kept up, especially since there have

In any case, Poland has a long That must have taken some courably close to the \$7.8bn that the Poles hope to borrow from the bankers, argued that if Mr. world.

the calculations. Whatever may imply that the Poles, in effect, be required in the sbort run, in want to rnll over a substantial the long run one cannot go on portion of their existing hard lending hard currency unless currency debt of about \$19.4bn. it can eventually he repaid in The actual amount due in hard currency. For that to be redemptions this year is \$5.2bn. possible. Poland must not he A number of banks already deprived of the opportunity to seem to feel that their portfolios expand its exports to the West. contain as much Polish paper Its coal is a great asset in that as they want. Some prime context. The present outlook for names are missing from the list manufacturers is poor, but could nf hanks to which the Bank quickly alter once the world Handlowie memorandum is economic cycle turns up again.

But the Poles, too, must play In deciding his attitude to their part. The Soviet Union, not Poland, a prudent banker will usually held up as a model of take into account the conse-economic efficiency, has com-quences, possibly disastrous, of plained of sub-standard Polish gods and late deliveries. In bmerce with the West that have to keep up a willing sus-

Mr. Gierek came to power in with the low standard of living had erupted into violence. His regime has had three distinct The first was one of rapid industrialisation : expectations were raised and when they remained unfulfilled, riots broke out again in 1976. During the second phase it became clear that Poland had over-reached itself: a new Prime Minister

The determination of the authorities can he measured by their refusal to cancel price increases decreed last month even when they did provoke a series of strikes. The limits to which they think they can go are shown by their agreement to grant wage increases of up to 15 per cent,

austerity was forecast.

But any hanker must also look at the world context. Mr. Gierek has proved to be one of the more flexible of Communist leaders. age with two Soviet tank divisions and one air army stationed within Poland. It certainly appears that the German Gierek were to go. his successor would probably be tougherand not neccessarily a hetter partner for the Western business

One more factor enters into

the greatest hoax of all That was how a tribunal finally dismissed the affair last But for three international oil companies operating in Nigeria its verdict has turned out to be anything but a laughing matter. Shell, Gulf and Mobil, the hig-

in 1980 terms.

companies, reviving memories of the nationalisation of BP's Nigerian Interests in August last year, has undoubtedly sent shivers down several corporate spines. But the way in which the affair has been handled bears all the hallmarks of President Shehu Shagari's 10month-old civilian government -slow-moving, thoughtful and moderate. This is in marked contrast to the style of the previous military administration which seems truly to have retired to harracks.

The tribunal's ruling that the oil companies surrender crude certainly stunned the industry; hut there has been every indication that President Shagri's Government, faced with the recom-mendations of the independent tribunal, was seriously emharrassed by its conclusions and has done its best to minimise the damage.

ahroad and ahout Nigeria's relations with the vital oil sector which have blown hot and cold for many years. But at the same time, the president bas limited room for manoeuvre while bis political opponents are ready to make political capital out of the

The upshot is that while the oil companies are annoyed about the tribunal's recommendation, there have also heen sighs of relief. The report, and the Government White Paper hased on lt. were more halanced than had heen feared. They gave the lle to rumours which had been circulating in Lagos that the majors would be pillorled.

originated is unclear since the main focus of the tribunal's investigations-and indeed of President which started the whole affair accounts.

was" began last September with a screaming headline in a The story was hased on a false tor's report, prepared by

TIGERIA'S long-running Oilgate" scandal was Income

gest operators here, are to surrender millions of harrels of their oil to the state-run Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC) over the next few years. They might have to hand over as much as Som harrels. With the profit margin set hy the Government at 80 cents a harrel, this could mean a combined loss of \$64m

The move against the oil

Having wooed foreign invest-ment, the Shagari's Government was auxious about its image

Just bow the rumours

Coopers and Lybrand, which attacked the corportation for a merely said that more work would have to be done on the staff, an accounts department in NNPC's accounts hefore figures a "shambles" and "serious NNPC's accounts before figures provided by the accounting and marketing departments could he reconciled.

'76 '77 '78 '79

Although the newspaper quickly retracted its allegation, the story refused to die. Corruption is endemic in Nigeria and the man in the street is only too ready to believe that his leaders are enriching themselves in an unorthodox way. Within reasoo, peculation is even condoned.

Moreover, ample political capital could he made out of

## The oil majors are annoyed, but they were not pilloried

the rumour hy newly-elected parliamentarians anxious to make their mark. One politiclan from Lagos State cynically remarked to the tribunal that his empty threat to "name Ofigate names" was simply "a matter of politics and that in the game of politics anything goes and there are no holds

Against this hackground, Sbebu tration, which took office last -allegations that Naira 2.8bn Octoher after 14 years of millmissing from the NNPC's Independent trihunal, headed by The "scandal that never gave it a wide investigative amount should be "recovered" from Shell, Mobil and Gulf.

Successive witnesses rapidly Nigerian newspaper, declaring demolished allegations of scious of its future relations that the oil money was missing. N2.8hn heing missing hut pro- with the oil companies, has interpretation of a draft audi- the organisation of the NNPC. Paper. Calculations of the oil

glaring absence" of qualified friction" between the chief executive and his hoard. However, the tribunal acknowledged that much of the trouble stemmed from the oil boom,

Gulf

which had strained the NNPC's reserves of skilled manpowerproblem commoo to most uf Nigerian industry. The tribunal recommended sweeping reforms of the NNPC -many of which already formed part of Government policy. The additional impetus given to a shake-up of the corporation-which plays a central

tive results of the whole investigation. tribunal's surprise recommendations about the international oil companies stemmed from their relationship with the NNPC: as partner in a joint venture with each of the multinationals, the NNPC entitled to a proportion of their production equal to its equity stake—currently 80 per cent in the case of Shell and 60 per cent

role in the industry-may turn

out to he one of the most posi-

During periods of oil glut be tween 1975 and 1978 the NNPC did not produce the whole of its planned entitle-ment while its international Shagari pariners produced theirs its final report—was the work-ings of the NNPC and the story tain the stability of his adminis-equity proportions.

in the case of Gulf and Mobil.

The tribunal ruled that the -allegations that Naira 2.8bn October after 14 years of mill-corporation had notionally (£2.2bn) in oil revenue was tary rule, he appointed an heen unable to sell nearly 183m Independent trihunal, headed by barrels to which it was a Supreme Court judge, and "entitled" and argued that this

> But the Government, condemolished allegations of scious of its future relations duced damning evidence about watered this down in its White The tribunal's final report to he surrendered will he based

on the actual level of production —which works out at about 80m harrels—and not on the planned level of production from which the tribunal derived its figure of 183m harrels. The rate at which the oil will

Texaco

**Others** 

Nigeria clears the air after

the 'Oilgate scandal'

By MARTIN DICKSON and MARK WEBSTER in Lagos

Who produces what

June 1980

Agip/Phillips

ALL THESE OPERATING COMPANIES ARE PRODUCING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH NINPC

HICH IS ENTITLED TO VARYING PROPORTIONS OF THEIR OUTPUT

he handed over has yet to he decided. Nigeria's current rate of production is 2.2m h/d of which Shell is entitled to ahout 240,000 harrels, Gulf to 147,000 and Mohil to some 84,000 h/d. In addition, they huy hack crude from the NNPC. Whatever the handover time-

table, the oil companies are unhappy about many aspects of the affair. The move is retroactive and totally at variance

## Why the tribunal found against the companies remains a mystery

with their (unsigned) agree-ments with the NNPC. They were not lovited to explain this aspect of their operations when they appeared hefore the trlbunal. Their high level of offtake during the glut years benefited Nigeria's then impe-cunious Treasury. And last, but hy no means least, the oil companies fear the tribunal's find- prises in most sectors. ings might het falsely intercheating the country.

It remains a mystery why and how the trihunal found against the companies. Conspiracy theorists might suggest it was an attempt to find a scapegoat but this is contradicted by the moderate tone of both the trihunal report and government

The very nature of the oil companies' relationship with

Nigerians are concerned that so much of the vital oll sector, which accounts for 85 per cent of foreign exchange earnings, is operated by foreign concerns even though these are staffed overwhelmingly by Nigerians.

million berrels per day 2-5

Production.

Perhaps the most likely explanation is that the tribunal -none of whose members were familiar with the operations of the oil industry—simply took an idiosyneratic view of joint-venture agreements. The Government, hurdened with this verdict, could do little to alter

The affair will doubtless reinforce ontsiders' already cantious approach to investment in Nigeria, but for most companies the repercussions of Oilgate will stop there. Nigeria's proven oil reserves bave a life of more than 20 years and there are plenty who believe the rewards are worth the risks.

Nigeria is Britain's largest export market outside the European Community and North America. However, fresb foreign investments came to a virtual balt in 1976 when the military government toughened is "indigenisation" policy, to the point where foreign companies were allowed to retain only minority interests in enter-The new civilian government

preted to suggest they had been has already made a few fiscal of foreign investment. Moreover, ministers bave heen makiog speeches recently reassuring foreigners that the indigenisation measures will not discriminate against them.

Nigeria is emerging from two conditions brought on by Government austerity measures : to stem an outflow of foreign Nigeria makes them a natural reserves. Expatriate husiness in his pocket: There are no target of suspicion among this men are all expecting—and in holds harred in Nigerian touchy and xenophohic people. some cases, already heginning to politics.



President Alhaji Shagari of Nigeria is a devout Moslem, aged 55. A former Governor of the World Bank and the IMF, he has also served as chairman of the French antomobile group Peugeot in Nigeria.

enjoy-a significant improvement in trading conditions as an expansive federal hudget and hig wage increases work their

way through the economy. For its part, the Government clearly hopes that the inquiry has huried Oilgate, allowing it to devote more time to the teething problems of operating the country's new, U.S.-style coostitution and to maintaining economic halance in a fast-developing nation which has known both over-heated hoom and dramatic slump during the

Unfamiliarity with the new constitution has slowed the pace

## Corruption is endemic in Nigeria. Peculation is even condoned.

of legislation to the extent that no major new Bills have been passed since the Government assumed office.

Old problems have been re i vived, such as the relationship between Nigeria's 19 states and the Federal Government. The next major political challenge for President Shagari Is likely to be the publication of a commission's report on bow to divide the country's oil wealth moves to stimulate a resurgence between the states-long a contentious issue.

Whether or not Oilgate dies political muck-raking most certainly will not. Only two days after publication of the tri bunal's report, a virulently anti-Government newspaper claimed years of depressed economic to have uncovered yet another oll scandal.

"General in oil screamed the beadline. " N20m

# MEN AND MATTERS

## Nevermore

on Sundays?

The penny has dropped. American oil giant Atlantic Richfield will close the Observer if a lastminute pay settlement is not reached with its 35 rebellious machine managers, and the seis-mic readings from Arco's Los Angeles headquarters are that not even the name would he up for sale.

"The paper is not for sale. No one would want the paper under the terms we would sell it." is how Arco president Thornton Bradshaw brushed aside Fleet Street's cynical refusal to helieve that the Observer would "We don't want to see it turned into a vehicle for going down-market."

Salting the wound, Bradshaw maintains that "they have probably never heard of sending out dismissal notices to the whole staff—the custom in Fleet Street ls to bend."

. While his concern for the welfare of the British reading public is laudable, sale or no sale the demise of the Ohserver would have a marked impact One company watching the

proceedings with far-fromdisinterested eyes is Associated Newspapers, which has ourtured plans for its own Sunday paper since 1978, and has appointed ex-News of the World editor Bernard Sbrimsley as editordesignate. Associated has its own printing capacity tied up in a contract to print the Sunday People. While Associated's Interests

might extend to the printing plant, it is unlikely to be interested in The Ohserver as a going concern. Associated wants to huild up its progeny by its own lights, though the demise of a quality Sunday with an established audience mlght cause a rethink about the pitching of what is loosely referred to as the Sunday Mail. Meanwhile, in the gloom of the editorial floors at St. Andrew's Hill, the night of the living dead wears on. "We

pension of disbelief," says one

of false end-that the cul-de-sac could turn into a sliproad."

addressing a seminar on UK economic problems organised by the Centre for Strategic and International Studies at Georgetown University.

Sir Keitls, I am Inld, was discussing the reformation of British industry, and referred to the newspaper husiness, saying that the willingness with which new owners, some of them foreign, stenoed into the Fleet Street breach was of no helo to Fleet Street. He was rounded upon hy Prof.

Douglass Caler, vice-chairman of The Ohserver and a powerful Arco voice in Aspen. who said Arco was not seeking to perpetuate bad work practices hut to perpetuate a great newspaoer. Sir Keith relented, so my

informant says. Seven days

later on June 6, George Jerrom,

national officer of the NGA. claimed Arco had threatened -LONDON



## Katz and Corgis

It is rare indeed to meet a But morale is fragile. "By the jolly toymaker, hut Peter Katz, end of August," he predicts, "it MD, of Mettoy, fits that a curious twist to the story ing on a peach, and happy to is provided by reports of a heated exchange in Washington on May 30, when Sir Keith Joseph, Industry Secretary the tinsel of a £300,000 pre-Christmas TV campaign.

There is little to cheer about in Toytown. Toys outnumber children. A strong pound, high interest rates, frantic de-stocking and hand-to-mouth ordering hy the trade have cast a pall from which Mettoy (pre-tax profit last year—£723,000 on sales of £32.5m) has not

Yet howed it isn't. With a hanging of tin drums, it yester-day joiced that high fashion set: the coterie of UK manu-facturers that has publicly declared it will not be intimidated hy the recession—at least to the extent that it will not slash marketing hudgets.

Whatever its troubles. Toytown is hig. Worth more than fectin £600m it is three times the size borne. of the record and tape market, say, or six times that of sports of its competition in the shelter equipment. "Even in slump," says Mettoy, "children will be getting toys come December 25." Television advertising, it

children, an advertiser must bish." spend £80. To reach the majority: £200.000. It has filmed a "unique two-minute toy TV has already heen called in to spectacular" featuring electronic Corgi toys such as for 150 people, and offers the Truckertronic Convoy, Light- smaller-scale huyer the rening Luke (a light-sensor gun fired at a mean-looking cowhoy who yodels horribly) and Frisco Disco, a noisy hox of tricks that should he played only in padded cells. Roll on, Easter.

## Mushrooming

"No praying: it spoils business," was the dictum of playwright Thomas Otway. I feel a similar sentiment might appropriately be applied to Dafal a Hastings

firm which offers "nuclear shelters de luxe" to a nervous public. Dafal opened its order books at the heginning of this month, and has already received inquiries totalling "millions of pounds"- owner and managing

director Graham Rattenbury

tells me. For those seeking something more substantial than prayer as as a back-up for the apocalypse, Dafal will supply a basic four-person underground shelter for around £10,000. It comes, stresses Rattenbury, huilt to Swiss government specifications, and designed by consulting engineers Mott Hay and

Rattenhury's track record in the construction industry dates hack to his days as a founder of pre-cast concrete maker Atcost through which he met up with MHA when the engineers were shopping for bits and pieces for the ill-fated channel tunnel. Since selling out his Atcost stake to property developer Ronnic Lyons in 1972, be has been building npa property portfolio and perfecting the fire-star holocaust-

Dafal is profoundly suspicions market. Rattenhury tells me that, according to feedback from bis own equipment suppliers. 80 per cent of shelters says, is "terrifyingly expen-sive." To reach effectively 1,000 firms. They are, he says, "rub-Grim. it

definitely profitable. Rattenbury assurance that mortgages for shelters are an acceptable proposition at any major huilding society.

## Record

From a Wiltshire school magazine: "At mid-day, with the Old Boys' score standing at 142 for five, a halt was, called for drinks, Watson having 58 and Brown

Ubserver

# How much would you pay to give a lost little girl a start in life?

Susie (thei's not her real name) attende one of the apecial day care centres we run for children whose bulure is at risk. As little as £2 could help her. She is 3's, the child of a broken marriaga, with a violent father. When first she came to us, she was so lost and disturbed, she wouldn't speak and didn't evan know how to pley. Now she's beginning to talk and smile, she enjoys painting, and she's building up confidence in herself so that as she gets older, she mey be she to relate properly to others.

Susie's Iragis atory is typical.
Little children like her, defenceless, bewildered products of our
confused society are the ones
most likely to end up delinquent
making a mess of their own fives,
and their Own children's lives in
turn.



At Or. Barnerdo's, we run day cere chetres with Irsined and dedicated helpers for these children. And, of course, we rue residential homes and schools for children—but we are always concerned to try to keep children and perents together. Our help has no limits, but our money does. Skilled help like this costs a lot—though in the end it can not only give Busie a start in life, but also save society a great-deal in leter years.

Won't you send what you can afford today? For only £2 you can buy a set of peints. For £100 we can feed a child for a whole year at the centre. Everything helps. And it helps even more if you coverent to pay regularly. That way we can claim back tax, so every £1 you give its worth £1.43. Not a penny is wasted, because we are very careful with the money we get, and meny fine helpers do voluntry work for us.

Please send whet you can, now. Your caring will reach out all the way to Susie, and all the 9.000 other children we care for, thanks to your help.

(e) Dr Barnardos Dr. Barnardo's, Tamers Lane, High Essex 1G6 1QG.

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	Please send me details of covenants so that I can increase the value of my giving.
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	To: Nicholes Lowe, Appeals Director, Room 780, Or. Sernardo's, Tenners Lane, Ulord, Essex 666 10G.

# المكنامن لتبرل

# Bullet-proof vests, tyres and anchor cables.

MORE THAN 100 American Fibre Industries Inc. (FII)-35 The main problem, bowever, through machines in some cases means of generating better propolicemen owe their lives to the per cent owned by ICI of for all the major producers, and man-made fibre industry, or so Britain—was a loss maker. for Monsanto in particular, has minute. claims Du Pont, the world's biggest fibre producer which makes the special bullet proof fabric now used by forces throughout the U.S.

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Sylvage B:

ellinger e

fibre is belping the Lockheed TriStar to achieve its low fuel consumption: it is being used in the aircraft's inner skin panels and before the end of the present decade it may welt be replacing some motor vehicle body panels. Also a new nylon, which is expetred to stand up to the battering received on air journeys much more successfully than conventional plastics, is now finding its way into softsided luggage.

In short, when executives in the U.S. fibre industry—which was responsible for roughly 29 per cent of world output last year enthuse over their products these days they do not have their traditional customers in the textile industry upper-most in their thoughts. The chemical parent companies bave been forced to look much more widely for specialised markets for their fibres and at the same time to ensure that the three principal fibres — polyester, nylon and acrylic— are themselves aimed at the markets for which they are best suited and do not end up competing wastefully against each other.

Despite a record 47 per cent jump in fibre exports last cent. year and a 25 per cent fall in imports, and in spite of strong demand from the ludustry's textile customers, the chemical groups have all been failing to make the returns hoped for from fibre operations. Last year, of the five biggest U.S. fibre companies Du Pont increased earnings only 5 per cent on sales up 20 per cent. Celanese, Allied Chemical and Akzona all reported fibre earnings' declines, and the Celanese polyester and nylon subsidiary

The biggest problem, however, was at Monsanto where the deficit last year—the fifth in a row-climbed to \$169m. This included a \$77m loss incurred The same tough, lightweight in connection with the cloaure nf nylon operations in the UK and Germany. So far this year fibre industry earnings have agsin been poor, with Monsanto losing a further \$71m in the first president, Mr. Richard J. Mahoney, gave a hint of possible strong action to come. He told shareholders that turning around the loss-making fibre was the chemical company's biggest challenge.

The principal reason for the sector's poor performance, and for the continuing problems in the first quarter of 1980, has been the difficulty experienced by the industry in raising its prices to meet higher costs for raw materials most of which

## With the U.S. recession, demand for fibres has been edging down

are oil-hased. According to figures from Celanese, selling prices rose during the last year on average by 14.3 per cent but raw materials were up 54 per

Over recent months, as the effects of the U.S. recession have tions and have exerted very begun to work their way strong pressure on the fibre large quantities of high-cost through demand for fibres bas producers to come up with Acrylonitrile producers for use number of producers to ever higher speeds. Du Pont, operations. This has given it a announce production cutbacks which has an annual fibre much less favourable cost hase and making it even more difficult to keep prices in line with \$100m has been able to meet able to use cheap U.S. natural inflation. Exports have grown much more modestly this year than in 1979 when big increases were recorded in shipments to the UK and other important markets in Europe and Asia.

been the serious weakness of polyester filament (PF) where

the usage of capacity-already sure on already law prices. A ducers.

The fibre-which bas proved public taste was swinging away from knitted fabric, the material for which it was primarily intended. In particular, it has jurisers. failed to make the breakthrough anticipated in meanswear where a strong preference has been maintained for spun yarn fahrics such as denim and corduroy.

In America where the three biggest producers-Du Pont, Celanese (through FIf) and Monsanto—account for more than 70 per cent of all textile complicated by the role of the texturiser, the downstream pro-

texturisers

have

been seeking to improve the economics of their own operaresearch hudget in execss of customer requirementa, but gas feedstock. Monsanto (and to a lesser

area is the nialn focus of Monmuch lower than for other fibres santo's current technical effort -is now expected to fall away and earries with it the main further, putting yet more pres- responsibility of turning the group's fibre operations around. major focus for investment in Progress last year was not as the carry 1970s because of its great as bad been hoped, but inherent low production costs. senior company officials are PF has failed to grow at the claiming that they will have rate predicted by the fibre provans which by the end of the year will operate at the speed levels now demanded. Among an equally costly disappoint the smaller producers Akzona ment for producers in Europe has also recently announced -came on stream to large quan-major spending on improving litles just at the time when its PF qualities, and there have been withdrawals from the market by a number of less significant producers and tex-

Monsanto, which is the only producer competing with Du Pont, the industry leader, in all three major fibres—polyester, nylon and acrylic—has also heen shouldering an additional hurden in ita fibre operations. The company embarked on a major expansion of the fibre and plastic raw material, Acrylonitrile, in the early 1970s, PF sales, the position is further including a big new facility in Britain at Seal Sands, on Teeside. In the event the hig new cessors who add textile charac- markets which Monsanio was teristics to man-made yarns. Dr. hoping would be created for Anantha Raman, of First Boston Acrylonitrile through increased Bank, New York, points out that sales of nylon and acrylic varns in Europe and the development of acrylic bottles failed to materialise. The company was, therefore, ohliged to ship hack been edging down forcing a yaros which can be texturised at as raw material in its U.S. nylon than other U.S. nylon producers

> The industry's response to the extent Celanese) have both had weakness uf the fibre market difficulty in meeting the exact- has been to try to create more ing quality standards required distinctive products, and it is portion of 20 per cent in many of yarns that are going to run to these it will be looking as a products instead of 33 per cent.

olnule.

possibilities in the growth in for example has recently Quality improvement in this America and world wide in announced plans to triple the sports aclivities, and with their capacity to 45m pounds (lbs) of customers in the apparel indus- Keylar, the nylon type fibre used try have come up with new gar- in policemen's hullet proof ments for tennis, cycling, jog- vests. Kevlar which has a very ging, gymnastics and other new high strength to weight ratio pursuits. Important new mar- could also be used Du Pont kets bave been created for states to make lightweight but nylon, polyester and acrylic, and abrasion-resistant able to make the jump from

track suits.

## Brake linings and abrasion-resistant gear for motor eyelists

which lost further market share in the U.S. last year, also remains a major objective. According to Monsanto, polyester filament could grow at the expense of cotton in household covers and the like—and acrylic could take a bigger share, at wool's expense of a sweater market boosted by higher gas and oil heating bills. Du Pont remains confident, too, of building on the foothold it has achieved in one of cotton's most impregnable markets - jeans. Some polyester already goes in-to boys' denim and into corduroy to give better wear. Jeans companies are still finding mental fabrics incorporating a il difficult, however, to sell mixture of filament and spun blended poly-cotton denim to adults even though it can be made to fade like the all-cotton product. In ahirts and sheets, according to the fibre producers, the trend over the next 10 years ar Cooper River in South Carolina, is directed towards fine is likely to he towards higher hlends of polyester with cotton, with cotton cut back to a pro-

UK: Mr. James Prior, Employ-

ment Secretary, gives evidence at Employment Committee in-

quiry into the Legal Immunities

of Trade Unions and other

related matters, Committee Room 8, 11 am, House of Com-

British Leyland shop stewards

Computer Graphics Exhibition

Metropole

for

meet, Birmingbam.

Commission

GENERAL

Highly specialised types of for stretch fibres such as Du gear for motor cyclists and other Pont's Lycra which have been research is being carried out to

protective see if it can replace asbestos in women's foundationwear to brake linings. It is already used in anchor cables on drilling rigs Replacement of the natural and its development has led to fibres cotton and wool, both of a frantic search by other fibre groups for a aimilar product. "Every fibre company with a research department has to be

looking for its own Kevlar," Mr. Richard Smith, President of F.I.I. admits. Kevlar is also being used in tyres, and as a replacement for fibreglass. Another new Du Pont fibre, Nomex, has been developed for markets requiring fire resistant fahrics. and all three big fibre producers are offering civil engineering fahries which can be used on lemporary or permanent roadways to hold aggregates together while snll allowing drainage to take place.

Mucb of the research effort is still concentrated however, on finding a satisfactory addution to the PF problem, enabling it to find much wider consumer acceptance. The industry is still trying to develop yarns with the spun-like quality wanted by retail buyers customers, and various experiyarns continue to be tried. Virtually the only new capacity installed in the U.S. in recent years, a 100m lhs Du Pont plant

denier speciality PF yarns. At the same time rationalisation within the industry is continulng with some marginal proproducts instead of 33 per cent. ducers quitting fibres, and with South America, and these are

THE LEVELLING OFF IN US POLYESTER FILAMENT DELIVERIES

**'75** 

76

others choosing to conceotrate likely to be the most important their efforts across a narrower areas for investment. Celanesc, field where they stand a better chance of being able to mount an effective challenge to Du Pont. Allied Chemical has remained mainly a producer of ment, with demand for the nylon for carpets, and Celanese, a hig producer of the older celfibres, has concentrated mainly on polyester in the synthetic field and in particular on industrial markets such as tyres. Monsanto is seeking to avoid a bead-on confronta-

filament, Du Pont's area of strength. Internationally, too, the big European acrylic (where is was smaller than Courtaulds, Bayer or Monsanto) and Monsanto has pulled out of European nylon. The big U.S. groups are expecting the main growth in demand for their products to come from

production in the Far East and

carpet fibre market by investing

mainly in nylon staple and not

for example is already a major fibre producer in Brazil Mexico. Investment in Europe will continue but is likely to be mainly to update older equipspecialities now being developed being supplied from U.S. plants.

The U.S. recession has put further pressure on the fibre industry and will make it even more difficult for some protion with Du Pont in the ducers to comply with the first rule of the game-staying the pace alongside Du Pont. industry, though less profitable than the chemical parent groups might hope, nevertheleaa has a U.S. groups are seeking to number of positive advantages specialise. In the past two on its side. Its scale, with years Du Pont has pulled out of average plants at least twice as large as those anywhere else, its access to cheap oll and gas for some time to come, and its links with a fast-growing domestic American textile sector, all suggest it is better positioned than its rivals in the growing centres of textile Europe to take advantage of the growth in world textile markets

## Letters to the Editor

1 hc

# Labour

From the Economic Director, Confederation of British Industry

Sir.-I am concerned to learn that Whitehall sources are now are exaggerating the deterioration in Britain's competitive position visa-vis her international trading competitors, by making comparisons with periods when sterling had fallen to a particularly low level

(Angust 4). Our latest staff estimates for UK unit labour costs in mannfacturing relative to our main competitors suggest that the average level in the second quarter of 1980 was around 50 per cent higher than the average of 1975. This implies a deterioration of some 70 per cent since the fourth quarter of 1976 when our unit labour costs were at their most com-petitive in recent years. This measure shows a different path for competitiveness to those published by the IMF and the Treasury. The differences reflect our use of actual, rather

than cyclically adjusted, productivity growth as well as alternative weights. We use 1975 as a base for two reasons: it is the base year for many official series and unit labour cost competitiveness in 1975 was almost exactly in line with its average for the 1970s. The comparison with end-1976 is also relevant because one of the fectors which many in-dustrialists argue as important in influencing the degree of pressure on them at present is not just the level of competi-tiveness in comparison with some period in the distant past but also the speed with which

competitiveness has changed in

the last three-and-a-half years.

According to our calculations an index for unit labour cost competitiveness similar to that nsed in the Treasury and based at 100 in 1975 averaged 115 (i.e. 15 per cent worse) in the 1960s and 99 in the 1970s, with peaks of uncompetitiveness of 125 in early 1966 and 110 in mid-1972. We estimate that using such an index would have given a level of competitiveness in the second quarter of 1980 of between 135 and 140, with the current position even worse. Thus whichever figures are used, the current position looks to be significantly worse than at any time in the 1960s and very much worse than in the

D. R. Glynn. CBL Centre Point, 103, New Oxford Street, WC1.

## Glorious Twelfths

From Mr. M. O'Riordan.

Sir, - In reading the article (August 9) on the Glorious Twelfth and how Lord Westbury of the Ritz will be served the ultimate in fast grouse for lunch on the same day. I was reminded of my part in a similar experiment in supplying a fast brace of grouse for a New York table 42 years ago from Co. Limerick.

Imperial Airwaya was carrying out a feasibility study with flying boats across the Atlantic from Foynes in the Shannon small grouse moor near the vil- Paper. The considerable eco- greater there. lage of Loughill, west of Foynes. nomic arguments in favour of These growing businessea

We decided that we would dest this long overdue reform of Com- Wilmoth (August 7), "Can patch the first brace of birds pany law are well stated by Mr. nothing be done to curh the shot to Foynes as early as pos- Fraser and seem to have been absolutely monstrous behaviour sible for the next flying boat to completely overlooked in the America.

The first brace were shot at about 5,30 am, sent by pony and trap to the main road, then hy motor-car to Foynes. I believe that they were given to a Capt. Wilcoesin to be taken across in the aircraft.

I understand that they were eventually delivered in New York the time taken I cannot recollect, but certainly it must bave been a record in those need a greater degree of dilidays, but not as fast as his lordp's birds. I can say, however, that they were cheaper.

The pony and trap was free, petrol about two bob a gallon, cartridges pence a piece, and the shooting as free as the air we breathed.

Twelfths. Maurice O'Riordan. Dolphin Cottage, 20. Bridgefoot Path, Emsworth,

## Hnnts. The smallest

room From Mr. G. Harris

Sir,-With his flair for predigesting complex technology and regurgitating assimilable summaries which are, at least in my own specialist field, in-telligent and accurate, I have always considered David Fish-lock to be a giant among technical reporters.

How sad therefore to visualise such a giant confined to his "average sitting room" of 10,000 litres (the Windscale B 701 radio-active leak-August 1-almost exactly a 7 feet cube. Or is bis "aitting room" the 'smallest room "?

Geoffrey T. Harris. 35, Ln Turlurette, 58160 fmphy, France.

## Insider dealing

From Mr. L. Okun. Sir, — Mr. E. Bateman (August 18) asks If Insider dealing is wrong, how could it ever be right for a company to deal in its own shares?"

"Insider dealing" refers to one or more persons trading in the shares of a company of which they bave "inside" information which is not generally avallable to shareholders of that company and which gives them an unfair advantage compared with other shareholders.

Quite respectable companies in the U.S. buy their own shares in the market, on occasion, possibly to provide incentive scheme ahares without diluting the shareholders' equity, but whatever the purposes, any benefit accrues to the company and hence 10 all its shareholders alike. Which is just the opposite of "insider dealing." Lionel Okun.

. c/o Sack and Bag Industries, Peel Grove, Bethnal Green, E2.

## Own-share buying

From the Vice-President Simmons and Co. International Sir,-Mr. Fraser "Own-Share Buying" (August 6) is right to Estuary in 1937-38. I was a criticise the narrow legalistic member of a grouse aboot party approach adopted by Professor on the "Twelfth" 1938 at a Gower in the recent Green companies are proportionately

Although in theory there are

many opportunities for abuse, as those of all of us, the American experience shows adequate and timely disclosure by public companies as lo their intentions coupled with proper

It may be that enforcement of new legislation in this area will showing but that is not an argument for delaying this long overdue reform Anthony W. Henfrey.

Pennzoil Place, Houston, Texas 77002.

## Water rate increases

From the Secretory. Reading Ratepayers' Association

absolutely monstrous behaviour of the water authorities?" and it lies in his own hands and in

Because the members of Equally statement on an investi-gation into a South London water authorities are not directly elected by ratepayers, enforcement eliminates most of their accountability to those them and the system works ex- who finance the authorities' activities is remote to the extent of being completely ineffective. The Department of gence by the Department of Environment, which appoints

Trade and the City's own self- some of them, and the local regulatory mechanisms than authorities, who appoint the they have been accustomed to rest, are entirely to blame for being weak and Irresponsible in not ensuring for stricter control of the water authorities'

> Angry water ratepayers like Mr. Wilmoth can add to the protestations already being voiced to the Government about this situation by making representations to their MPs and local councillors.

P. A. H. Baily. Sir.—There is an answer to 15 Peppard Rood, the heartfelt cry from Mr. V. J. Caversham, Reading.

## Virtue in small businesses

From Mr. B. Nicholson.

relocations to assisted areas could hardly improve the local entrepreneurial environment. Not only were these new plants less integrated with the local economy in terms of supplies and markets hut the managerial functions carried out at them were limited. The resulting employment and occupation strucnew technology husiness tfor which wide managerial skills technical skills of their em-

ployees). One can therefore agree with Dr. Storey that neither traditional regional policy nor a has national policy to promote small business can ablve the unem- mann. This represents the prescription cannot be more of the same policies.

and social structures of Britain Dr. Storey bas probably understated the regional imhalancing effect of a policy relying aoiely on small firms to generate jobs. Not only are there structural reasons to suspect a potentially higher birth rate in "the small market towns of the south" but the entrepreneurial characterisues associated with growing

create new joba, products and Sir,-Dr. David Storey's com- markets and would allow the ments on small businesses and British economy to adapt to the regional policy (Journey Round changing circumstances of the England August 7) are misconceived. They provide no basis not have a small firms policy for, an alternative policy to but an economic policy that tackle unemployment in the seeks to make the birth and assisted areas or elsewhere. growth of enterorises easier and ssisted areas or elsewhere. growth of enterprises easier and Fifty years of regional policy efficient. The 1980 Finance may have contributed to the Act achieves this in several narrowing of differences be- ways, all of which target new tween rates of unemployment in and growing businesses rather Britain, but have almost cer- than simply small firms. There weakened the occupa- is no inherent economic virtue tional structure of problem in smallness but, as the Secre-areas and reduced their capatary of State for Trade made city to generate indigenous clear in a recent policy state-growth. A policy that until 1972 ment, "if economic progress inwas confined to encouraging volves a process of natural (predominantly branch) plant selection among alteroatives it is important that there should he enough alternatives." Britain needa more small firms to provide alternatives to consumers and employees and to increase the potential pool from which the relatively small number of

successful husinesses arise. In the short term, however, ture is not conducive to the more must be done to improve formation of either fast-growing the social, economic and the social, economic and managerial infrastructure of the assisted areas if regional imare required) or stagnant crafts-balances are to be reduced, and this is surely an important poli-tical objective as David Steel tical objective as David Steel has auggested. But more ia being done and a range of policy options that integrate small firms and regional policy been presented H. J. Ewera and R. W. Wettployment problem of the North more constructive approach to East in the short term. Equally, Britain's economic and political problema and is more worthy of widespread consideration

Given the existing economic than the pessimistic and debunking stance adopted by Dr. Storey. His research may well question the assumption that the future of the country depends on small businesses - but from where comes that assumption? search abould contribute to the substantial policy issues of the day and not waste time tilting al

> B. Nicholson. 38, Thornash Road,

# Today's Events

Brechl (Howard Brenton's translation), directed by John Dexter, Olivier Auditorium, South Bank, London, 6.0 pm.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Chubb, Hyde Park Hotel, Knightsbridge, SW. 12. ERF, Crewe Arms Hotel, Crewe, 3.

Civil Service Art Club Exhibion opens, in the Crypt of the Banqueting House, Whiteball

(until August 27). Ideal Home and Trades Exhlbition opens, Bury (until (until August 17).

by Jonathan Rennert of the organ at St. Michael's Cornhill,

Brighton, (until August 15). Edinburgh Military Tattoo opens at the Castle (until September 6).
National Theatre: First night
of "Galileo" by Berthold Party convention continues, Madison Square Gardens, New

LCP, Pensnett Trading Centre, Brierley Hill, West Midlands, 12. Mercury Securities, 30 Gresham Street, EC, 12. Victoria Carpets, Green Street, Kldderminster, 3. COMPANY RESULTS

opens. Bury (until (until August 17).

Sbort talk and demonstration by Jonathan Rennert of the organ at St. Michael's Cornhill, too pm.

Overseas: U.S. Democratic Carrington Viyella. Dreamland Electrical Appliances. General Accident Fire and Life Assurance. Carrington Viyella. Overseas: Converting March 1988. ance Corporation. Horizon Travel. Securicor Group. Security Services. F. W. Woolworth.

SPORT Cricket: Gillette Cup semi-finals—Surrey v Yorkshire, at the Oval: Sussex v Middlesex, at

ahip, Formby, Lancs. English Women's Under-23 Championsbins, Porters Park. English National Bowls: Championsblps (Women), Leam-

Golf: British Boys' Champion-

LUNCHTIME MUSIC, London

Metropolitan Police Band concert, Finshury Circus Gardens, EC2, 12.00 pm. Recital by Barbara Leighton

Trio, St. Lawrence Jewry, Gresham Street, 1.00 pm. Organ recital by Robert Crowley, St. Bride's, Fleet

# Half-year report 1980

The Group's excellent results in the first half were largely due to our 66% - owned U.S. subsidiary, Republic New York Corporation, which increased net earnings from US\$ 11.7 million to US\$ 29.6 million. Republic's first quarter benefited particularly from precious metals tradin but its no less successful second quarter was attributable to the bank's whole range of activious, not interest income being especially strong Republic has raised its quarterly dividend from US\$ 0.63 to US\$ 0.78

Republic has announced a stock split, whereby shareholders will receive rwo additional shares for each share previously held, and is planning a public offering of approximately I million shares after the split. If this offering is completed, the Group's holding in Republic would decline to some 60% but we would suffer no dilution of asset value.

The performance of the rest of the Group was equally satisfying, though the impact on published earnings was held back by transfers to inner reserves and by our strategic gold investment of US\$ 25 million, to which I referred in my test shareholders' report. While this investment had almost doubled in value at 30th June, 1980, it remains carried at cost in the balance sheet and no profit has been credited to the profit and loss account.

Our new offices in Chile, Uruguay, Hong Kong and New York are bringing a fresh stimulus to growth and our older established busioesses are also developing well. While the unusually favourable trading conditions of the first half-year may oot be repeated, we look to the future



with confidence.

Trade Development Bank Holding headquarters are meressingh important i

Chairman

Interim consolidated balance sheet as at 30th June, 1980

Assets	30th June 1980 t979 USS 000		Liabilities	30th June 1980 1979 US\$ 000		
Cash, balances and advances to banks Bank certificates of deposit Precious metals Trading account securities Financial paper Investment account securities Customer current accounts and advances Investments Fixed assets Other assets	2,691,257 843,289 *247,863 195,732 1,865,394 728,822 1,506,189 43,462 79,278 320,357	1,531,035 412,271 *175,406 155,925 1,785,986 494,850 1,123,742 4,362 62,429 134,807	Deposits, balances due to customers and inner reserves Other liabilities  Capital and loan funds: Sinking Fund Notes 2002-2004 Sinking Fund Debentures 2001-2002 Floating Rate Loan 1985-1990 Floating Rate Notes 1986 Other loans Minority interests Shareholders' funds: Share capital Reserves	7,567,802 517,287 7,885,089 60,000 85,000 25,000 40,000 38,403 113,964 24,620 249,567	5,194,824 172,141 5,366,965 47,400 85,000 46,275 105,382 24,620 203,169	
*Partien unledged by net forward salet: 1980: USS 34,989,000 1979: USS 4,916.000	8,521,643	5,878,811	Total shareholders' funds Total capital and loan funds employed Confingent liabilities: Letters of credit and guarantees	274,187 636,554 8,521,643 410,312	227,789 511,846 5,878,811 255,056	
transfer Earnings p	gs after taxes to inner reser	, minority ic rves (US\$ 00				

# Trade Development Bank Holding S.A.

Principal Subsidiaries.

Trade Development Bank, Geneva · Republic National Bank of New York, New York
Other affiliates and offices in: Being, Bogorí, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Chiasso, Frankfurt, Hong Kong, London,
Luxembourg, Mexico City, Miami, Montevideo, Nassau, Panama, Paris, Rio de Janeiro, Santiago de Chile, São Paulo, Tokyo.

Companies and Markets

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

payment payment

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated

\*Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ Includes 1p special payment. § Includes 0.22p non-recurring payment. § Total of 2.52p forecast.

Graphics division growth

lifts Letraset by £1.5m

Abwood Machine ......

Aquis Secs. ..... int. 0.3

Broadstone Inv. Tst. int. 2.2

Commercial Union int. 4.4

Group Investors ...... 1.8

Mercantile Inv. Tst. int. 0.72

Rosgili Holdings ...... 1.72

After tax of £5.57m against £4.63m, attributable earnings

were up from £5.85m to £6.46m, and the dividend is stepped up tn 7.14p (6.49018pl net with a final of 6.05p, absorbing £3.05m

Extraordinary debits of £1.02m (£0.67m) leave the retained surplus down at £2.39m (£3.02m).

Earnings per share are shown as 16.15p (13.74p) after adjustment to reflect the bonus element in last August's rights

Glossop runs into losses but

performing better this year

(£2.16m). ·

W. and J. Glassap ......

AN INCREASE of 19 per cent in the contribution from its

taxable profits of Letraset to

£12.1m in the year to April 30,

1980, compared with £10.51m. Turoover went ahead from

The improvement in the

graphics side reflects significant

volume grawth and tight control

of overneads, say the directors,

and was achieved despite the

adverse impact of exchange rate movements. Sales rose from £34.86m to £33.75m and profits

the acquisition date to the end of the 1978-79 year, there were

profits of £0.61m and sales of

Leisure products sales slipped to 59.57m (£10.63m) and profits

o £0.82m (£1.09m), nut the

directors describe this as a satis-factory return in a depressed

vities also made a loss during the year. These losses were

further compounded by the slow-

ness of local authorities in

making payment against com-pleted contracts.

bigher costs.

In addition, group results were

Remedial action taken towards

the close of 1979 has produced

a much improved performance by

the company in the first five months of the current year, and

the directors are optimistic that

The losses sustained by the surface dressing operations in

ellminated and the region is now

operating efficiently and profit-ably with a good order book.

Rowley Plant and Glossop Bitumens, are also operating satisfactorily, the exception being quarrying which continued to

However, last month the com-pany disposed of its quarrying

on resources.
The directors say arrange-

ments have been made with local

Interest charge was down from

£331,385 to £156,285, leaving net profits of £41,532 (£49,791). Dividends absorb £75,375 (£56,531).

operate at a loss.

City property sale adds

£3.65m to Aquis reserves

A FALL of £62,463 to £91,595 lopment after reporting a profit

Acquis Securities, property in period last year, had a loss of wonths to June 30, 1980.

The first are reporting a promit of £192,274 in the corresponding of £192,274 in the corresponding to £17,541. There was a loss of £17,520 (£43,187) from property

There was an extraordinary in Belgium. surplus of £3.65m which resulted Interest of

from the sale of Atlas House in the City of London. This has

been credited to capital reserve. It is the company's intention to re-invest the proceeds in the pro-

perty sector.

The board says that income from the remainder of the port-

folio continues to grow, though the effect will not be seen until

the end of the current year.

Hotel trading in London continues to be depressed and the

loss sustained by Clarendon Court Hotel at the end of the first six months is very much greater than for the same period over the past two years. This

has had a significantly adverse effect on first half results.

As far as can be forecast, says the board, trading conditions will remain difficult for the rest

After tax, lower at £47,037 compared with £101,606, stated earnings per 5p share are 0.17p

earnings per op share are 0.17p (0.2p) basic, and 0.23p (0.25p) fully diluted. The interim divi-dend is raised from 0.225p to 0.3p—last year's total was 0.725p.

Reots, iess expenses, from pro-

perties in the UK contributed £361,845 (£351,947) to profits, but hotel trading suffered a loss of £88,324 (£15,611). Property deve-

of the year.

August 12 Banco Bibao Banco Central

Benco Exterior
Banco Hispano
Banco Ind. Col.
Banco Madrid
Banco Sentender

Banco Vizraya .....

Banco Zaragoza ......

ORACO ZATAGOZA
ORACO
ORACA
ESPENDIA ZINC
FECSA
Gel. Precisidos
Hidrols
Iberduero
Patroleos

All other regions, including

this year will he profitable.

from £7.95m to £9.48m.

£50.09m to £71.47m.

# Unilever ahead 4% at midway

SECOND QUARTER pro6ts of Unilever, international trading group, improved from £177m to £179.3m and lifled the first half 1980 taxable surplus to £317.5m. compared with £306.4m, a rise oi 4 per cent

Third party sales totalled £5.55hn against £5hn—£2.87hn 1£2.57bn) in the second three months—and were split as to Unilever Limited £2.2bn (£2bn), Unilever NV £3.36hn

Second quarter operating profits in Europe were lower and generally adverse economic conditions caused results of almost all product groups to be below those of the corresponding period in 1979.

weather seriously affected ice 1979 was £606.6m from sales £148.8m (£143.4m), at exchange cream sales, rates ruling on December 31.

## HIGHLIGHTS

Lex looks at the half-time results from Unilever which show second-quarter profits up by 1 per cent pre-tax; which is not bed going hearing in mind a fall in European profits of 10 per cent. Letraset's full-year figures show a rise in profits from £101m to just over £12m, due entirely to growth by the established graphics division. Stanley Gibbons has proved unsatisfactory. The half-time results from Commercial Union are examined and Lex finally considers recent Japanese share

Results, for the second three months, of U.S. operations were well ahead, although Lever £24.7m against £24.1m and was Brothers continued in loss.

The other overseas countries £34m compared with £21.5m. The edible fats business, and particularly its oil milling and operating profits, the division, recovered from previously depressed results, the directors slale, but the poor slale strained and preference dividence was former overseas countries. Tax for the six months took fits from contents and preference dividence, totalling film (film), the attributable balance was first from profits or the whole of the attributable balance was first from profits.

First-half included associates share of struck after increased interest of

at June 30, 1980, and was split as to Unilever Limited £72.1m (£67.3m) and £69.7m (£76.1m)

The directors say the continuing strength of sterling against most other curreocies depressed attributable profits expressed in sterling.

Earnings per 25p share are shown as 38.17p compared with 38.61p for the half year.

			1014
•		Em	£m
	Third party sales	5,553.0	4,998.0
5	Limited	2,195.0	1,595.0
f	NV	3,358,0	3,003.0
_	Descring profit	326.1	303.4
S E	Associates' share	24.7	24.1
L	Trede invs. income .	0,7	0.4
	Interest	34.0	21.5
7	Pre-tax profil	317.5	306.4
	Tax	155,7	151.0
	Minorities, prel. divs.	13.0	12.0
	Exchange loss	7.0	_
•	Attributable	141.8	143.4
Š	Limited	72.1	67.3
:	KY	69.7	76.1
	Lex, Back 1	Page	

# Underwriting losses puts CU lower

business.

increasing from £17.2m to difficult. The statutory operating £22.9m. Commercial Union ratio was 104.4 per cent (105.1 Assurance Company reports a slight fall from £58.1m to Assurance Company reports a per cent). The claims ratio to slight fall from £52.1m to earned premiums was 70.4 per £57.6m in pre-tax profits for the six months to June 30. 1980. expense ratio to written pre-first quarter profits advanced miums 34 per cent (32.2 per First quarter profits advanced from £23.4m to £26.3m.

Premium income in the first half increased from £610.8m to

The U.S. activities suffered the heaviest underwriting losses with £14.6m (£11.5m), but in the Netherlands they were down from £3.2m to £2.4m. Io Canada, however, a surplus of £1.1m last

time turned into a £3.1m loss.
Premium growth in the U.S. was stronger during the second quarter, particularly in the motor and liability accounts. Property claims experience bas deteriorated due to the effect of deteriorated due to the effect of writing results therefore fell bad weather and generally, with sharply and there is no immedi-

ratio was 104.4 per cent (105.1 per cent). The claims ratio to

A small underwriting profit of £1.1m (£0.2m) was achieved in the UK and premium growth, especially in motor, has been maintained at a high level. There was a marked improve-

ment in motor claims experience

in the Netherlands and further

rate increases of this class have not been authorised. Trading conditions in Canada were most unsatisfactory due to intense competition and inadequate premium raies. Under-

In Australia, intense competilion conlinues unabated and underwriting experience was poor with losses of £2.2m [f1.8m] incurred. Adverse weather conditions and large claims is affecting the fire

The integration of the group's business interests in Australia and New Zealand with those of the National Mutual Life Association of Australasia, became effective from August 1. Income from husiness interests in these countries after that date will be accounted for as associates'

Underwriting loss for other countries was £1.7m which reflected poor experience in a

Investment Income, net of loan interest, increased by 7 per cent to £72.2m, but after allowing for the effect of exchange rates and other factors, the underlying increase was 18 per After tax and minorities down

from £22.2m to £19.201, pro6t attributable is up from £35.9m to £38.4m and stated earnings per 25p share are 9.36p (8.7ap)
The interim net dividend is increased from 4p to 4.4p and will absorb £18.1m (£16.4m). Last year's total payment was 9.8p from pre-tax profits of £137,6m. Shareholders' fuods total led

£781m (£666m) at the half year. Worldwide new life assurance business at June 30 was: new sums assured £1.57bn (£1.22on); new life and annuity premiums in a £33m (£32.1m); new annities in per annum £31.7m (£24.3m). Lex, Back Page

# Rosgill profits finish £0.4m lower

clothing distributor, improved from £22.87m to £26.73m but taxable profits, for the 53 weeks ended May 31, 1980, dropped to \$728,084, compared with £1.13m. At halfway with profits he-hind at £483,000 (£720,000), the directors said that conditions generally, were not expected to improve in the short term.

They now say that a conlinued pressure on margins is antici-Earoings per 5p share for 1979-80 are shown as 6.57p against 10.5p, and 6.24p 110.27p) fully diluted, and the dividend is stepped up to 2.466p (2.31p) net with a final payment of

Profits included interest recelvable of £21,243 (£11,849) hut of Rosgill's woes. Not only did attempts at diversification in the were struck after interest pay the company have to cut past have been something of a able of £101,125 against £66,501. margins, along with more confailure but the company now The net After an ACT charge of ventional retailers, after last seems to want to concentrate on participating

the attributable halance came having to make a hefty proselling within the UK. The conthrough down from £1.03m to vision—£205,000 so far—in case tinuing tough trading conditions the Customs and Excise wins a mean that Rosgill will do well

The directors state that no significant quantities of seasonal lines bave been carried over. 1979-80 1978-79

	3	C
Tumover	26,730,530	22,873,63
Trading profit	807,966	1,181,02
Interest receivable	21,243	11,84
interest payable	10t, 125	66,50
Pre-tax profit	728,084	1.126,36
ACT	100,929	94 54
Attributable	627,155	1,031,82
Dividends	235,503	220,60
Retained	391,652	811,21
Carried largrand	1, to2, 619	219,40
Brought forward .	1,494,271	1,102,81

## comment

been responsible for a good part' must now be in doubt. Rosgill's £100,929 compared with £94.545, year's VAT hike, but it is also its main strength—party plan was £11.7675 (£10.3308).

the Customs and Excise wins a long-running battle over the valuation, for VAT purposes, of garments provided for Rosgill's 7,000 party plan "hostesses." By last September the company realised that its hopes of improved earnings would have to be disched it promptly cut for he ditched. It promptly cut forward orders and ran down stocks in an attempt to limit the down-side risk which appears to have been successful, as shown by the fact that it is now left with very few summer lines. More worry-ing is the performance of the Dutch subsidiary Pippa Dee b.v. In one way or another VAT has stantial loss and whose future

to make the same again in the current year and the yield of 19 per cent with a cover of 2.7 is a reflection of the market's continuing lack of confidence in the

## CAPITAL RESERVE **FUND ADVANCES** For the year to June 24, 1980.

net revenue of Capital Reserve Fund Improved from £15,907 to £31,613. Earnings per share are shown

to have risen from 1.03352p to 2.83105p and, as known, the interim dividend is stepped up from 1p to 2.8p net. The net asset value

# Charterhouse Petroleum Limited

Charterhouse Petroleum is the first British oil company with North Sea production as well as exploration acreage to be floated on The Stock Exchange. It has developed into a significant and profitable business, primarily through the successful development of the Thistle Field of which it owns 2.3

As a result of the recent Offer for Sale by tender, the Charterhouse Group Limited now owns 48-4 per cent of the issued share capital of Charterhouse Petroleum which, at the Offer for Sale price of 68p per share, is capitalised at £54.4 million.

The Charterhause Petraleum Group is engaged in the exploration for, and the development and production of, oil and gas in areas of the United Kingdom Continental Shelf.

over 2-3 per cent interest in the Thistle Field, which lies partly in Black 211/18a and came into production

O 1:0 per cent interest in the remainder of Black 211/18a, where other hydrocarban accumulations have been discovered:

O 8:16h per cent interest in Blocks 14/16 and 14/17.

where an exploration well is planned for this year, O 9-8 per cent interest in Block 20/2, where seismic surveys are being evaluated prior to selecting a drilling

O interests in three exploration consortia which have applied for Seventh Round licences;

O 30 per cent interest in Jubilee Oil Company which is a member of two other consortia which have applied for Seventh Round licences;

O net assets at book cost at 30th June 1980 nf £29-3 million, including:

O £20 million cash resources available for future exploration and development and to assist the achievement of its objectives.

Charterhnuse Petrnleum's objectives are to:increase by exploration and/or acquisition the hydrocarbon reserves it now has in the North Sea:

expand its current activities through exploration for and acquisition of hydrocarbon reserves outside the Uniled Kingdom.

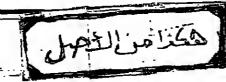
**Profit Record** 

	15 months to 31st Dec.	Year to 31st Dec.	6 months to 30th June
	1978	1979	1980
E'000			
Profit before taxation	216	1,576	3,488
Profit after taxation	. 95-	259	97:1
Forecast			

In connection with the Offer for Sale the Directors of Charterhouse Petroleum forecast that, in the absence of unforeseen circumstances, and on the basis of the assumptions set nut in the Prospectus (and included in the Extel Card), profits before tax of Charterhouse Petroleum for the 512 months to 31st December 1980 will be not less than £4-85 million including £1-10 million interest on cash

Further particulars relating to Charterhouse Petroleum are available from Extel Statistical Services. Copies of the Extel Card may be obtained until 31st August 1980 from Charterhouse Japhet Limited, I, Palernoster Row, St. Pauls, London EC4M 7DH.

Charterhouse Petroleum Limited 1, Paternoster Row, St. Pauls, London EC4M 7DH



# £179,000 Abwood Machine

WITH turnover showing little graphics division helped lift change at £1.25m against £1.29m, Abwood Machine Tools reports a loss of £178,625 for the year to March 31, 1980, compared with a pre-tax profit of £75,009 for the previous 12 months.

At the interim stage, when a turnround from a profit of £35,232 to a loss of £39,000 was reported, the directors said the deficit was due to the effects of the engineering strike in August and September and other factors associated with sales and admini-

Mr. G. J. Suckling, chairman.

now says that following his appointment as an executive director in March, he instigated an internal investigation as result of which serious deficiencies in the company's accounting system have come to light.

These deficiencies appear to have existed for sevral years

have existed for sevial years but are such that it is not possible to be accurate as to toe amount attributable to previous years, although it is likely to be years, although it is likely to be a major proportion of the loss shown in these figures. "I am now satisfied that these deficiencies in the system bave been remedied. However, I must mention that there may be other contingent liabilities as yet unquantified of the company which the Board is actively investigat-

iog." says Mr. Suckling.
The company's freebold has been revalued which provides a surplus of £130,000 which will be included in the accounts.

Th ecompany is not immune from the general depressed level industrial activity and Mr. Suchling says he sees no likeli-hood of improvements until present interest rates come

In view of the results, no dividend is recommended. There was a lax credit this time of £48.821 (£40.000 charge)

## Mercantile Investment advances

REVENUE available for shareholders of Mercantile Investment Trust advanced from £1.61m to £2.12m in the half-year to July 31, 1980. This was after tax up from £797,000 to £1.02m and preference dividends unchanged at £67,000.

Stated earnings per 25p share are 1.55p against 1.2p, and the interim dividend is unchanged at 0.72p—last year's included 0.22p of arrears of dividend from Shell. The board expects to be able to recommend a maintained total payment for the year of

Gross revenue for the first half

was £4.03m (£3.69m), of which franked investment income accounted for £2.5m against f1.57m. Dehenture and other interest charges were down from £1.02m to £626,000, and management expenses were virtually unchanged at £198,000 (£158,000). Net asset value per share, after

deducting prior charges at redemption prices, was 70p (57p) as at July 31, and after deductlng prior charges at market prices, 73.75p (60.75p). During the half-year, bolders of book value and this activity of £87,752 41 per cent convertible debeniure stock regularized.

debeniure stock requested con-version and 131,628 ordinary shares were issued to them.

SIGNIFICANT LOSSES in the authorities principally in the on cash flow and the gulf, second six months has left W. and J. Glossop, public works contracsouth east, who have been helpful in agreeing to the prompt settlement of accounts resulting Further rationalisation is being implemented, directed

for, with a pre-tax deficit of 5422.243 for the year ended January 31, 1980, compared with profits of £501,793 previously. At the elimination of half-way, profits had failen from £315,000 to £187,000. unnecessary duplication of activity within the group and The surface dressing operations incurred substantial losses in the this will result in a reduction south east and in the western of costsregion, while the quarrying acti-

Turnover for the 1979-80 year climbed from £13,34m to £16,42m, There was a tax credit of £243,809

affected by poor weather, the high cost of financing increased turnover, escalating prices of fuel and bitumen and generally Although there was a loss per 25p share of 3.Sp, against earoings of 8.7p last time, the dividend total is being held at 4.202p net with a final of 2.626p (same).

between creditor and debtor figures has to be funded by expensive borrowings. On top of that, low margin fixed-price husiness rapidly becomes uneconomic when inflation rises. becomes Glossop believes that it has now remedied these difficulties and has also stemmed the sizeable losses from two surface dressing operations. The other major-hole in the revenue account, a quarrying business, has been sold and the company's confi-

struck after sharply increased interest charges of fl.71m

of £1.02m (£1.56m). This sum incorporates patent damages received of £0.5m, but was re-

duced by £0.9m because of the disposal of an investment port

folio included in the previous

CCA adjustments leave the profit before tax for the year at 18.8m against £8.9m.

year's results.

figr. \$51, charge) and after extraordinary credits of £191,672
(£30,606 debits), attributable
profits slumped from £373,336 to
£13,038.

Comment

The problems of Glossop are
shared by most medium-sized
contractors. The slowness of local authorities in making payments can have a dramatic effect

sold and the company's confidence is reflected in the payment of a maintained final
dividend after second half
losses of over £600,000. The
optimism is inspired partly by
the belief that, with new roadbuilding work in short supply
road maintenance contracts
should hold np. This may prove
the case but the shares, yieldlogal authorities in making payments can have a dramatic effect

# A. COHEN & CO. LTD.

Extracts from Group Accounts

Year ended December 31st 1979 Turnover ..................£33,190,707 £47,842,141 Group Profit before Tax £2,107,591 £1,962,465 Group Profit after Tax ... Dividend per Ordinary Share ..... Earnings per Ordinary

Copies of the Report and Accounts can be obtained from the Secretary, A. Cohen & Co. Ltd., 8 Waterloo Place, St. James's, London SW1Y 4AH.

# M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited

197	<b>9-80</b>				Gross	Yield	
High	Low	Company .	Price	Chengo	Div (p)		P/I
93	53	Airaprung	- 53		6.7 .	12.6	. 3.1
50	22	Armitage and Rhodes	23		3.8	15.5	1.5
190	921	Bardon Hill	160 -		9.7	6.1	6.0
100	75	County Cars 10.7% Pf.	.75		15.3 .	20.4	
101	63	Deborah Ord	96	_	5.0	5.2	10.5
125	88	Frank Horsell	122		7.9	. 6.5	3.8
129	73		. 73	Ē	11.0		3,3
156	92	George Steir	92	٠ ــــ	16.5	t7.9	. —
84	45	Jackson Group	83	<del></del>	8.0	7.2	. 3.2
153	t03	James Burrough	122		7.8	6.5	10.0
302	242	Robert Jankins	300	-	31.3	10.4	_
232	175	Torday	221		15.1	8.8	3.8
34	10	Twinlock Ord	1117	·	_	-	
<b>9</b> 0	70	Twinlock 15% ULS	82	<b></b> ·.	15.0	18.3	نستر
56	23	Unilock Holdings	. 47 -		3.0	84	7.2
50	45	Unitock Holdings New	48	~ <b>-</b> .	3.0	6.3	7.4
99	42	Walter Alexandar	98		5.7	5.B	5.4
242	138	W. S. Yaates	242		12.1	5.0	3.9

# **TESEL SERVICES LIMITED**

Incorporated in England to provide wireline logging services to the international oil industry

Issue of ... 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at £4.00 per share

£3,000,000 Variable Rate Convertible Subordinated Unsecured Loan Notes 1987/90 at par

arranged through

## SHEPPARDS AND CHASE

Clements House, Gresham Street, London EC2V 7AU Members of The Stock Exchange

# Electronic Rentals pays £3.09m for Rentacolor

Electronic Rentals Group, the In the six months to June 30 television rental concern with the unaudited management interests in camping and leisure accounts showed pre-tax profits interests in camping and leisure accounts showed pre-tax profits agreed to purchasa, subject to activities, is buying the Rentaof £118,000 and post tax profits the approval of the appropriate color television rental husinesses of £102,000 on turoover of £1.1m. authorities, 40 per cent of the color television rental husinesses trading in Anstralia, Hong Kong, Singapore and South Africa in

Tre Total iding for the sear the Nil

2: The Notice of Section 1997 (Section 1997) (Secti

flow and the p

martings On a

Wilder manage for

Sec. 45, h 152.

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ar

a deal worth £3.09m.
The planned purchase is expected to be completed on August 15 and the payment is to be discharged by the issue of \$3.03m. Electronic Payment. 55 24 254 649 55 24 254 640 24 24 640 24 Control Rate 7 100 Control Rate 8 100 Control Ra of 3.03m Electronic Reutals shares. On the London Stock Exchange yesterday Electronic Renta's shares fell 2p to 106p. Stockbrokers W. Greenwell have placed the shares. Under the deal Electronic Rentals is ar surplus, which a surplus of the s to assume responsibility for borrowings equivalent to £1.75m in the newly sequired whofly-owned subsidiaries.

In the latest audited accounts of lentacolor for the year endel December 31, 1979, pre-tax profits were £227,000 and post-tax profits £180,000, adjusted after back management charges to ha vendors, on a £2.1m

and £420,000 respectively. Electronic Rentals bas recently purchased the majority share-holding in its previously asso-

colour talevision and post tax profits of £32,000
on rental with and £14,000 respectively on turnand commercial ovar of £710,000. The net tangible
assets of the business were domestic Electronic Rentals said that £178,000. the concentration of business Electro

division while stronger founda-tions "are laid for profitable development in the future of new

Electronic Rentals has also The net tangible assets of the Issued share capital of Rentacompany at December 31 1979 color (New Zealand) which and June 30 1980 were £400,000 operates a television rental business with 6,000 subscribers. Tha consideration is £357,000. Electronic Rentals will issue its shares as the consideration which ciated rental operations in Hong will be placed by W. Graeowell. Kong. Singapore and South In its latest accounts for the In its latest accounts for the year ended March 31, 1980 this Rentacolor has a total of company reported pre-tax profits

Electronic Rentals is planning activity and investment in to form a company to promote existing geographical areas will lelevision rentals to the bottel ensure that an immediate conindustry in South East Asia. It is proposed that the directors of profits of the overseas rental the new company will be repredivision while stronger foundations. Heather the sentitives of Elactronic Rentals. and Jardine Matheson together with Mr. Brian Wolfson, the

● NEWS ANALYSIS—ARMSTRONG EQUIPMENT IN £700,000 DEAL

# AE discards Covrad at a discount

with Iran.

ARMSTRONG EQUIPMENT

ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS SINCE JANUARY 1978

CONSIDERATION

£340,000 cash and shares

£1,4m cash or shares

£850,000 cash

£\$37,000 cash

£600,000 cash

£2.1m cash

its press work and heat transfer preference shares. Covrad has division, other than land and been a heavy loss-maker in seven buildings, to Armstrong Equipof the 10 years to September ment for 1700,000 in casb. The 1979, its aggregate profits over will be effective from September of more than £4m.

The division consists of two companies, Covrad and Coventry presswork were each employing Motor Fittings, and the selling about 600 people at the cod of price represents a substantial discount to the net book value

far been excluded from the disposal. But Armstrong, beaded by Mr. Harry Hooper, bas an option to buy Covrad's 23-aere site at Canley and CMF's premises in Coventry at any time within the next two years at this year's book valuation of £2.3m.

The division's select in the control of the cont Land and buildings bave so The division's sales in the

**ACQUISITION** 

Gandy Frictions

Hillcrest Engineering

Auglo-Swiss Holdings

Biackheath Stamping

(now Atias Boits)

Firth Cleveland Fastening

SALE of Armstrong Autoparts

66 per cent of Newton OFA

(Wilienhall)

DATE

une 1978

April 1979

May 1979

August 1979

August 1979

October 1979

December 1979

Occember 1979

February 1979

ment for £700,000 in easb. The 1979, its aggregate profits over deal is subject to clearance by the decade of £1.72m fall some the Office of Fair Trading and way short of the sum of its losses Its activities fall in to three main groups Heat transler and

about 600 people at the rod of 1979 while the workforce in the heating equipment operation totalled about 100. Heat transfer bas been turo

lts chief competitor for indus

half-year to March were £11m, trial engines and power genera-and the purchase price illustrates tion sets is Serck Wheeled the depression in most of Covrad's main markets.

**YENDOR** 

Independent

Independent

independent

To GKN

Howard Tenens

Deritend Stamping

ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING Acquired in August 1955 for face competition mainly from business, where Covrad produces the division does not even war-has agreed to sell the assets of around £5.2in in ordinary and IMI's Marston Radiators division, space heating equipment under rant a sub-group director on the Tha market for heat transfer licence, employs only around main Board, equipment has been blighted by 200 people and, since it turns Cutting h a downturn in world demand for over only film annually, its site at Canley was never really per cent of UK diesel engine pro.

duction is sold overseas-stemming from a slowdown in pur-chasing by OPEC and badly jolted by the terminetion of trade specialises in radiators for vehicles at the haavy end of the commercial market, is probably going to break even this year but The press work operation— Covrad is bracing itself for a with an annual turnover of £1.9m loss. around £8m—bas been less badiv hit although the contraction of AE did not choose to sell or

the domestic eutomouve managers ago.

has affected sales of the group's ago.

"Wa thought about closing it constitute the constitute of the constit has affected sales of the group has a grou In AP's case, Covrad is thought But its customers' supposed diffi-to supply around 75 per cent of culties in resourcing in such specialist presswork areas, and the cost of redundancies, had its brake shoe pressing requireapparently persuaded AE to pull back from the brink each time. tion from heat transfer and presswork but it seems that the Yet it did not fit into the mainlatter has been tha more profit-stream of AE's pistons, piatonable. The heating equipment rings and bearings operations and

Brake and clutch linings

Pressings and assemblies

Turned parts, pumps, crop drying

and agricultural industry

Telescopic shock absorbers

Automotive batteries

Industrial fasteners

Orop forging

Fasteners, screws, industrial pressings

Replacement body parts for automotive

Wholesale automotive parts distribution

quired by a beavy press shop Coventry Motor Fittings, which and the group was left to nurse pecialises in radiators for what it now concedes was a

grumbling appendix." It comes as little surprise, as Armstrong's acquisitive bunger shows, that Mr. Hooper should emerge as the surgeon. Armstrong is now trying to reactivate talks on a hid for tha loss-making Meriden motorcycle co-operativa and has never heen reluctant to take on the supposedly bleaker sections of British industry.

Its usual approach is to trim tha workforce of the companies It acquires and its determined attack on what Mr. Hooper has allways regarded as chronic over-manning in British industry conjures a swift recovery in even hardaned loss-makers. This time, however, AE ia bearing the cost of labour shedding.

The projected deficit at Covrad includes a £900,000 provision against 232 redundancies. Covrad employed 1,548 people at the and of 1978 and at the and of lest entity its payroll end of last month its payroll was down to 1,351. Armstrong bas been involved

in talks about Covrad for the past three or four months and it seems that the initiative sprang from AE.

There is no particular industrial "fit" in this deal, although Armstrong has extansive pressing capacity at Howard Tenens (Willenhall) at the lightar end of the market. There may also he scope for Armstrong's fasteners to be supplied to the

heat transfer arm.
But the over-riding impression remains that the buyer could more or less dictate its own terms for a business that it does not specifically need and which AE does not want.

# Gulf stake in Lonrho falls to 16% after rights disposal

th current rights issue by cordinary shares compulsorily. Lurho. As a result Gulf's 19 per cnt stake has been dlluted to jst under 16 per cent and Mr. "Tiny" Rowland, Lonrho's chief recutive, becomes the largest pareholder with 16.4 per cent that balance of the ordinary shares computed by shares has been accepted by some 60 per cent of bolders representing 156,993 shares—equal to 39.24 per cent of that class. Tha preference offer remains open until August 25. rediction and the cecutive, becomes the largest pareholder with 16.4 per cent Mr. Tom Ferguson, Gulf's nvestment manager, confirmed yesterday that the group had sold through the market the 8.3m sbares it was entitled to. Gulf continues to bold 41.6m shares. The group bas been unhappy with its investment in Lonrho for soma time and Mr. Ferguson said that he did not see any point in maintaining the stake at 19 per cent. In the markat Lonrho's shares

shed 3p on the news before closing 1p down at 91p. Mr. Rowland has personally underwritten the one-for-five rights issue which was pitched at 80p compared with a market price of 114p prior to the issue. Mr. Ferguson, who has spear-headad Gulf's dissension at Lonrho has been asked by Professor Roland Smith to hecome his personal assistant in House of Fraser Professor Smith has just been appointed part-time deputy chairman of the retailing group which is ginger-ing itself up for an expected bid from Lonrho.

FOSECO MUNSEP Foseco Minsep offer for the ordinary shares of Unicorn Industries has become unconditional as to acceptances. The ordinary share consideration for the offer has closed, but the until further remain open/

Foseco has received acceptances of the ordinary offer from holders of 26,477,472 shares (92.41' per cent) of which Second City Properties—Scot-23,372,675

## Hiram sells its Highland shares for £3.98m

HIRAM WALKER-GOODERHAM AND WORTS, the Canadian drink and gas company, has disposed of its entire near 5 per cent holding of 3.07m shares in Highland Distilleries in a deal

worth £3.98m.

The sbares wera sold at a net price of 1294p to a number of institutions. The move follows the unsuccessful takeover attempt by Hiram Walker for Highland Distilleries, makers of the Famous Grouse brand of scotch whisky. Hiram Walker's 180m bid was vetoed by the Monopolies Commission which published

which published a report last On the London stock exchange, Highland's shares rose 8p to 127p. Mr. John Macphall, Highland

chairman, expressed gratitude to sbarebolders for their support at the time of the bld. SHARE STAKES Fobel International-Mr. B.

GUF FISHERIES, the Knwaiti- elected for the ordinary consid- Society has sold 500 000 shares cotrollad investment group, has eration. Foseco intends to reducing its total holding to no retained its allotment from acquire tha balance of the 1.9m (13.91 per cent).

Higsons Brewery—Mr. G. L. Corlett, director, disposed of 50,000 sbares, Mr. D. B. Corlett, director, disposed of 50,000

Matthew Brown - Imperial Group has reduced its Interest in the ordinary share capital from 1.2m to 1.17m (6.9 per cent). Pentos—Sun Life Assurance Society deferred ordinary now hold 565,488 shares. (6.07 per

cent.)
Property and Reversionary Investment Corporation-Mr. A. P. Arnold, diractor, reduced his nonheneficial interest by 7,800 Capital Reserve Fund-Norman

nominees, bas reduced its in-terest by 1.45 per cent to 29.31 per cent. Freemans (London S.W.9.) -Mr. R. S. Chapman, director, has reduced his non-beneficial in-terests in the ordinary share

## Mr. Ross lifts stake in Stroud Riley

Mr. Harvey Ross, the Yorkshire gold investment and colo dealer, has increased his stake in Stroud Riley Drammond, the Bradford textile group, from 15.02 per cent to 16.5 per

Mr. Ross, through his company Harvey Michael Investments has bought a further 50,000 shares taking his holding up from

Bradford businessman and managing director of Stroud Riley, holds 29.7 per cent of the company's capital through his privately owned Simco Supermarkets Stefan Simmonds, have tish Amicable Life Assurance Supermarkets.

# Timber lifts Brownlee stake

International Timber Corporation his liftad its bolding in Brownfe, a Glasgow-based timber in chant, from 12 per cent to 16 er cent.

This stake formed part of a 124 er cent holding disposed of trough the market last week by ic Leod Russel, the balance beig acquired by a wide range of a stitutions.

In Alastair Campbell, manifold first that the company had led the stake for a number of ears and it bad proved a very lood investment. He said it was decided that that tima had come to take a profit and put the money to use elsewhere.

International Timber said he was anxious to see Brownlae around 77p each for its shares became available to see Brownlae around 77p each for its shares brownlee independent. When McLeod's shares became available the opportunity was taken to build up a strategic shareholding. Mr. Groves said that "it would be a very courageous chap" who made a bid for Brownlee with Interoational Timber bolding such a large slice. He said ba bad no bid intentions at the moment and any future purchasas of Brownlee shares would depend on the limit of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of the capital of Matth Thom and Co. for £95,000 sate of t

on very friendly terms with Brownlee. He said be had no money to use elsewhere.
The group hes already committed itself to finding sources of earnings growth to complement its assets outside India.
The number of shares involved the strong views on board representation but would not seek it unless it was at Brownlea's request.
The number of shares involved the strong views on board representation but would not seek it unless it was at Brownlea's request.

in the McLeod disposal was s80,975 which were aold at a Brownlae takes advantage of small discount on the 82p share price at the time.

Mr. Ronald Groves, chairman the two companies have may be trading links for some time—

Interval in the two companies have may be trading links for some time—

Interval in the two companies have may be trading links for some time—

Interval in the two companies have may be trading links for some time—

Interval in the some time—

Interval i

International Timber pald around 77p each for its shares in Brownlee involving an outlay of some £339,000.

HAT Group has acquired 75 per cent of the capital of Matthew Thom and Co. for £95,000 satis-fied by 55,950 ordinary shares with the balanca in casb. Matthew Thom is a Glasgow

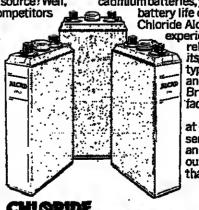
Tha acquisition by B. Paradisc of Templebest has been com-pleted and Mr. Ronald Benson has been appointed deputy chair-

Mr. S. Alembick, managing director of Templebest, bas been appointed joint managing direc-tor together with Mr. Ronald Paradise.

It's a life sentence, and isn't that what youlookfor from a standby power source? Well, stop looking, because while our competitors claim long life, only Alcad nickel cadmium batteries guarantee it.

A unique ten year
warranty covers stationary
batteries installed in the United
Kingdom, against manufacturing defects, unconditionally for twelve months and thereafter on a generous 'percentage rebate' exchange basis. Of course, all Alcad

batteries have long life built in. So, with reasonable care and the after-sales back-up of



Britain's only manufacturer of vented nickel . cadmiumbatteries, you could finish up with a useful battery life of up to 30 years. Chloride Alcad's resources and sixty years

experience is as much a guarantee of reliable long life as the guarantee itself. Afterall, we sell more of this type of battery for commercial and industrial applications in Britain than all other manufacturers combined.

In fact, when you look at our batteries' record for long service, engineered quality and value, you will agree that our new guarantee is no more than they—and you—deserve.



for life Chloride Alcad Limited, Union Street, Redditch, Words. Tel: Redditch 62351

# U.S. partner for Hogg Robinson Hogg Robinson Group, the insurance broker with large Lloyd's of London interests, has

Mr. Morris Abbott, Hogg son intends to acquire insurance brokerage businesses in North America. A new partnership company has been formed called Republic Steel extending over 40 years. "We believe this is the best possible basis on which to establish a major insurance to stablish a major insurance."

son intends to acquire insurance brokerage businesses in North America. A new partnership company has been formed called Republic Hogg Robinson in which the partners will have equal representation. On the London stock market yasterday. Hogg's charge ruse 4b to 121p. to establish a major insurance broking presence in the U.S."

share

د جري

Lloyd's of London interests, has entered into a partnership with a subsidiary of Republic Steel Corporation, the fifth largest steel producer in the U.S. The logal regressing a major step by logal r

ing December, 1979, Republic Steel reported sales of \$3.99bn (\$3.5bn) and net income of "The formation of the partner

ship company represents only phase one of our new American plans," sald Mr. Abbott yester-day, "we have a little list drawn up of possible acquiations and some of them are quoted companies. But to do this it is obviously heneficial to he in partnership with a locally based company."

Republic Steel Services Group Inc. has husiness operations in insuranca and investment man-Hogg's shares rose 4p to 121p. In its last financial year end-

# PFPUT buys second U.S. property

Investment in the U.S. for a sum of around \$10.5m.

The proparty is the Plaza Del Prado Shopping Center in Glenview, a prosperous suburb some 20 miles north-west of downtown Chicago. Gross lettable area of this investment is 129,000 was a 67,000 sq ft warebouse and Stott, the owners of Morley was a 67,000 sq ft warebouse area of this investment is 129,000 was a 67,000 sq ft warebouse area of the control of the acquisition of the acquisition is 8.9 per cent and PFPUT's cash yield is 7.7 per cent.

PFPUT's first property investment of Leeds, have acquired Cryer and Stott, the owners of Morley was a 67,000 sq ft warebouse undisclosed sum.

The Pension Fund Property
Unit Trust (PFPUT), in association with Grosvenor International, has completed the purchase of its second property investment in the U.S. for a sum of around \$10.50.

bullding in a prime industrial

# Unigate well placed and has strong balance sheet

to face the future, Mr. John members in his annual review.

he states, with a major expansion in meat in the UK and the group's business, the chair-Europe, 20d the gradual developman states. ment of a strong presence io the U.S. dairy markets.

milk, food and transport concern directors to invest more money have continued to invest in its in developing the group's addednase business with forward-look ing capital programmes to equip the group in order to meel the needs of an "ever-changing market place."

Mr. Clement says the group is encouraged by the initial findings of the independent inquiry into the milk industry which stated that the costing system remunerating milk processors and distributors was an incentive to increased efficiency.
He adds that maintenance of

this equitable balance of benefits is crucial to the future of the milk sector of British agricul-

As reported on July 18, pre-tax profit for the year ended March 31, rose from £43.4m to a record

Unigate has a far strooger £51.4m, on turnover of £1.24hn following capital expenditure of balance sheet and is well placed (£1.13bo). The dividend is £10m, and the Luton dairy is lifted by 1p to 5.7p net per share. lement, chairman, tells The sale of 16 creameries to the Milk Marketing Board (MMB) last August has resulted In a certain shift of emphasis in

Capital released from the S. dairy markets.

At home, the directors of this dairy commodities has enabled value consumer dairy products market growth is where

> By ouying products which Unigate no longer manufactures from third parties, including the MMB, the group is able, Mr. Clement says, to retain a leading

> of a flexible and well-funded investment policy, the chairman says, with which directors plan to increase the group's growth prospects as a whole.

The new processing dairy at revenue of £1.68m.
Cbadwell Heath is due to start operating at the end of the year.

197p to 218.4p per

£10m, and the Luton dairy is being refurbished for £2.5m. Plans are at an advanced stage for a large capital investment in the Midlands to meet future demands.

American operations have been coosiderably increased, and the directors regard rational expansion in the U.S. as essential to the group's health, Mr. Clement states,

They remaio coovinced of the long-term importance of the American investments. Meeting, Dorchester Hotel, W.

oo September 11 at noon.

## BROADSTONE

197p to 218.4p per share.

For the first half of 1980 position in the dairy commodity revenue of Broadstone Investmarket.

Proceeds of the creameries sale, some £87m including stocks, can now form the basis of a flexible and well-funded in the stocks.

The net interim dividend Is stepped up from 20 to 2.2p per 20p share — last year's total was 7.35p, which included a 1p special payment, on taxable Net asset value climbed from

# UER's London listing Tesel Services raises £5m is 'strategic, not tactical' says chief

London Stock Exchange in the this will be smoothed out by the shares of United Energy addition of another market. Resources, an energy group which derives around 95 per

Sioce its formation in 1976, after a spin-off from Pennzoil Company, UER has diversified into 2 wide range of energy activities. In late 1976, it bought Cotton Petroleum, a vehicle for oil and gas explora-tion and production. Within a few years, UER bopes to derive around 2 quarter of its income

Its activities bear a passing resemblance to those of Nicor, an opportunity to participate in another U.S. gas company, which the regulated U.S. gas market. another U.S. gas company, which listed its shares in May this year. Like Nicor, UER's reasons for a London listing are a little vague. As the group's chief financial officer, Mr. James C. Cooper, expresses it: "They are strategic, not tacticat."

Mr. Cooper accepts that a London listing is unlikely to create an upsurge in demand from UK institutions, which are already able to trade freely in the stock through New York, He hopes, however, to tap some retail demand and to broaden the dristibution of the shares. At present, institutions hold only between 18 and 19 per rent of UER stock and Mr. Cooper

The company is a little coy about its financing plans but Mr. cent of its income from natural Cooper admits that, with capital gas pipelines. Cooper admits that, with capital expenditure of over \$400m planned this year, UER might make tap the bond markets before the end of 1980.

The halance sheet is not heavily geared and UER could be tempted by a dollar issue in Londoo if the conditions looked competitive, Mr. Cooper says.

With net income last year of S111.7m on sales of \$3.1bn, UER is capitalised at just under \$1bn. It offers the UK investor which should produce a steady hut unspectacular rise io income, as well as in the more exciting area of oil and gas exploration.

The main shadow hanging over
UER's head is a multitude of

damage claims, amounting to \$1.2hn and still rising, which date from the early 1970s. After 1970, a fall in gas reserves caused UER to curtail supplies to its customers, several of which subsequently filed bighly complex suits claiming, among other things, that UER was in breach of contract.

The company seems confident that it will not suffer serious financiat damage from these claims, but, U.S. legal procedures

TESEL SERVICES, a Basingstnke-based nil drilling service group, has raised £5m through the private placing of 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 at £4 each and £3m worth of variable rate convertible unsecured loan notes

1987-90. The sompany, which has no immediate plans for a Stock Exchange listing plans to develop a share of the world market in wireline logging, a servire required by oil companies in various stages of exploration and development.

The 55m of shares and loan notes has been placed by stock-brokers Sheppards and Chase with a number of City institutions. The Moorside Trust, Scottish American Investment and Stockholders Investment Trust, who together held 74.3 per cent of the £202,000 of issued share capital before the placing, have now taken £1.6m worth of the new shares and notes.

Other institutional investors include Touche Remnant (£1m), Foreign and Colonial Investment Trust (£50.00), Morgan Grenfell t£400,00) and Fleming (£300,00). Charter Consolidated, the min-ing group, has taken £250,000 and the National Coal Board pension fund has subscribed for the same amount. The Commercial Union insurance group has purchased £100,000 worth of sbares and

notes. Mr. Michael Gahan, the chief would like to see this proportion claims, but, U.S. legal procedures
rise. The problem he says, is that heavy institutional trading can generate volatility io the disconnected that the problem he says, is the probably be several years before the matter is resolved.

Mr. Michael Gahan, the chief executive of Tesel, said yester-day that there was scope for the growth of new oil well services

## **BOARD MEETINGS**

The following compenies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are osually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether dividends are informed or finals and the sub-divisions. informs or finels and the sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on last

through private placing

Viyella, Oreamland Eloctrical Appliances, English and Scottish Investors, General Accident Fire and Lits Assurance. Horizon Travel, Securico ance, Horizon Fraver, Security Services, F. W. Woolworth, Finels — Assam Trading, Imry Property, New Witwatererand Gold Exploration, Joseph Webb.

Crouch Group Arg. 25
Couglas (Robert M.) Spr. 10
Mest Trado Suppliers Arg. 13
Scottish Metropoliten Property Ct. 3

aloog with Schlumberger, the acknowledged world market leader. Schlumberger bas about 40 per cent of the North American market and more than 90 per cent in the rest of the world.

But Mr. Gahan claimed there was a "void to be filled" and said he already bad interest from several of the major oil corporations. "We plan for much of our husiness to he overseas, hut we want to develop the company in the UK. This is still a period of relative infancy for the

£97,000 and net assets of £252,000 in its balance-sheet as at June 30 The group plans to operate in the Middle East and Continual Europe as well as in the UE and to contract primarily with rajor oil companies. By 1983 esel hopse to operate 30 logging hits worldwide, giving it a 3 percent

share of the market.

The group plans to nse UK sub-contractors to assemble its units at first, with a later ley to manufacturing for its owness and external sales.

Wireling logging its Section 1.

period of relative infancy for the UK oil sector," be said.

Tesel, which is projecting a net loss of £860,000 in the current year and profits in 1982 and £1.9m the following year, was founded in 1978. Last year the company bad a trading loss of the location and assection of the location of the location and assection of the location of the location and assection o

# Continued profit improvement

## **Outlook favourable**

AUDITED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE, 1980

	1980	1979	Percentage
	R00 <b>0'</b> s	R000's	change
Turnover	164,088	132,776	+24
Income before taxation	13,204	8,698	十52
Taxation	2,740	973	
		<del></del>	
Income after taxation	<b>10,464</b>	7,725	十35
Minority interests	565	505	
Net earnings	9,899	7,220	+37
Ordinary shares in issu	e		
(averaged) (000's)	19.533	15,010	+30
Earnings per share	51 cents	4S cents	+ 6
	28.3 pence	25.4 pence	
Dividends per share	24 cents	20 cents	+20
	13.3 nence	11.1 pence	

## Results

The board has pleasure in reporting improved earnings for the year to 30th June, 1980. Pre-tax profits at R13,204,000 were 52 per cent higher than during the previous year. Profits after tax improved by 35 per cent and at R10,464,000 were a record for Abercom. Earnings per share at 51 cents increased by 6 per cent over the previous year despite dilution resulting from the rights issue of May, 1979, and the higher tax rate experienced during the year. Although our tax rate was higher than in 1979 we again benefited due to grant and investment allowances in the UK and in South Africa respectively, and the utilisation of assessed losses. We expect our overall tax rate to increase further during the year ahead.

## Operations

Demand increased in all areas of our business during the year under review. This trend, together with further improvements in management practice throughout the group, is reflected in the overall margin improvement from 6.6 per cent (1979) to 8.0 per cent (1980).

Among our Heavy Engineering operations the Davidson International Fan Group performed well during the year, while Hunslet Taylor and L. and F. Metter both built on the recoveries which were established during 1979. Consani's experienced further management difficulties during the year and steps have been taken to overcome these problems. Order books have improved over last year's levels and we expect further improvements in profitability in the Heavy Engineering area during the year

Problems connected with factory moves by Giant Security and Hubco Metal Industries, together with margin and workload difficulties in Almaks Engineering combined to reduce profitability in our Light Engineering activities. Giant and Hubco now have more settled conditions at their new sites, and with much improved order book in Almaks at 30th June, we expect profitability in Light Engineering to increase during 1981.

Our Metal Component companies returned increased earnings during 1980 and we anticipate further improvements here, too. during 1981.

Budgets from all operations indicate improvements for the 1981 financial year. Given no adverse change in current economic and political climates, we expect to report further increases in profits during this year.

Dividend number 35 has been declared at the rate of 13 cents (7.2 pence) per share and will be payable to shareholders registered on the Johannesburg and London registers on 5th September, 1980.

Dividend cheques will be posted on or about 6th October, 1980, those for shareholders on the London register being drawn at the rate of exchange then in force; non-resident sbareholders' tax, where applicable, will be deducted. This dividend absorbs R2,545,000.

## Annual Report

The Annual Financial Statements will he posted to sbareholders on or about 24th September, 1980.

By order of the hoard R. M. POWER

Secretary 12th August, 1980

# ABERCOM GROUP LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

7th Floor, 20 Anderson Street, Johannesburg 2001 P.O. Box 61417 Marshalltown 2107

## Rothmans continues expansion With the immediate question of the UK budgetary contribuinvestment in stocks and (£185,22m) and duty, excise and btors are enabling Rothmans other sales taxes of £1.29hn ternational to continues its (£1.25hn).

Shareholders' funds stood at

£155.36m (£137.05m) after charging goodwill arising on consoli-

dation of £116.19m (£116.23m).

Rothmans has a major interest in the EEC, the future develop-

ment and strengthening of which

STRICT controls on the levels debtors are enabling Rothmans International to continues its policy of modernising-and in the UK, expanding—production facilities, says Sir David Nicolson, chairman, in his annual In view of all the uncertainties, particularly in exchange rate movements, the chairman feels it would be foolbardy to forecast the outcome of the

Capital expenditure amounted to some £60m in the year to March 31, 1980, and a similar level of spending is planned for the current year. These pro-grammes will ensure the continued competitiveness of the

group and yield significant beoefits to the future, he adds, The measure of success achieved by controls can be seen in the group's overall horrowing position, Sir David poiots outshort-term borrowings at the (£149.25m) and medium and long-term loans at £50.93m

But he warns that with little sign of any abatement in Euro-pean inflation or interest rates, cash management will continue

in 1979-80. The dividend was lifted to 3.11p (2.45p) with a final of 2.11p. Sales revenue amounted to £2.45bn (£2.36bn)

## **Yearlings**

The Interest rate on this week's batch of yearling bonds is up by 1 per cent at 141 ptr cent. Issued at par they are redeemable on August 19, 1981.
The issues are: Alnwick DC (£0.25m); Roxburgh DC (£0.25m); Charnwood BC (£0.5m): North Tyneside Metro-(£0.5m); Nurth Tyneside Metropolitan BC (£1.5m); Sefton Metropolitan BC (£0.75m); City of Wakefield Metropolitan DC (£0.25m); Runnymede BC (£0.5m); Borough of South Tyneside (£0.6m); North Hertfordshire DC (£0.5m); Bridgnorth DC (£0.25m); Gravesham BC (£0.5m); Erewash BC (£0.5m); Newport BC (£0.5m); Newport BC (£0.5m); South City of Portsmouth (£1m); South Derbyshire DC (£0.25m); Wood-spring DC (£0.25m); East Lindsey DC (£0.5m); City of Edin-burgh DC (£2m); Renfrew DC Chiltern DC is also raising £0.5m hy way of 141 per cent bonds due on August 11, 1982,

## EASTERN INTERNATIONAL

Pre-tax revenue for Eastern International Investment Company fell to £410,000 as against £489,000. Gross iocome for the balf year 10 March 31, 1980, slipped to £496,000 compared with £568,000.

## NOTICE OF CHANGE IN CONVERSION RATE **GALVESTON-HOUSTON**

INTERNATIONAL FINANCE, N.V. 8% Canvertible Subordinated Debontures Due 1994

Debentures Due 1994

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to Section 1104 A of the Indenture disted as of December 15, 1975, the conversion rate for the conversion of the above Debentures into Common Stock of Calveston-Houston Company has been adjusted effective July 10, 1980 due to a three-for-two split of the Common Stock for each SL,000 principal amount of Debentures.

GALTERSON-MOUSTAY COMPANY

GALVESTON-HOUSTON COMPANY By; CITIBANK, N.A., Trustee

NOTICE OF CHANGE IN CONVERSION RATE **GALVESTON-HOUSTON** INTERNATIONAL FINANCE, N.V. 834% Convertible Subordinated Debeotures Due 1994

Debeolars Due 1991

NOTICE IS HEREBY CIVEN that, pursuant to Section 1104 A of the Indenture dated as of April 15, 1979, the conversion rale for the conversion of the above Debenturet tolo Common Stock of Calraston-Hoosion Company has been adjusted effectivo July 10, 1980 due to a three-for-two split of the Common Stock the new conversion rate is 46.154 shares of Common Stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures.

GALVESTON-HOUSTON COMPANY GALVESTON-HOUSTON COMPANY By: CITIBANE, N.A., Trustee

# is vital to the peace and Meeting, Dorchester Hutel, prosperity of the western world. W1, September 10 at 12.30 pm.

expanded to £1.03m, compared came in January, 1979.

INCLUDING MUCH lower gains with £297,604 and included on the disposal of investment £625,000 tnill proceeds of dealproperties, down from £315,708 log properties sale. to £21,366, Amaigamated Estates, property investor, suffered a pre-

As known, pre-tax profits of the international tobacco group fell to £80.45m (£98.16m), or £67.9m (£87.9m) on a CCA basis with a £116,065 profit.

As at March 31, net asset value is given as 24.3p (24.2p) per sbare.

Turnover for the full total formation of the full total formation.

As at March 31, net asset value is given as 24.3p (24.2p) per sbare.

Turnover for the full total formation of the full total formation.

£331,000 loss at Amal. Estates

There is no tax charge against tax loss of £331,362 fur the year as 2.13p (1.26p). Again there is ended March 31, 1980, compared no dividend.

The company, formerly Amalamated Stores, changed its

believes Sir David.		ſ	1 00	ct.	Ja Ja	n	Apr	il	1
With the immediate question of the UK budgetary contribu- tion settled for the time being	Option	Ex'reise price	Closing ofter	Vol.	Closing offer	Vot.	Closing offer	Vol.	Equity
he hopes urgent attention will be given to the design of a new budgetary structure, better equipped to counter reression and unemployment and reform the common agricultural policy. Progress would be made easier, he adds, if Britain joined the European Monetary System and helped her partners develop its scope in order to maintain currency stability and contain inflatioo.  Meeting. Dorchester Hutel, W1, September 10 at 12.30 pm.	Com. Union Coms. Gold Courtsuids COURTSUID COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUIDS COURTSUID COU	140 160 550 90 600 130 140 160 390 393 323 100 110 420 480	12 55 14 14 27 17 6 21 <sub>2</sub> 80 21 <sub>2</sub> 80 21 <sub>2</sub> 80 21 <sub>2</sub> 80 21 <sub>2</sub>	11 6 a 1 20 14 15 10 10 10 2 a 117	17 9 35 71 <sub>2</sub> 2 48 33 26 141 <sub>2</sub> 71 <sub>2</sub> 23 66 12 71 <sub>2</sub> 56 88	35 20 	21 12 57 10 68 31 11 11 11 10 48 26	11 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	144p 509p 66p 486p 154p 367p 365p 100p 414p
Amal. Estates  with £297,604 and included £625,000 thill proceeds of dealing properties sale.  There is no tax charge against £766, and loss per 5p share, before disposal gains, is shown as 2.13p (1.26p). Again there is no dividend.  As at March 31, net asset value is given as 24.3p (24.2p) per share.  The company, formerly Amal-	Imperial Gp. Lonrho Lonrho Lonrho Lonrho Lonrho Lonrho P. & O. P. & O. Racal Elec.	80 64 74 84 94 104 110 260 280 380 420 500	\$ 30 20 10 4 11 <sub>2</sub> 12 12 12 12 12 12 20 5 5	80 37 	6 35 25 151-2 101-2 4 29 30 55-40 21 128 72 48 25	233 144 854 54 146 188	2 12 32 28 20 15 10 12 30 22 50 22 50 24 30 145 96 95 43	20 10 37 78 1 1 1 5 156	82p 92p 124p 124p 282p

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

All of these securities having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.



\$100,000,000

# Inter-American Development Bank

103/4 % Seven Year Notes of 1980, due August 1, 1987

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Lazard Frères & Co.

Discount Corporation of New York

Salomon Brothers

The First Boston Corporation Atlantic Capital

Kidder, Peabody & Co. Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Basie Securities Corporation

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Blyth Eastman Paine Webber Incorporated Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette Securities Corporation

E. F. Hatton & Company Inc.

A. E. Ames & Co.

Drexel Burnham Lambert L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

**EuroPartners Securities Corporation** Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim & Co., Inc.

UBS Securities Inc.

Warburg Paribas Becker
A. G. Becker Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Arabold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. Dominion Securities Inc.

Kleinwort, Benson

McLeod Ynung Weir Incorporated Moseley, Hallgarten, Estabrook & Weeden Inc. New Court Securities Corporation

J. C. Bradford & Co. Alex. Brown & Sons Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. inc.

Oppenheimer & Co., Inc.

Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Wm. E. Pollock & Co., Inc. Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc.

Wood Gundy Incorporated

Steart Brothers

Daiwa Securities America Inc. Nomura Securities International, Inc.

Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc.

The Nikko Securities Co. Yamaichi International (America), Inc.

Mr. lan Wright has been

appointed personnel director of GOLDEN WONDER and SMED-

Mr. Lanrie Hill has been

appointed magaging director of DOREEN UK, the holding company for Joan Barrie and Winners. He was previously

managing director of the retail

managing director of the retain division of BAT Industrics. Mr. J. L. Braham has resigned his executive position with Joan Barrie and his directorship of Doreen Holdings.

Mr. J. R. Knowles has been

appointed to the Board of SELFRIDGES as merchandisc

director responsible for non-food departments and publicity.

He was until recently with Lane Crawford of Hong Kong.

Mr. E. G. Libby and Mr. T.

Stewart have been appointed to the Board of THE COSTA RICA

Mr. David A. Acland has beeo appointed a director and chair-man of ELECTRIC AND

man of ELECTRIC AND GENERAL INVESTMENT CO.,

an investment trust managed by

Mr. Roy Peters has joined COUNTY BANK as head of research departmeol, investment

divisioo. He was formerly with

Following the resignation of Mr. Paul Golay as managing director of the Thornaby-based PETITJEAN AND CO. (UK).

senior executive responsibility is

to be shared between Mr. T.

The chairman of the BRITISH MANAGEMENT TRAINING

EXPORT COUNCIL for the coming year will be Mr. J. Swainson, management training adviser, Urwick Management Centre, and the deputy chairman

will be Mr. Patrick Forsyth,

client services director, market-

Blair and Mr. L. Riley.

Henderson Administration.

RAILWAY CO.

Hoare Govett.

# MINING NEWS

# Accounting change for South Crofty

BECAUSE OF continuing cost the basis of anlicipated fulure pressures and a flat tio price, mining revenues, less costs, and South Crofty, Cornwall's largest, the resulting cash flow was tio mine, is to change the melhod of accounting the value of its. The company said that a pre-mining operations from one liminary review of the value of based on future net mining the mining operations indicated revenues to a depreciated cost

TINGS

FUTURE DATES

My and cel disputed a substitute of the substitu

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nai (America) list :

The change means a reduction 1980. of £3.99m in the balence sheet total of fixed assets at March 31, 1980. As a result of this reduc-tion, which has been charged to STATE STATE AND THE STATE OF TH reserves, the balance sheet reserves show a net deficit of £1.15m which it is proposed to eliminate by reducing the share premlum account by the same amount.

This move will be proposed at the annual meeting; an applica-tion will theo be made to the Court confirming it.

.The move to a depreciated cost basis of valuation—made after consultations with the group's auditors Ernst and Whinney-will avoid substantial fluctuations in the value of the mining operations through the effect on cash infation and a stagnant tin price.
Under the old system the min-

discounted for 1a years ahead. a possible decrease of around 23m over the year to March 31.

For the old accounting hasis to continue monthly valuations of the mining operations would have been required, which is out of the question, the company

Last month the company reported a drop from £2.3m to f1.39m in pre-tax pro6ts for the year ended March 31 1980 In the current year cost pressures have continued and in the first two months there was a pretax loss of £74,000 oo 1in miniog. enmpared with a proft of £528,000.

The company which is con-trolled by Saint Piran, the troubled mining and construc-tion group, yesterday announced the appointment of Mr. P. B. Mihalop a 37 year old mining specialist to the board. He is to become managing director of the ing operations were valued on company from September 1.

# CRA \$80m Australian iron ore purchase

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

AGREEMENT in principle has pellel venture and has a 30 per approval of the boards of both been reached for the Rio Tinio-Zinc group's 61.1 per cent-owned CRA (formerly Conzine Riotinto Australia) to purchase for S.\$80m (£33,7m) the interests in Western Australia iron ore properlies held by Texasgulf of

the U.S. It is a hold move which will substactially increase the group's influence in iron orc developments in the Pilhara region of Western Australia. James Forth from

transaction iocludes Texesguif's 50 per cent interest in the Wittencom and Rhodes Ridge iron ore agreements and other properties owned ininity with Haocock Prospeciling and Wright Prospecting, owned by the WA Mining entrepreneurs, Lang Hancock and Peter Wright, the men largely responsible for the opening up of the Pilhara

iron ore venture.
It also includes Texasgulf's 35 per cent interest in Cliffs Westero Australia Mining, which is subject operates the Robe River iroo definitive

cent stake io the project. Cliffs Western is controlled by groups and various governmental Cleveland Cliffs of the U.S. Yesterday's statement did not identify the "other properties" owned jointly with Hancock and Wright but it would presumably include the large Marandoo deposit, which is one of several deposits currently under serious

Olbers include Goldsworthy's Area C, Robe River's Wesi Angela, Broken Hill Proprietary's Deepdale and CSR's Yandi-

mills for a major new iron ure

congina. to the Japanese steel mills a loogterm development plan for the Pilbara province involving a major new rail and port system. This could open areas, none of which was presently acceptable nn an Individual basis hut could be developed for blending. The deal with Texasguif, which

and other approvals, could assist CRA to organise such a scheme. It would also position CRA to have a strong chance of participatlog in the next major iron ore project approved by the Japanese mills. The move into the Robe veolure also takes CRA into

partnership with the Japanese groups, Mitsui, Nippon Steel and Sumimetal. The use of CRA rather than its \$2.3 per cent owned Pilhara iron ore miner Hamersley could be linked with CRA's commitment to "naturalise" by increasing its level of Australian shareholding to 51 per cent if the group shares

Development of one of the areas aquired from Texasguli would realise a long-standing dream of Hancock and Wright to directly participate in iron cre mining in Western Australia. At present they only earn royallies from mines operated by

The dispute Stems from the

The mining for rutile, one of

Australian Government decision

in 1976 to ban mining for mineral

the main composents of titanium, was being carried out by Dilling

bam Murphynres, a subsidiary of the Hawaiian based Dillingham Corporation. Dillinghams have claimed A\$25m (£12.2m) con-

Canada's Dome Petroleum's cash flow from operations was

(£54.9m) in the first balf of this year. The company is continuing

times its cash flow on explora-

tion for and development of oll and gas in Canada. These capital

nutlays are exclusive of those for acquisitions which will

environmental reasons.

**ROUND-UP** 

io a new equity.

# Amax's \$60m magnesium deal

is subject to the conclusion of

natural resource group is paying approximately \$60ni (£25.3m) for NL Industries' magnesium production facility on the Great

Magnesium is used mainly as an alloying agent to increase the streogth and corrosion resistance of alumloium. It is also employed in weight-saving applications, such as in non-structural steel and die castlngs and in the chemical reduction of locials.
Mr. Pierre Gousseland,

chairman of Amax, aaid that it was planned to expand the magnesium capacity to about 45,000 tonnes a year from the present 28,000 tonnes. "This will ensure continued supply to cuatomers to meel anlicipated market growth and profitability of the business," he said. He also pointed out: "The operation of the megneaium husiness as a division of Amax Speciality Metals Corporation fits into Amax's programme of diversification into metals and natural resources where the company's expertise and experience can be advantageously employed."

PANCONTINENTAL As part of its geograf exploraexpansion Australia's Pan-

Associates Cap. Corp. 16 %

Associates Cap. Corp. 16 % Banco de Bilbao ..... 16 % Bank of Credit & Cmce. 19 % Bank of N.S.W. ..... 16 % Bank of N.S.W. ..... 16 % Banque Belge Ltd. ... 19 % Banque Belge Ltd. ... 19 % Barclays Bank ..... 16 % Bremar Holdings Ltd. 17 % Brit. Bank of Mid. East 16 % Brown Sbipley ..... 19 % Canada Perm't Trust... 17 % Canada Perm't Trust... 17 %

Eagil Trust ................ 16 % E. T. Trust Limited ... 151%

3

4,50

0.90 2.70

13A 5.40 1.80 0.50 1.80 6.708 13,50

15,50 5,70 223

20

10 10 78

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS

F.260 F.280 F.260 F.26.30 F.27.60 F.27.60 F.27.60 S25 F.27.60 S25 F.50 S65 S76 F.60 F.60 F.70 S65 S76 F.70 S65

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BOEI C S40 BASE C DM.140 MANN C DM.150 SIEM C DM.270.50 SIEM C DM.850 SLUM C \$110 VW C OM.180

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

BASE LENDING RATES

wholly-owned Paocontinental Mining (Canada) is to enter a joint venture with Barymin for the further exploration of the

Histop Township, Ontario,
Pancontinental will be the operator and will spend a minimum of C\$125,000 (£45.000). The company also has the option to spend a further CSS75,000 to earo a 411 per cent interest in the property and a further C\$200,000 to raise the stake to 50 per cent.

## Fraser Island dispute may go to World Court

THE U.S. Is seriously considerlog taking Australia to the World Court over a long-standing compensation claim by a U.S. company following a past Austra-lian Government's ban on beach sand mineral mining oo Fraser

Island in Queensland.
The U.S. Attorney General,
Benjamio Civilelti, made the annouocement oo his arrival to Canberra on Tuesday for lalks with the Australian Attorney. Geoeral, Seoator Peter Durack, cootineotal Mining through its on the compensation issue.

Knowsley & Co. Ltd.... 18 %
Langris Trust Ltd. ... 16 %
Lioyds Bank ...... 16 %
Edward Mansoo & Co. 17 %
Midland Baok ..... 16 %

Samuel Montagu .... 16 %

Morgan Grenfell ..... 16 % National Westminster 16 % Norwich General Trust 19 % P. S. Refson & Co. ... 19 % Rossminster

Rossminster .......... 16 % Ryl. Bk. Canada (Ldn.) 19 %

Schlesioger Limited ... 16 % E. S. Schwah ........... 16 % Security Trust Co. Ltd. 17 % Standard Chartered ... 16 %

Trade Dev. Bank .... 19 % Trade Dev. Bank .... 10 % Trustee Savings Bank 19 % Twentieth Century Bk. 16 % Twentieth Century Bk. 16 %

Whiteaway Laidlaw ... 191% Williams & Glyn's ..... 16 % Wintrust Secs. Ltd. ... 16 % Wintrust Secs. Ltd. ... 16 % Yorkshire Bank ...... 16 %

Members of the Accepting Nouses

7-day deposits 14%, 1-month deposits 14%.

7-day deposits on sums of £10,000 and under 14%, up to £25,000 142,% and over £25,000 147,%.

Call deposits over £1,000 14%.

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2.50

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# for acquisitions exceed CS1bn. Private Investment Company for Asia

(PICA) S.A. US\$20,000,000

## Floating Rate Notes 1986

For the six mooths from 9th August, 1980, to 9th February. 1981, the Notes will carry an interest rate of 107% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant Interest payment date, 9th February, 1981, against coupon No. 4, will be US\$276,21 per US\$5,000 Note.

Agent Bank: Chemical Bank, Loodon

# **New chief for BP Chemicals**

appointed managing director of JOHNE AND REILHOFER (UK), the recently formed

British subsidiary of the West

The following appointments

have been made in the DEVITT

GROUP: Mr. D. J. Horder as maoaging director of Howson Devitt (Life and Pension Brokers); Mr. G. F. Bowley as a director of Devitt (Midlands). Mr. G. A. Wrightman has been appropriated managing director of

appointed managing director of Fremont Underwriting Manage-

Mr. Mart \_wuma, for the past

wo years geoeral manager of the Londoo office of the LOKYO TRUST AND BANKING COMPANY, has been appointed to head office. He is succeeded by Mr. Susumu Nakazawa, previously denuty seneral manager

viously deputy general manager. Air. Yolchi Yamamoto becomes

Sir Artbur Armltage, at pre-

sent vice-chancellor of Mao-chester University, is to be the first chairman of the SOCIAL SECURITY ADVISORY COM-

MITTEE when he retires in September. The Committee will

replace the British and Northern Irish Supplementary Bene6ts Commissions and the National

Insurance Advisory Committee.

Its remit will cover most of the

social accurity system, and it has the specific function of report-

security regulations.

to Parliament on social

Mr. Gordoo White has been

appointed director and general

manager of the newly-formed company MILLER BUCKLEY

deputy general manager.

Mr. Roy Titchmarsh has been Miller Buckley companies which

activities.

LEY-HP FOODS.

هكنام الثعمل

**APPOINTMENTS** 

Mr. Robert B. Horton is to take over as managing director of BP CHEMICALS in Novemher after the retirement of Mr. Len R. Burchell, the present head of the company. Mr. German company, Johne and Horton, currently the deputy Reilhofer GmbH. He was managing director of BP Chemicals, will also become a member of the Board of BP Trading stidlary of Marcooi Iostruments. and managing director of BP Chemicals International.

Mr. Burrhell, an outspoken defeoder of chemicals' interests -notably in connection with U.S. exports of cheap petrochemicals in recent months, is leaving British Petroleum after a total of 30 years with the group.

His successor, who is at present on the Board of both BP Chemicals and BP Chemicals International, was formerly the general maoager of the BP Tanker Company. He also headed the group's corporate planoing department, before joining its department hefore joining its chemicals' subsidiary in 1978. Over the last two years, BP has expanded its chemicals business

considerably — chiefly through the purchase of the European chemicals' interests of Union Carbide and Moosanto.

Gene C. Bankston. formerly vice president produc-tion for Shell Oil Company, has been elected president and chie operating officer of MORAN BROTHERS INC., Houston. Mr. R. J. Moran, formerly chairman of the Beard and president, was named chairman of the Board and chief executive officer.

Mr. D. S. Ford has joined the Board of ROBOTHAM (RE-INSURANCE).

Mr. Alan Fletcher has been appointed to the new post of deputy managing director of CAM GEARS, based at Hitchin. He joins the Cam Gears Group from Scott and Thrissel of Bristol, where he was managing

Mr. Wilson F. Altkeo has been appointed maoager of Eogioeering and procurement at PULL-MAN KELLOGG, Wembley.

GOLF DEVELOPMENTS. Other directors are Mr. Keith Hainsworth and Mr. Charles Farrer. Mr. Peter Fox has been appointed director and general manager of MILLER BUCKLEY GOLF SERVICES. The chair-Appointed deputy managing director of FORMICA is Mr. Jack Chandler, who is transferred from Costa Rica, where he has heen general quanager of Cyoamid Central America since July 1977. Based at Typemouth, he will be conceotrated initially oo marketing and sales...

man of these companies is Mr. client services di Michael Bonailack who beads all lng lmprovements. COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT

A Member of the Barlow Rand Group

HOIST BREAKBOWN - LOSS OF PRODUCTION.

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

The directors of East Raod Proprietary Mines. Limited regret to announce the occurrence of a major breakdown of the winder serving " L " loctioe shaft.

East Rand Proprietary Mines,

Limited

It is estimated that the stripping of the winder, fabrica-tion of new parts and re-assembly will take about four weeks. Labour from this section will he redeployed to other working areas but a production loss of about 1 000 tons of ore per day is expected during this period.

Registered Office: 15th Floor 63 Fox Street Jobano esburg 2001 12th August, 1980

# Commercial Union

**Assurance Company Limited** 

The Board announces estimated and unaudited profits for months to 30th June 1960 of £38.4m (1979 £35.9m) after providing for taxation. . .

140. 147.	1980 Estimate	1979 Eastmete	1679 Actual
PREMIUM INCOME	636.7	910.8	1,149.5
Investment income Loan interest	76.7 (4.5)	74.0 (6.5)	153.6 (12.6)
Life profits Underwriting result (analysis	72.2 7.0	67.5 7.4	141.0 16.6
heinw) Associated companies' earnings	(22.9) 1.3	(17.2) . .4	. (21.3) 1.3
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND MINORITIES Texation and minorities	57.6 (19.2)	58.1 (22.2)	137,6 (45.8)
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS EARNINGS PER SHARE	38.4 9.36p	35.9 9.75p	91.8 22.54p
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS.	£781m	£666m	£717m
UNDERWRITING RESULT United States United Kingdom	£m: (14.6)	£m (11.5)	Em (8.3) 3.5
Neiherlands Canada 	(2.4) (3.1) (2.2) (1.7)	(5.2) 1.1 (1.8)	(10.7) .4 (2.3) (3.9)
eliZagenii Augusti Augusti Para kara kara kara kara kara kara kara	(22.9)	(17.2)	(21.3)
World wide premium incom	e io sterlin	g terms inc	reased by

After allowing for the effect of changes In rates of exchange, the sale of a majority of our shares in former subsidiary companies in South Africa and the Republic of Ireland, which have now become associated companies, and other factors, the underlying growth in premium income was 12%.

Premium growth in the United States has been stronger during the second quarter than in the first three mooths of this year, particularly in the motor and liability accounts. Property claims experience has deteriorated due to the effect of bad weather and, generally, market conditions remain difficult. The statutory operating ratio was 104.4% (1979 105.1%). The claima ratio to earned premiums was 70.4% (1979 72.9%) and the expense ratio to written premiums 34.0% (1979 32.2%).

Io the United Kingdom, a small underwriting profit was achieved and premium growth, especially in motor, bas been maintained

In the Netherlands, there was a marked improvement in motor claims experience and further rate increases for this class bave not been authorised.

Trading conditions io Canada were most unsatisfactory due to intense competition and inadequate premium rates. Underwriting results have, accordingly deteriorated sharply, and there is no immediate prospect of a material improvement in these conditions In Australia, intense competition continues unabated and

underwriting experience was poor, with adverse weather conditions and large claims affecting fire business. The integration of our business interests in Australia and New Zealand with those of the National Mutual Life Association of Australasia, became effective from 1st August 1980. Income from our business interests in these countries after that date will be accounted for as associated companies' earnings.

The underwriting result for Remainder reflected poor experience in a number of territories in Western Europe.

Investment income, net of loan interest, increased by 7%. hut after allowing for the effect of changes in rates of exchange and other factors, the underlying increase was 19%.

The Directors have decided to pay an ioterim dividend of 4.400p (4.000p) per share which, with tax credit of 1.886p (1.714p) per share available to certain shareholders, totals 9.286p (5.714p) per share. This dividend, which represents approximately 45% of the total dividend paid for 1979, will be paid on 17th November next to ordinary shareholders on the register of members at 17th October and will cost £18.1m (£16.4m).

New life assurance business (world-wide) was es follows:-2,537.1 1.567.1 1,216.9 New sums assured 69.9 33.0 32.1 New life and annuity premiums 3L7 New amulties per annum

The results of the Company's operations have, as usual, been converted at rates of exchange prevailing at the close winds reported. These were as follows:---

or the perious	reported.	30th June 1980	30th June 1979	Year 1979
United States	F 15	2.36	2.18	2.20
Netherlands.		4.55	4.42	4.22
Canada		2.71	2.53	2.58
Australia	1.00	2.04	1.93	200

Sicilli States 12th August 1980

> Insure with Commercial Union Assurance



# Indeverresults W

## for the second quarter of 1980 and the first half-year. COMBINED RESULTS (£ millions)

			COMBINED RECOETS (E minoris)			
Second (		/ncrease/			-Year	Increase
1980	1979	(Decrease)		1980	1979·	(Decreas
2,866	2.574	11%	SALES TO THIRD PARTIES - Combined	5,553	4,996	,11%
1,134	1,023		- Limited	2,195	1,995	
1,732	1,551		– N.V	3,358	3.003	
181.8	176.4	3%	OPERATING PROFIT	326.1	303.4	7%
			Concern share of associated companies' profit			
13.1	12.3		before taxation	24.7	24.1	
0.4	0.2		Income from trade investments	0.7	0.4	
(16.0)	(11.9)		Interest	(34.0)	(21.5)	
(17.4)	(16.3)		Interest on loan capital	(33.6)	(32.1)	
1.4	4.4		Other interest	(0.4)	10.6	
178.3	177.0	. 1%	TOTAL CONCERN PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION Taxation on profit of the year:	317.5	306.4	4%
(80.3)	(78.7)		Parant companias and their subsidiaries	(145.2)	(139.9)	
(6.8)	(6.6)		Associated companias	(12.5)	(11.9)	
			Taxation adjustments previous years:		` ,	
1.9	(1.5)		Parent companies and thair subsidiaries	2.0	(0.9)	
	1.7		Associated companies	_	1.7	
(8.6)	(6.6)		Outside interests and preferance dividands	(13.0)	(12.0)	•
(7.7)	(7.7)		Outsida interests	(11.2)	(10.2)	
(0.9)	(0.9)		Preference dividends	(1.6)	(1.8)	
85.5	83.3	3%	Total concern profit attributable to ordinary capital attracts of exchange ruling 31/12/79 Difference arising on recalculation of 1960 results	148.6	143.4	4%
(4.3)			at end June 1990 rates of exchange	(7.0)		
81.2	63.3	—(3%)	TOTAL CONCERN PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY CAPITAL	141.6	143.4	—(1%)
38.8	36.2		— Limited	72,1	67.3	
42.4	45.1		-N.V.	69.7	76.1	
21.86p	22.43p	—(3 <b>%</b> )	Earnings per 25p of capital	. 38.17p	38.6Tp	—(1%)

Exchange Rates. As has been our practice the results for the querter and the half-year and the comparative figures for 1979 have been calculated at comparable rates of exchange. These are based on £1=£1, 4,22=U.S. \$2,22, which were the closing rates of 1979. Total Concern profit attributable to ordinary capital for the current quarter and the half-year has also been recalculated at the tates of exchange current at the end of June 1990 being based on £1=Fl. 4.55=U.S. \$2.36.

In the second quarter of 1960 total sales value was 11 per cent higher than in the corresponding quarter of 1979, but volume was only slightly up. Total operating profit was 3 per cent up on last year.

In Europe operating profit was lower than in the second quarter of 1979. Ganerally adverse economic conditions caused results of almost all product groups to be below those of the corresponding quarter of last year. The edible fats business, however, and particularly its oil milling division, recovered Imm previously depressed results. The very poor weather senously affected ice cream

Results for the quarter of operations in the United States were well above those of 1979 though Lever 9 rothers continued in loss. The other overseas countries again showed gains in volume and in operating profit. UAC International's profits were above those

The continuing strength of sterling against most other currencies depressed profit attributable expressed in sterling. 12th August, 1990

Part of everyday life, in 75 countries.

# Sharp decline in second quarter for J. C. Penney

BY PAUL BETTS IN NEW YORK

retailer in the U.S. and the \$16m. or 24 cents a share, for country's second biggest mail the same period last year. Firstorder group, has reported a half orofits came to \$19m, or 28 sharp decline in second-quarter cents a share, against \$31m, or net earnings, and expects to 75 cents a share, lest year, report continuing poor results. Second-quarter sales rose by report continuing poor results

Mr. Donald Seihert. Penney's year. chairman, said the 68.8 per cent droo in second-quarter profits margins in the first two quarters were a consequence of high in-had declined due to increased flation and the recession in the promotional operations, while U.S., and warned that inflation sales gains were inadequate to and the economic downturn offset moderate rises in overall would continue to hit the group expenditure. Debt ingroup's retail business. This is terest in the first half had also despite sizes of a tentative dropped largely because of recovery in U.S. retail sales lower horrowing. which rose by 2 per cent in

than originally estimated, but surance encouraging ofter four months quarters of the half-year. of consecutive sales declines

J C PENNEY, the third largest 7 cents a share, compared to from its retail operations dur- 1.3 per cent to \$2.5bn from ing the second half of the yeor. \$2.48hn in the same quarter last

The chairman said gross profit

The results for the quarter showed a loss before the net July showed a loss before the net The July increose was higher income of unconsolidated insubsidiaries although analysts described added. Profits of the insurance month's increase as subsidiaries improved in both

carlier this year, many warned lower than this time last year. that it was still too early to in the first half, the group talk about a strong recovery. opened 39 new retail outlets talk about a strong recovery. opened 39 new retail outlets
Penney's net income for the compared to 37 in the first six second quarter totalled \$5m. or months of last year.

memorandum states. The country, which has been

BORROWER PROFILE

# Trade balance soothes the Western banks

"In 1980 Puland expects to halance or reach surplus on lts fureign trade in convertible currencies. While the realisation of this objective is expected to be difficult, assuming no deterioration in the underlying environment the fulfilment of the target is neverthcless believed to be

The relatively bullish views are expresed in a confidential memorandum prepared for banks participating in a \$300m syndicated Enrocurrency loan to the Polish state bank Handlowy Warszawie. The recent rash of strikes and the severe floods which have hit the country, how-ever, must raise doubts as to how successful the Polish authorities will be in holding to these predictions.

Fgures provided for the first quarter of 1980 show that Poland achieved a surplus on its balance of trade in convertcurrencies of \$101m (£42.6m) and cut the deficit on its current account balance by more than half to \$28am (£120m) compared with the same period last year. Preliminary results of the first half of the year are better than those for the first quarter," the

Life business boosts AIG

in first half

By Our New York Staff

second quarter earnings is

reported by American Inter-

national Group (AIG) the

large internationally - diversi-

fied U.S. insurance group.

Profits rose frum \$51m ur \$1.35 a share tn \$63m nr \$1.67

a share, mainly because uf

the strength of its life insurance husiness, where premlums written increased by

The cumpany said that

results from fureign upera-

tinns were up, but general in-

surance underwriting probts

were slightly duwn un last

year. Mr. Maurice Greenherg, president, described market conditions during the second quarter as "highly competitive."

The strong second quarter

honsted half-year earnings hy 22 per cent, frum last

year's corresponding \$106.94m or \$2.86 a sbare to \$130.53m

Second quarter revenues were \$490.2m, against \$426.2m

previously, making \$962.3m

or \$3.46 a sbare.

with \$847m in 1970.

27 per cent.

in sharp deficit on its trade with the forecasts which accom-

the non-Communist world for panied a \$550m Eurocurrency the past 11 years, had total hor- foan arranged in March, 1979 year and \$3.9hn in 1982. rowings in hard currencies of with what happened subse-\$19.40% (£8.2bn) at the end of quently must caution against last year, a rise of about \$4bn excessive optimism. At that in one year. time, the ratio of debt interest Poland needs to find \$7.18bn and repayment to bard currency (£3.03bn) to service its hard exports and services earnings currency deht this year, of was projected to fall from 54 which \$5.24bn (£2.21bn) is ear per cent in 1979 to 44 per cent marked for repayment of prin- in 1980. The revised picture cipal, the rest for repayment of for 1980 is that it will rise to

interest. The country's bankers 68 per cent, one of the highest

honks.

	DEBT MATUR	ITY	SCHE	DULE	(\$m.)		
	Total Debts	\$19.4b	n at year e	nd 1979			
•		1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
	Repayment of principal	5,242	5,761	3,079	1,686	1,330	
,	Projected payment of interest	1,940	1,415	910	600	430	

bave already secured nearly debt burdens of any country. three-quarters of the \$7.7bn (£8.2bn) which was the figure bankers are still negotiating

Source: Bank Hendlowy

with German banks.

It is worth remembering. however, that this figure is unthey were aiming to raise this usually conservative in-so-far as year. This figure excludes the Poland has oo private bard \$300m Eurocredit currently currency deht, unlike many being assembled and much of non-Communist countries which currency deht, unlike many the balance is made up of a specifically exclude private DM 1bn-plus loan Polish overseas debt from the figures which they give to foreign

While there is comfort to be derived by the hanks in this dum for the next few years show achievement, a comparison of that Poland will need to find, on

While foreign banks have

been able to get better information from the Poles on the hreakdown of Polish trade, the origin of bard currency credits drawn down last year, and the hreakdown of the country's debt, is concerned they failed to get any indication of what, if any, hard currency reserves Poland might bave. Nor does the information about the source of foreign credit projected for 1980 shed any light on rumours of a large hard currency credit from the USSR, a story which the Poles depied earlier this vear.

The memorandum discloses that at the end of last year almost 74 per cent of Poland's \$19.4bn of debt was in U.S. dollars. Deutsch Marks and Swiss come francs. Some 53 per cent of the total figure is of medium-term account maturity, coming due in periods hetween one ond- five years. Long-term debts amount to \$9.1hn and mature after five years.

A detailed hreakdown of Polan maturing debt shows that year. \$7.18bn is due for repayment this year while hard currency exports are projected at \$8.53bn slowly moving and imports at \$8.16bn. Services get of \$300m.

vice its bard currency debt next BALANCE OF PAYMENTS IN CONVERTIBLE CURRENCIES AND UNITS OF ACCOUNT

: •	· 197 <del>9</del>	1380-	1981*
Goods			
Export Import	6,700 8,410	8,530 8,160	9,300 8,500
Balance	-1,710	÷370_	+ 800
Services and Remittances			
Inflows Outflows	1,585 2,700	1,875 3,540	7,985 - 3,680
Balance	-1,115	<b>—1,665</b>	-1,695
Balance on current account	-2,825	<b>—1,295</b>	-895
	<del>-</del> -		

\* Projected Source: Bank Handlows

overali \$1,29bn current account deficit this year.

This compares with a current account deficit last year of This disastrous out-\$2.83bn. come followed predictions earlier in the year of a current secount deficit of \$1.4bn. The shortfall was the result of a bad harvest following serious floods. and slow growth which comhimed to produce an unprece-dented 2 per cent decline in Poland's national income last

The loan for Poland which is currently being Brranged is slowly moving towards its tar-Eight banks and remittance inflows are acting as joint lead managers expected to total \$1.88bn and have committed \$25m esch

outflows \$3.54bn producing an while one manager and three comanagers have committed \$15m and \$10m respectively. Syndication is expasted to close at the end of the week.

The terms on which Poland is horrowing, which include a margin of 11 per cent above the interbank rate for seven years, it paid for its \$550m loan nearly 18 months ago, a split margin of 11 and 11 per cent for the same maturity.

However, a number of banks which had participated as juint lead managers in last year's loan are absent today. This is particularly true of the Canadian banks. Thus the amount of the loan is less than had initially been envisaged.

# Steep drop in earnings at J. Ray McDermott

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

and construction services groun difficulties it faces. Moreover, currently hidding to increase its McDermott said yesterday it was stake in Pullman, the U.S. rail- extending its offer until August way engineering concern, re- 13. ports a 37 drop in net For its part, Pullman has earnings in the first fiscal 1980 claimed it was negotiating quarter, compared with the alternative offers with a number same quarter last year.

power generating and engineering equipment divisions.

facturer of oil rig equipment, controls Babcock and Wilcox which designed the reactor io. chemical and other processing volved in the Three Mile Island plants. nuclear accident last year

has sought to acquire an addi- day declined to amplify on his tional 18 per cent stake in company's announcement that it Pullman to bring its equity was extending its offer for holding in the rallway equip-ment concern in 23 per cent Neither did Mr. Cunningham But its tender offer fur up indicate bow strongly the com-to 2m Pullman shares at \$28 pany would pursue its bid to a share has heen fiercely acquire additional Pullman opposed by the Pullman hoard, stock, nor would be comment on which describes it as inadequate whether McDermott knew the and raising possible anti-trust identity of other companies

McDermott has so for bought

The company attributed the McDermott is understond to decline in profits from \$19.8m have had its eyes on Pullman last year to \$12.4m largely to for some time since it could lower operating results from its contribute to expansion plans in the energy services business. og equipment divisions. In particular, McDermott is McDermott, a major manu- apparently interested in Pullman's Kellog division which designs and hullds petro-

In recent wecks, McDermott McDermott's chairman, yester-

possibly involved in discussions

A 25 per cent increase in

of so for undisclosed companies.

Mr. James Cunningham,

# hits results at Sunbeam

sales and earnings at Sunbeam, the appliance manufacturer, in the first quarter of 1980-S1.

were losses on foreign exchange rates, cut them hy exchange from the 48 per cent more than \$5m.

months ended June 30, while see earnings maintained.

THE SLOWDOWN in consumer sales are a shade bigber at spending is reflected in tower \$293.2m.

cents a share for the three part of the year. 1980-81 should | 981 offered.

# Lower consumer spending Widespread falls in Eurobonds

rates combined with a weak ing, a £12m 141 per cent bond dropped 21 points, yesterday New York bond market to de to 1988 for Rothschild Invest-recovered a shade to 971. \$293.2m. press prices of outstanding ment Trust was priced at 98 to The Swiss Government's issue A foreign exchange loss of Eurodollar bonds by a full point yield 14.64 per cent by lead of around SwFr 250m at 41 per 19 cents a share is included in the first quarter figures. Secondary accounted for by dealers mark-bonds were priced realistically market prices which fell by 1 Valuing foreign inventories at ing down prices but there was because of the fall in sterling, point on the day.

HIGH SHORT-TERM interest The latest Eurosterling offer- its debut on Monday when it

Also holding hack earnings historical rather than current also some selling.

Also holding hack earnings historical rather than current also some selling.

Also holding hack earnings historical rather than current also some selling.

Eurobonds and gilt-edged issues are captioned to past week. Other a private placement of C\$25m are captioned to prove that the control of the caption of the capti

# Pan Am may sell terminal

BY DAVID LASCELLES IN NEW YORK

firmed yesterday that it is con-

for the half-year, compared ing Pan Am terminal

PAN AM, which only a fortnight because it needs extra capacity ago sold its prestige Manbattan to relieve its own overcrowded headquarters for \$400m. conterminal. The National terminal is convenient because it lies

difficult patch hecause of the

## CanPac profit up 19% at halfway stage

By Robert Gibbens in Montreal EARNINGS AT Conadian Pacific advanced by 19 per cent in the first balf of 1980. mainly due to better performances by the transportation subsidiary and the shipping offshoot, Canadian Paci6c Bermuda.

Total earnings, including the company's share of the re-source group, Canadian Pacific Enterprises, were C\$269.2m (US\$232m) or C\$3.74 a share, agaiost C\$226.3m or C\$3.14 a

CP Air, CP Rail ond CP Trucks were weaker in the first half, hut miscellaneous income was bigher due to gains on the sale of properties.

Norcan Energy, a resource company now con-trolled by the Hollinger-Argus group of Toronto, earned firsthalf net profits of C\$ 53.9m against CS 34.1m or CS 1.46 a share a year earlier, on revenues of CS 532m compared with C\$ 464m.

Western Canada's largest supermarket chain. Canada Safeway, owned by Safeway of U.S., earned C\$ 29.5m (U.S.\$ 25.5m) in the 24 weeks th June 14, against C\$ 25.1m a year earlier. Soles came to C\$ 1.18bn against C\$ 1.04bn.

## World Bank loans for **Philippines**

MANILA—The World Bank is to lend the Philippines up to \$600m in "programme loans." the first \$200m of which may he released in equal parts in November and January, the Board of Investments said. The initial \$200m will be repaid over 20 years with five years grace and carries interest of 9.25 per cent a year. Terms are scheduled to be signed in September.

The remaining \$400m, terms for which are still to be negotiated, are expected to he releosed in two tranches of \$200m in the subsequent two

The first \$200m will be used to support the Government's energy development programme, and to finance industrial rationalisation. a coal conversion scheme for cement plaots, partial financing of more export processing zones, and textile industry modernisation.

# of group sales outside the U.S. In 1979, Sunheam earned \$3.30 there was one exception: on sales of \$1.4bn, and analysts: 12; per cent hond to 1985 for Net earnings are down hy have forecast that despite the International Harvester priced hond to 1990 for the Republic and Daiwa Securities. Terms about one-third to \$5.5m, or 37 consumer slowdown in the early last week at 99; was quoted at of Finland priced at 99; and include a five-year maturity and which had a cool reception on a coupon of 11; per cent.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international hand issues for which an adequate secondary market exisis. For further details of these or other houds see the complete list of Eurohoud prices published on the second Monday of each month.

Closing prices on August 12 Closing prices on August 12 

U.S. DOLLAR firmed yesterday that it is considering selling one of its two sidering selling one of its two terminals at Kennedy Airport to TWA.

Pan Am acquired the second terminal through its takeover of National Airlines last year. The plan would be to sell the National terminal and consolidate all flights in the existing Pan Am is company's cash flow—the reason given for the sale of the head; given for the sale of the head; given for the sale of the head; given for the sale of the National Airlines in the existing Pan Am is company's cash flow—the reason given for the sale of the head; given for the sale of the lease of the sale of the sale of the sale of the sale of the head; given for the sale of 

IEUTSCHE MARK
STRAIGHTS
Akzo 9 80
Austrais 89, 90
8FCE 79, 87
9FCE 89, 9S
Biszil 8 87
Council of Eu. 72, 89. | Council of Eus. 74 89 | Denmark 72 85 | Denmark 84 92 | EEC 77 94 | Denmark 84 95 | Denmark 85 95 | Denmark

| Several | State | St SWISB FRANC STRAIGHTS 

OTHER STRAIGHTS

33's 93's -0's -0's 12.27 101's 102's -0's +0's 12.83 35's 95's -0's -0's 12.63 33's 93's -0's -0's 12.63 92 92's -0's -0's 12.88

8eli Canede 10<sup>1</sup>4 85 C5 60 C18 C 13<sup>1</sup>5 85 C5 50 C18 C 11<sup>1</sup>5 85 C5 60 Federal Dev. 11<sup>1</sup>5 90 C5 90 Fst. Can. Inv. 11 84 C5 50

\* No informetion eveilable—previous day's price.
† Only one market maker supplied a price.
Straight Bonds: The ylaid is, the yield to redemption of the mid-prise; the smount issued is in millions of currency units except for Yen bonds where it is in billionic Change on week.—Change over price a week earlier.
Floating Rata Notes: Consminated in dollars unless either wise indicated. Coupon shown is minimum. C.dre.—Date next caupon becomes effective. Spread.—Margin above sk.month offered rate (‡ three-menth; § above mess: rite) for U.S. dollars. C.cpn.—The current caupon. C.yld.—The current yield.
Convertible Bonds: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Chg. day —Change an day. Cnv. date.
First date for conversion into shares.—Cnv. page.
Nominal amount of bond par share expressed in ourrency of share at convension rate fixed et fasse. Prem.—Percentage pramium of the carrent effective price of the shares.

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lotal assets of more than 86 billion Dutch guilders (approx. US\$45 billion) place Rabobank among the 25 largest banks in the world.

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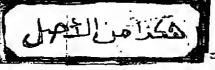
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# POLAN

4 CONVERTIBLE OF ACCOUNT

holding company for the \$4bn-ayear worldwide Pirelli emplre, at last could produce concrete evidence of its long awaited re-1,665 covery, particularly in the tyre sector which has been the nub of the group's problems over the past few years.

In a sense the news epitomisea the curlous reversal of roles between Fiat and Pirelli, traditionally the twin central pillars of private enterprise in Italy. While the Turin-based motor group bas become steadily bogged down in a crisis of uncertain outcome, Pirelli ls motor

The change around also ex-tends to the Dunlop/Pirelli union, sealed in 1971. At first the main difficulties sprang from the Italian end. But while Pirelli has improved its share of the tyre market in Europe, it is the turn of Dunlop to struggle, amid reports of a mysterious block of Dunlop Holdings shares built up hy as yet unidentified Far Eastern interests.

unlon, whose main has always been financial, is gradually unravelling. Dunlop's share in Industrie Pirelli, the Italian operating company of the group is down to 19 per cent; and at the start of 1980 Pirelli re-assumed control of its British subsidiary Pirelli Limited. While Dunlop appears to be shifting the focus to its non-tyre operations. Pirelli is out to bolster its tyre division, with a substantial investment programme, aimed at producing

more competitive products.

Indeed, Pirelli has little choice if it wants to stay in a fercely competitive sector plagued by overcapacity and "requiring further rationalisation. "You have simply got to keep investing," said Sig. Filiherto Pittinl, president of Industrie Pirelli, "If you stop then in the end you'll simply drop out of the industry." drop out of the industry." -- Industrie Pirelli is planning

Norwegian

shipping line

moves ahead

BY RUPERT CORNWELL, RECENTLY IN MILAN ONE OF the more cheerful re to invest L72bn (\$86.3m) in its cent occasions for Pirelli SPA. Italian operations this year, the giant Italian tyre and cable up from L59bo. The spending is group, was its annual meeting spread across the group's three last month. Sig. Leopoldo divisions, tyres, cables and iast month. Sig. Leopoldo divisions, tyres, cables and Pirelli, president of the main diversified products roughly in line with their relative importance to total sales: on this basis about 40 per ceot of spending would go on tyres. Pirelli, however, has denied any intention of moving for Ceat, Italy's troubled number two tyre

> So far the remedy secms to be working. In the first six months of 1980 Industrie Pirelli's turnover was running 27 per cent

## 1979 WORLD TYRE

Tyres per worker U.S. 6,482 238 Japan 10,796 261 Germany 4,206 260 France 3,236 228 Italy 2,946 224 UK 2,269 214 Brazil 4,802 298 Argentina 2,580 281 Source: Pirelli/Duntop	٠.	OUTP	JT
U.S. 6,482 238 Japan 10,796 261 Germany 4,206 260 France 3,236 228 Italy 2,946 224 UK 2,269 214 Brazil 4,802 298 Argentina 2,580 281			Working da
Germany         4,206         260           France         3,236         228           Italy         2,946         224           UK         2,269         214           Brazzi         4,802         298           Argentina         2,580         281	U.S.		
France 3,236 228 Italy 2,946 224 UK 2,269 214 Brazil 4,802 298 Argentina 2,580 281		10,796	261
Italy     2,946     224       UK     2,269     214       Brazil     4,802     298       Argentina     2,580     281		4,206	260
UK 2,269 214 Brazil 4,802 298 Argentina 2,580 281	France	3,236	228
Brazil 4,802 298 Argentina 2,580 281		2,946	224
Argentina 2,580 281		<b>2,269</b>	214
	Brazil		298
Source: Pivelli/Dunlop	Argentina	2,580	281
	Source: Pi	elli/Dualop	

ahead of 1979, when sales in the full year were L1,000bn. The higgest increases came in tyres and diversified products (both ahead 30 per cent) while cable business advanced by 18 per cent. According to Sig. Pittini, the improvement was spread roughly equally between volume and prices.

The improvement is also showing up in Pirelli's results. In 1979, the last year of Pirell's residence in the giant skyscraper outside Milan rallway station which it sold to the Lombardy Regional Authority for L26bn, Pirelli cut its losses to L18.5bn from L28.5bn in 1978. This year will show a further reduction, and a return to profits is expected for 1981.

These prospects, cautiously recourse to layoffs-for advanced by Sig. Pittini, are a combination of many factors. division into a separate unit, a cancelled

programme grammes belped by a consortlum of banks, and the consolidation of L100bn of sbort-term debt into

On the road to recovery

medium-term borrowing. In the ninc mooths of 1980 for which this provision will operate. Pirelli's financial charges will be cut by between Lilbn and Libbn. In a full year the gain will be between L15bn and L20bn, according to Sig. Pittini, in addition, tyre demand has grown, underplanted by the surprising resilience of the domestic Italian car market where new vehicle registrations increased by 12 per cent in the first balf of 1980.

The cable division, moreover, has proved a valuable counterpoint during the period of tyre troubles. Pirelli bas acquired interests in the U.S. from the General Cahle group, and ln purchased Trefimetaux, a specialist sub-sidiary of Pecblney-Uginc-Kuhlmann.

At the same time agreement has been reached for the acquisition from SME, a division of the state-owned lstituto per la Ricostruzione Industriale (IRI) group, of lts 70 per cent controlling interests in Alfa-Cavi, Italy's third largest cable group. Major contracts have also been won in Vancouver (Canada) and in Libya. But there are bad signs as well as good. Pirelli obviously

could be hard hit by any major slump in the Italian and European car market, where Fiat, one of the group's prime stands to among the major sufferers. Financial charges, despite the recovery plan, remain high, while the cable division is a lcading victim threatened investment cutback telephone tbe Italian authorities.

Cables are so far the only Pirelli division to bave had very reason. And although the Government has recently moved Working in Pirelli's favour is to pump new funds into SIP, the financial reorganisation of the state telephone concern. it 1979, the hiving off of the tyre remains to be seen whether

The most immediate problem is the recession feared for this autumn. Will things be just a bit worse, a lot worse, or will there be the slump feared in some quarters? Sig Pittin is as unsure as anyone else but is taking precautions. Stocks, for example, are being ruo down. in preparation for a possible rough ride ahead.

More fundamental is the eternat Italian problem of costs and productivity. Pirell has unable to introduce the price increases it would have wished in order to pass on higher labour costs. The tyre market is too competitive for Even so exports have fared comparatively poorly, when set against the domestic

The question of productivity remains. Sig. Pittini is proud of the relatively smooth relations between management and unions at the group—a very different state of affairs from that at Fiat, where abrupt swings from beavy recruitment drives to pleas for heavy layoffs are part of the background to the Turin manufacturers'

current difficulties. Moreover the recent national rubber workers' cootract in Italy, he feels, is a slep in the direction of improved productivity. But as the accompanying table shows Italy remains well down the international league. Pirelh's future in the tyre industry will largely depend on bringing productivity up to at least the better levels

in Europe.
Overall. Pirelli's prospects look sounder than for some time. The Increasingly multinational flavour of the group which employs 77,000 people, means that troubles in one area can be cushioned by successes in another. Italy, for example, accounts for only about 40 per cent of total business, while the Basle-hased Societe Internationale Pirelli, which looks after Pirelli operations outside the Dunlop union and Italy, investment pro- remains consistently profitable

## Way cleared for takeover of Lafarge Emballage

By Fay Glester in Oslo LEIF HOEGH, a leading Norwegian shipping group, reports increased freight earnings and a rise in return on capital dur-ing the first half of 1980. The improvement reflects higher earnings by car and liner services, as well as "extraordinary" Freight revenues from the authorites, expired at the end of lage sharebolders are to receive fleet operated by Hoegh—includ- July. This leaves Lafarge free to an advance on the 1980 divi-

ig vessels charter owners-rose to NKr 1.54br (\$317m) from NKr 1.19bn, and operating profit, before depreciation and interest payments. was NKr 266m against NKr 193m. Operating profit for the whole of 1980 is expected to reach about NKr 500m—NKr 46m up on

Return on capital—profit, before depreciation and interest, in relation to the fleet purchase price-rose to 12.8 per cent, compared with 9.8 per cent.

periods of over 12 months. At mid-year, the group's building programme covered a total of 13 ships—four roll-on/

Authorised

40:000.000

oil bulk-ore carriers.

THE WAY is clear for a French poration of the U.S., at a price takeover of the Lafarge cement of FFr 731 per share or about group's packaging interests, FFr 186m (\$45m) in total This which were originally sought by compares with the Swedish

Sweden's Billerud Uddebolm.

The Swedish group's bid, which was accepted by Lafarge last September but which failed to gain approval of the French authorites extrined at the evel of the state of the service of the service of the French authorites extrined at the evel of the service of the s

The case is an outstanding instance of the authorities' policy of encouraging "French soluwhen takeovers are planned in strategic sectors. Last week, after pressure from EEC partners, it relaxed the approval procedures for takeovers by companies from other countries in the nine, except in sensitive areas such as defence. But takeovers from outside the concern EEC remain subject to authoris france. ation by a French Treasury • Cells

counterbid made by the French and two-thirds of the previous pulp and paper company dividend. This brings the total Cellulose du Pin, part of the being offered to between Saint - Gobain Pont - a - FFr 755.50 and FFr 763 per Mousson group.

Lafarge, which has already described the offer from Cellulose as satisfactory, is to make its final decision on September 18.

In another move involving Lafarge and Saint-Gohain, the two groups recently announced that they were discussing cooperation between their refractory products divisions. Their subsidiaries are the two largest concerns in the sector in

Committee.

Cellulose is to buy all of rights issue and an issue of conLafarge's 64 per cent stake in the Lafarge Emballage packaging offsboot and the 34 per cent stake beld hy Union Camp Cor
Stake beld hy Union Camp Cor
Cellulose yesterday announced plans for a FFr 32.4m rights issue and an issue of convertible debt up a maximum of FFr 200m. The rights issue is to be one-for-nine at FFr 75 a share.

## Mannesmann Demag orders rise sharply

By Our Financial Staff

A HIGH LEVEL of incoming leads Mannesmann the West German orders machinery and construction company belonging to the Manoesmann engineering group, to expect satisfactory results this year. The company makes this

forecast despite a "stronger expected rise in First-half materials costs, incoming orders climbed DM 855m to DM 2.07bn (\$1.17bn) with foreign orders up 90 per cent to DM 1.41bn and domestic orders rising 39 per cent.

Order books have increased by 36 per cent to DM 4.37bn, the company said in a letter to sharebolders.

The company's sales totalled DM 1.16bn in the six months. • The West

workers union, IG Metall, bas called an extraordinary session of its executive committee for tomorrow to discuss a response to the hreakdown in telks with Mannesmann AG on the proposed merger of its steel and pipemaking divisions. Mannesmann's supervisory

board is due to meet on September 15 to discuss its position.

## **Profits increase** at Bornemisza

THYSSEN-BORNEMISZA, the international industrial bolding company, reports higher profits for the first half of 1980 despite a downturn in its U.S. opera-

Net profit rose 7 per cent to Fl 61.7m (\$32m) on sales which were 10 per cent higher at Fl 1.73bn. Profits in Europe where the company has harbour and transport, gas distribution shipbuilding and agricultural machinery operations, were marginally higher than last year. The slight decline in the U.S. result reflected the recession in automobile and con-

struction industries. The Monaco-based TB holding company bas two operating units, Thyssen - Bornemisza Europe, of Amsterdam, and Indian Head of New York. The company recorded net profit of Fl 126.6m for the whole of 1979 on sales of FI 3.3bn.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF Honda Motor Co., Ltd. (HONDA GIKEN KOGYO KABUSHIKI KAISHA)

55 % Convertible Bonds 1989 ment to Clause 7(B) and (C) of the Trust lated 8th March, 1979 under which the Bonds were issued, notice is hereby given

stare held.

2. Accordingly, the conversion price of the Bonds will be adjusted effective immediately after such record date. The conversion price in effect prior to such adjustment is Yet 1853.90 per share of Common Stock, and the adjusted conversion price is Yet 482.60 per share of Common Stock.

Honda Motor Co., Ltd.

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue / August, 1980

\$300,000,000

11.40% Secured Notes Due July 15, 1990

Fully Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by the

## United States of America

Acting through the Chrysler Corporation Loan Guarantee Board

issued by

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

# **Chrysler Corporation**

Salomon Brothers

**Bache Halsey Stuart Shields** 

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

**ABD Securities Corporation** 

Daiwa Securities America Inc.

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. Inc.

Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc.

Sanlord C. Bernstein & Co., Inc.

Janney Montgomery Scott Inc.

Rauscher Pierce Refsnes, Inc.

McLeod Young Weir Incorporated

New Japan Securities International Inc.

A. E. Ames & Co.

Stephens inc.

The Nikko Securities Co.

Wm. E. Pollock & Co., Inc.

Advest, Inc.

J. C. Bradford & Co.

Rotan Mosle Inc.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

**EuroPartners Securities Corporation** 

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group The First Boston Corporation

Bear, Steams & Co.

Drexel Burnham Lambert

Dominion Securities Inc.

William Blair & Company

Butcher & Singer Inc.

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

**Warburg Paribas Becker** 

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Blyth Eastman Paine Webber

Kidder, Peabody & Co. Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc. L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Wertheim & Co., Inc. Allen & Company Atlantic Capital Basic Securities Corporation Alex. Brown & Sons

> F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc. A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.

Kleinwort, Benson **Hudson Securities, Inc.** Robert Fleming **New Court Securities Corporation** 

Moseley, Hallgarten, Estabrook & Weeden Inc. Nomura Securities International, Inc. Oppenheimer & Co., Inc.

Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc. Stuart Brothers

Yamaichi International (America), Inc. **Wood Gundy Incorporated** 

Amhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. Bacon, Whipple & Co.

**Boettcher & Company** Blunt Ellis & Loewi

Dain Bosworth Greenshields & Cn Inc

Legg Mason Wood Walker McDonald & Company

Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood Prescott, Ball & Turben

The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc. Richardson Securities, Inc.

Wheat, First Securities, Inc. Stone & Youngberg

Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru International, Inc.

Ultrafin International Corporation Sanyo Securities America Inc.

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue / August, 1980

\$250,000,000

**Engelhard Minerals & Chemicals Corporation** 11%% Debentures due August 1, 2005

Lazard Frères & Co.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Warburg Paribas Becker

**Atlantic Capital** 

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

**EuroPartners Securities Corporation** 

Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. Inc.

Salomon Brothers

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

The First Boston Corporation

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group

Bear, Stearns & Co. **Blyth Eastman Paine Webber** Drexel Burnham Lambert

F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc. Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Alex. Brown & Sons

**Bache Halsey Stuart Shields** 

L.F.Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

**ABD Securities Corporation** Allen & Company

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. **Basie Securities Corporation** 

Daiwa Securities America Inc.

A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc. Kleinwort, Benson

**Robert Fleming** 

Moseley, Hallgarten, Estabrook & Weeden Inc.

**New Court Securities Corporation** 

The Nikko Securities Co.

Nomura Securities International, Inc. Oppenheimer & Co., Inc. Wm. E. Pollock & Co., Inc.

Stuart Brothers Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc. Tucker, Anthony & R. L. Day, Inc.

**Wood Gundy Incorporated** Yamaichi International (America), Inc.

New Japan Securities International Inc. Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru International, Inc. Sanyo Securities America Inc.

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SERVIC

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operated by the group comprised 57 vessels totalling about 3.3m dwt, including 15 chartered for

On June 30, the fleet being

roll-off car carriers, three rollon/roll-off liner vessels and six



RESOURCES, INC. Houston, Texas (incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware,

United States of America) **Shares of Common Stock** of U.S. \$1.00 par value

including 159,000 shares reserved for issue)

Issued and reserved for issue 25,958,736

The Company, through its subsidiaries. is engaged in various energy-related enterprises; these include interstate natural gas transmission (United Gas Pipe Line Company), intrastate natural gas transmission (United Texas Transmission Company), and oil and gas exploration, development and production (Cotton Petroleum Corporation).

The Council of The Stock Exchange has admitted the above-mentioned Shares of Common Stock to the Official List.

Particulars relating to the Company are available in the Extel Statistical Services and copies of the Statistical Card may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday up to and including 27th August 1980 from:-

Merrill Lynch International Bank Limited

12 Tokenhouse Yard, London, EC2R 7AN-

3 Newgate Street, London, EC1A 7DA or from · Cazenove & Co

13th August 1980

## Interim Report

The unaudited consolidated results of the Group, for the six months ended 30 June 1960, are as follows:

	30 Jane 1980 R'000	% Changes	39 June 1979 R'000	31 Dec. 1979 [audited] R'000
Revenue	103 061	÷183;	87506	191 837
Operating profit	12006	÷26÷.。	9378	21762
Interest and lease finance costs	1970	20° •	2 461	4501
Profit before taxation	10038	±45:	6917	17 261
Taxation	4202	+36%	3034	5798
Profit after taxation	5.836	50° a	3883	11463
shareholders' dividends	457	-17°. <sub>0</sub>	552	1 278
Ordinary shareholders' earnings before				
non-tracting profits	5379	61° <sub>6</sub>	3331	10185
Non-trading profits (losses)			(204)	74
Available for appropriation	5379	-72%	3 127	10259
Fully paid shares in issue	22313000		22313000	22 313 000
before non-trading items	24.1c	-61°.	14.9c	45,6c
alter non-trading items	24.1c	+7293	14,0c	46,0c
Dividends per share	1 <b>0,0</b> c	+43%	7.0c	22,00

## Comment on results

The profits for the six months to 30 June 1980 continued their unward trend with all divisions recording substantial uncreases at the operating profit level

Liquidity and borrowings have shown further significant :margvements since the end of 1979 which, tagether with borrowing costs. Since the end of June the Group has disposed of the majority of its redundant properties, which ill result in a cash inflow of some R3,5 million thus further improving the Group's liquidity.

Whilst we expect the improvement in pre-tax profit to continue during the second six months of the year, the utilisation of phor year's tax losses by the manufacturing repeated this year. The rate of growth in attributable after tax profits will, therefore, not be as high as that achieved during the first six months of the year. Nevertheless, a substantial improvement in profits over 1979 is expected and it is anticipated that ordinary shareholders' earnings for the year will not be less than P12,6 million, equivalent to 56 cents per share. It has therefore been decided to increase the interim dividend from 7 cents to 10 cents per share. The final dividend will not be less than 18 cents per share making a total for the year of a minimum of 28 cents as compared with 22 cents for 1979.

For and on behalf of the Board C, W. Fiddian-Gree (Chairman and Chief Executive)

(Vice-Chairman and Deputy Chief Executive)

Declaration of Interim Dividend (No. 23) in respect of the 1980 Financial Yes

Notice is hereby given that an interim dividend of 10 cents per ordinary share in the currency of the Republic of South Africa has been declared for the six months ended 30 June 1980, payable to the shareholders registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on 29 August 1980. and that it will be paid on 7 October 1980.

The transfer books and ordinary share register of the Company will be closed from 30 August 1980 to 5 September 1980, both days inclusive, and dividend warrants will be posted to shareholders on or about 6

In terms of the Income Tax Act. 1962 (as amended) a nonresident shareholders' tax will be deducted by the Company from dividends payable to shareholders whose addresses in the share register are outside the Republic

By Order of the Board E. Huggett

Registered Office: 14 Floor 19 Ameshoff Street

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

\$85,000,000

Eurodollar Facility and Irrevocable Commercial Paper Support

Chessie Commercial Paper, Inc.

a special purpose company formed to issue commercial puper and to make loans to

Chessie System, Inc.

Irrevocable Commercial Paper Support provided by

Dresdner Bank AG,

Eurodollar Facility provided by

Gold Fields of SA LIA 75 Fox Street (P.Q. Box 1187

Transfer Secretaries:

## Companies and Markets

# INTL: COMPANIES & FINANCE

# Canon lifts forecast after strong

By Our Financial Staff

first half

A STRONG first-half gain in after-tax profit of 70 per cent is reported by Canon, the manufacturer cameras and business machines. In the period ended June 30, profits rose to Y7.82bn (\$34.76m) compared Y4.60bn on sales of Y116.81on (\$519m), up 37 per cent. The interim dividend is raised to Y5 from Y3.75. Earnings per share were up to Y30.22 from Y21.40. Canon is now revising its after-tax profit forecast for the year to December 31 to a record Ylabu from Y12.5bn which the company predicted in February. The sales forecast has also been revised upwards to a record Y238bn from Y230bn.

Total sales included Ya9.69bu of cameras, 34 per cent higher than a year earlier and Y57.12bn of calculators, copying machines and others, up by 40 per cent.
Sales of high-grade cameras
advanced by 34 per cent from
a year earlier, while sales of edium-grade cameras rose by 50 per cent, and those of copying machines by 57 per cent. Experts totalled Y85.70bn, up 42 per cent from Y60.19bn a

FINANCIAL RAND

# Heavy gold share sales lead to fall

BY BERNARD SIMON IN JOHANNESBURG

Africa's investment currency. Johannesburg relative to over- settled investors in equities. has sunk to its lowest level since seas markets, particularly early 1979. It stood at a mid- Loudon and New York. It rate of 80.5 U.S. cents yester-reflects the premium which day evening, a discount of local investors pay for shares almost 39 per cent to the com- above their foreign countermercial rand/dollar exchange parts.

The financial rand has been falling steadily since the end of May, when it stood at a discount of 26 per cent to the commercial narrowed to less than 10 per

Heavy sales of gold shares in Johannesburg by uon-residents are one reason for the sbaro drop in the financial rand rate this week. According to rate. It reached a peak last brokers most of the selling bas January, when the discount come from New York where several infinential analysts have ent. advised clients to move out of The financial rand rate is a gold stocks. The nervous

exchange gold index dropped by 19 points on Monday to 7045, and fell further yesterday. The

5 ceuts since last Friday.
Dealers said there also appeared
to be a large "overhang" of
financial rands on the market. Disinvestment of capital from South Africa must be channelled through the financial rand market.

Another reason for the finan- a barometer of foreigners' cial rand's current weakness is assessment of the political outa drying up of foreign invest- look in South Africa.

THE FINANCIAL RAND, South function of share prices in bullion market has further unment in non-listed ventures in South Africa. Since February. The Johannesburg stock 1979, the authorities have schange gold index dropped by allowed the FR to be used for the acquisition of a proprietary interest in non-quoted local financial rand rate has fallen by companies and projects. Applications for this purpose totalling over R600m have been approved since then, but the amount of money flowing in over the past munth or two has slowed to a trickle.

The financial rand has been

# Increased demand boosts Abercom earnings

South African engineering con- of R10m. glomerate, in the year to

end-June.
Sales increased by 24 per cent to R164.1m (\$215.92m) compared with R132.8m and the sectors surged ahead, pre-tax profit rose by 52 per Abercom's tax rate increased cent to R13.2m from R8.7m. At from 11.2 per cent to 20.8 per the after-tax level profits were cent, but still benefited from a record R10.46m, some 35 per grant and investment allowcent higher. Earnings per ances both in South Africa and share at \$1 cents increased by in the UK.

The gross profit margin improved to 8.1 per cent from 8.6 per cent as demand in both the light and heavy engineering

Abercom's tax rate increased

INCREASED DEMAND in all 6 per cent over the previous. In the heavy engineering expects higher profits in 1980-81 market sectors produced strong year despite dilution resulting division the subsidiary Consam. The company's shares have profit growth for Abercom, the from last year's rights issue has had management problems, advanced by 20 cents to 380 for the four days about of the four days are the four days about of the four days are the four days about the four days are the four days about the four days are the four but steps have been taken to alleviate the situation. The division enters the new financial year with improved order books and further profit in increase.

The company's shares have advanced by 20 cents to 380 cents in the four days ahead of the announcement, but some brokers were disappointed by the small earnings a share.

Nevertheless, further benefits creases are expected.

Margins in light engineering from last year's rights issue, the were adversely affected by continuing strength in Aher-factory relocations and work-load difficulties. But with the management are expected to moves over, and much better produce further strong growth-order books the division also this year.

## Sharp increase in profits for Alcan Australia

BY JAMES FORTH IN SYDNEY

ALCAN AUSTRALIA, the local offshoot of the Canadian aluminium group, boosted profits by year to end-June.

The directors said the Australian market for semi-fabricated products remained buoyant during the period but there were indications of the high growth rate slowing down. The buoyant market conditions bad been influenced by a tight aluminium supply and minor quantities of ingot had been imported to satisfy total demand.

They said that the further commissioning of smelter facilities would enable the company 44 per cent from A\$7m tn more readily to meet future A\$10.1m (US\$11.7m) in the balf market demand for aluminium. The construction of a second line at the Kurri Knrri smelter near Newcastle, New South Wales, was nearing completion. Construction of the third line would start later this year and on completion the capacity of the plant would be 135,000 tonnes a year,

> Group sales for the sin months rose hy 45 per cent, from A\$59.5m to A\$86.6m. The direc tors have increased the interim dividend from 5 cents to 7 cents. The bulk of the cumpany's shares are owned by the Canadian parent, but some local institutions have an interest.

## ACI sets up resources subsidiary

By Our Sydney Correspondent

AUSTRALIAN Consolidated Industries (ACI), the glass plas-tics and packaging group, bas established a resources offshoot. The group revealed in its 1979-1980 annual accounts that a subsidiary known as ACI Resources bad been established with an authorised capital of \$A100m (equivalent to U.S.\$117m). It is intended to provide a base for experience. provide a base for an expansion by ACI into minerals and

-The offshoot will handle initially the group's existing mining and processing activities in sand and limestone used in the packaging operations.

As opportunities presented themselves, the directors are looking to use the offshoot as a joint-renture partner in resource projects requiring Australian development capital, The directors said that several opportunities were being ex-amined. ACI Resources might. it was said, eventually be floated is a separate public company.

We are pleased to announce the following elections:

**Managing Directors** 

ALFRED J. COYLE PAUL B. GUENTHER JAMES G. LEONARD THOMAS C. MULRY JOHN A. NESBITT D. BARRY O'CONNOR RODMAN D. PATTON JOHN J. PREOTLE ROBERT M. WIGOD

Vice Presidents ROSS K. CHAPIN THOMAS S. DOUGLAS WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON LAURELLE S. MATHIS J. DOUGLAS VAN NESS ROBERT T. WALSH ERNEST R. J. ZELLWEGER, JR.

## BLYTH EASTMAN PAINE WEBBER

1221 Avenue of the Americas. New York, N.Y. 10020

We are pleased to announce that RICHARD GOBLET d' ALVIELLA

has been elected an Executive Director.

BLYTH EASTMAN PAINE WEBBER INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Grand Cayman Branch

Dresdner Bank AG

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

Barclays Bank International Limited New York Branch

The Bank Of Nova Scotia International (Curacao) N.V.

Credit Lyonnais New York Branch

Security Pacific National Bank

Financial Advisor with respect to Commercial Paper Support and Exclusive Commercial Paper Dealer

# Merrill Lynch Money Markets Inc.

We advised on the negotiation of this financing

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated



Standard Chartered Bank Limited

U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Capital Notes 1990

For the six months from 13th August, 1980 to 13th February, 1981 the notes will carry an interest rate of 11/4% per annum. On 13th February, 1981, interest of U.S.\$57:50 will be due per U.S.\$1,000 note for coupon No. 5.

Principal Paying Agent European-American Bank & Trust Company 10 Hanover Square New York, N.Y. 10005



THE SAITAMA BANK, LTD.

(London Branch)

Negotiable Floating Rate U.S. Dollar Certificates of Deposit Maturity Date February 17, 1982

In accordance with the provisions of the Certificates of Deposit notice is hereby given that for the six month Interest Period from August 14, 1980 to February 17, 1981, the Certificates will carry an Interest Rate of 113% per annum.

Agent Bank Orion Bank Limited All of these securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW\_ISSUE

2,000,000 SHARES

# SEA CONTAINERS ATLANTIC LTD.

CUMULATIVE PREFERRED SHARES

Blyth Eastman Paine Webber

Warburg Paribas Becker

Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

E. F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

The First Boston Corporation Drexel Burnham Lambert

Bear, Stearns & Co. Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Lazard Frères & Co.

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group

Merrill Lynch, Plerce, Femner & Smith Incorporated Salomon Brothers Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

Wertheim & Co., Inc. Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

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financial rand by smelet of the political South Africa

# to fal Dollar eases

the dollar lost ground in dollar against the German currency markets yesterday, despite a slightly firmer tendency in Euro-dollar rates. Movement in Euro-dollar rates have tended to dictate dollar movements just receptly; and dealers were undecided as to why the pattern was; not continued yesterday beauand for the West German mark helped rumours of that the U.S. unit may hove reached a temporary peak. There noo-listed temps.
The authorities pite a slightly firmer tendency in Euro-dollar rates. Movement in Euro-dollar rates have tended to dictate dollar movements just receptly; and dealers were undecided as to why the pattern was, not continued yesterday. Demand for the West German mark helped rumours of Buildesbank intervention, should the dollar continue to Improve, while the dollar/yen rate showed a sherp movement in favour of the yen. Some sources suggested that the yen may have been over sold in recent weeks, which could account for the improvement yesterday. Yesterday's weaker trend in the dollar rate, may therefore, have been mainly a technical adjustment. Against the Deutsche Mark the U.S. unit finished towards its low of the day at DM 1.7795, compared with DM 1.7825 on Monday, and SwFr 1.6405 from SwFr 1.6460 in terms of the Swiss franc. Against the yen it closed at Y222.90 from Y225.75 previously. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's index fell from \$4.5 to \$4.2.

Sterking was slightly weaker overall, and its trade weighted earnin

ed by 20 cents at the four days de anouncement, but est vent's right as uing strength in

from 84.5 to 84.2.

Sterling was slightly weaker overall, and its trade weighted index fell to 75.3 from 75.5, having stood at 75.4 2t noon and in the morning. Against the dollar it opened at \$2.3680-2.3680 and rose to \$2.3710, where it stayed for most of the morning. It dipped in \$2.3680 just after noen, but improved later, as the dollar came on offer in New York te close at \$2.3730-2.3740, 6 rise of just 15 points from Monday.

ward trend in U.S. Interest rates.

D-MARK—One of the weaker
members of the Enropean blowing a tendency to ease against the dollar following the turnaround in U.S. interest against the dollar following the turnaround in U.S. interest deliar yesterday, with trading in Tekyo described as mederate. The dollar was quoted at Y225.40 compared with an eeening level of Y226.10 and Y226.50 at Monarates led to a decline in the D-MARK—One of the weaker members of the Enropean problems seven showing a tendency to ease against the dollar following the turnaround in U.S. interest rates. Over the past few menths tight Bundesbank monetary polley and the sharp fall in U.S. rates led to a decline in the supplies and the supplies and problems seven currency—The slightly firmer described as dollar was a compared with the sharp fall in U.S. of Y226.10 are day's close.

reached a temporary peak. Therewas also speculation that the Bundesbank may start selling dollars if the letter centinues to improve. Elsewbere the D-mark was generally firmer, with sterling fixed at DM4.2310 cempared with DM 4.2340 on Monday, and the French franc weaker st DM 43.19 per FFr 100 against DM 43.24. On the ether hand the Swiss franc improved slightly to DM 1.0845 frem DM 1.0821.

**BELGIAN FRANC** — Remaining steady within the EMS despite continued easing of domesilc interest rates, including two cuts in the central bank discount rate in the central bank discount rate in the past two menths—The Belgian franc was weaker st yesterday's fixing in Brussels, reflecting in part yesterday's cnt in Treasury bill rates. The dollar rose to BFr 28.50 from BFr 28.4925, and sterling was higher 6t BFr 67.55 against BFr 67.5475. Within the EMS, the D-msrk was quoted at BFr 15.9695, higher than Monday's fixing of BFr 15.946, while the French franc improved to the French franc improved to
BFr 6.8958 from BFr 6.89421.

JAPANESE YEN — Showing
weaker trend once sgain after
marked recovery on the downward trend in U.S. interest rates.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES								
	central central	Currency amounts against ECU August 12	% change from central rate:	% change edjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %			
2algish Franc	39.7897	40.3903	+1.51	+0.43	±1.53			
Oanish Krono	7.72336	7.80964	+1.12	+0.04	+1.64			
Garman D-Mark	2.48208	2.52979	+1.92	+0.84	±1.125			
Franch Franc	5.84700	5,85705	+0.17	-0.91	±1.3557			
Dutch Guilder	2.74362	2.75359	+0.36	-0.72	±1.512			
rish Pun1	0.668201	0.689662	+0.20	÷0.88	±1.668			

Changes are for ECU, therefore positive change denotes a weak currency. Adjustment calculated by Financial Times.

## THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

		nay e			•	Three	••
	Aug. 12	spread	Close	Dne month	p.a.	months	p.a.
•	11.6.	2.3580-2.3740	2.3730-2.3740	1.47-1.37s pm	7.16	3,50-3 40 pm	5.81
	Cansda	2.7500-2.7580	2,7520-2,7530	7.60-1.50c pm	6.75	4.15-4.05 pm	5.96
	Nethind.	4.59-4.62	4.594-4.604	3-2c pm	G.52	61-71 pm	6.63
	6elgium	67.30-67.86	67,40-67,50	30-20c pm		80-70 pm	4.45
	Cenmsik	13.04-13.08	13.04-13.05	hore pm-7 dle	-0.11	3५-5 dia	-1.30
	ireland	1.1165-1.1220	1.1175-1.1165	0.03-0.05p dis	-0.48	0.03-0.07dis	-0.18
	W. Gor.	4.211,-4.241,	4.22-4.23	31-21 of pm	2.10	9-8 pm	6.C5
	Portugal	117,10-117,75	117.35-117.65	35c pm-15 dis	1.02	50pm-70dis	-C.34
	3 pain	170.50-171.50	171.35-171.45	par-55c dis	-1.92	125-210 dis	-3.91
	lioly	1,9961;-2,0004	1,9981-1,9991	16-19 lira dla			-11.20
	Norway	11.521;-11.551;	11.54-11.55	5%-47 ora pm	5.07	15 - 13 pm	4.94
	Frence	9.771-9.811	9.78-9.79	514-414c pm		131-121; pm	5.31
	Sweden	9.871-9.91	9.8914-6.5014	31,-27, ore pm	3.62	74-7 pm	2.98
	Japan	527-533	5281-5291-	2.50-2.00y pm	5.10	7.10-6.60 pm	5.18
	SitteuA	29.87-30.03	29,90-29,95	16-14gro pm	2.m	44-39 pm	5.65
	ðwiŒ.	3.88-3.92	3.89-3.90	4-3c pm	10.78	11-10 pm	10.78
	_						

THE	TOLLAR	SPOT	AND	<b>FORWARD</b>
INE	DULLAR	SPUI	AND	FUNWAND

		Dey's			i,	Three	*,
t	Aug. 12	spread	Close	One month	p.a.	months	p.a.
t	UK†	2.2680-2.3740	2.3730-2.3740	1.47-1,37c pm	7.16	3.50-3.40 pm	6.61
1	treland	2.1140-2.1220	2,1190-2,1220	1.30-1.20c pm	7.07	3.05-2.95 pm	
1	Canada	1.1600-1.1628	1.1608-1.1811	e.02s pm-0.02 di	<b>.</b> –	0.04pm-0.e1d	e.05
-	Nethlad,	1.9222-1.9436	1.9370-1.9380	0.05c pm-0.05 di	• –	0.56-0.45 pm	1.03
•	Belgium	28,41-28,481;	28.41-28.43	41z-Gc die	-2.22	10-13 dis	-1.62
	Opnmark	5.5000-6.5125	5.5000-5.5015	3,10-3,60ore dis	-7.31	0.60-10.10d	-7.16
-	W. Gor.	1.7780-1.7870	1.7790-1,7800	0.22-0.18pl pm	1.35	1.07-1.02 pm	2.35
?	Portugal	49.40-49.60	49.40-49.60	15-35c dis	-6.07	45-95 die	-5.66
=	Spain	72.15-72.29	72.15-72.20	40-60c dla	-2.31	150-120 dis	-3.14
C	Italy	842,80-843,25	842.80-843.10	111-13 tire dia	- 17.44	35-37 dis -	- 17,08
5	Florway	4.8625-4.8683	4.8625-4.8840	0.70-1.20cm dis	-2.34	1.15-1.65dls	-1.15
•	France	4,1240-4,1350	4.1240-4.1260	e.40-e.50c dis		0.37-0.62dis	
	Swedon	4.1675-4.1710	4.1700-4.1710	1.05-1.20ore dis	-3.24	2.85-3.00dis	-2.80
-	Japan	222.25-225.00	222.25-222.95	0.40-0,60y dis		0.45-0.65dis	-0.99
_	Austria	12,60%-12.65%	12.604-12.61%	e.90-1.50gre dis	-1.14	par-1.75dis	-0.28
-	ðwitz.	1.6380-1.6500	1.6400-1.6410	0.60-0.68c pm	4.31	2.23-2.16 pm	5.38
2	+ 119	and lenland a	m guesne la l	I S SUPPORTU E	n nwa rd	aremiums as	4

Aug. 12		Morgan Gueranty Chongos	Aug. 11			European Curreno Unit
Sterling U.S. dollar Canadian dollar Austrian schilling deiglan franc Oanish kroner Ooutsche mark Gwiss franc Guilder French franc Lire Ysn Based on trado we Woshington sgreon (2ank of England 1	84.2 81.1 156.4 116.0 107.3 154.9 122.1 126.2 101.7 63.1 127.5	mber, 1971	Sterling U.S. S. Canadian 8. Austria Sch Beiglum F. Danish K. D mark Gulldor. French Fr. Lira Yen Norwgn. Ki. Spanlah Pts. Gwedish Kr. Gwess Fr.	12 13 71 <sub>2</sub> 21 <sub>2</sub> 15 0	16.6303 37.4280 7.25310	0.507607 1.41684 1.64013 17.8947 42.3658 7.21600 2.75321 6.26432 1194.40 320.206 6.89718 102.225 5.90203 6.33220

## OTHER CURRENCIES

Au <sub>2</sub> . 12	£	\$		£ Note Rates
Argontina Peso	4482-4502	t320-1227	Austria	29.76-30.05
Australia Dollar	2.0450-2,0490	0,2625-0,2630	Beigium	67,26 62,55
Brazil Cruzsiro	129.24.130.24	54.60-54.80	Denmark	12.22 13.02
Finland Markke .		3.5415-3.6425	France	0.75 9.22
Greek Orechma	101,686-104,144	42.70-42,20	Germany	4.22.4.25
Hono Kong Dollar	11.76 le .11.7512	4.2490-4.2610	Italy	1970-2090
Iran Riel.,	n.a.	n.c.	Japan	631 632
Kuwait Oinar/KO	0.633-0.632	0.2677 0.2678	Noths riands	4.591, 4.621,
Luxombourg Frc.	67.40-67.60	22.41.26.43	Nerway	11,47-11.57
Malaysia Dollar	3,0620-3,0940	2.1456 2.1475	Portugal	113-117
New Zealand Oir.	2.4180 2.4230	1,0200-1,0310	3pain	166-1723
Saudi Arab, Riyol.	7.83.7.22	3,3160-3,3210	Sweden	2.23-2.23
Singapore Dollar.	6,0450-5,0620	2,1250 2,1270	Switzerland	3.88-3.91
Sth. African Rand		0.7600-0.7610	United States	2,6666-2,672
U.A.E. Oirham	2,71-8,77	3,6860-3,6010	Yug salevia	6312-70

Rete given for Argentine is free rate

the bid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference banks at

was creating little demand for the metal, which was contribut-

to the easier trend.

## **EXCHANGE CROSS RATES**

3 months U.S. dollars

BBER

);'.

BBER

Aug. 12	PoundSterling	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem'k	Japan'seYen	FranchFranc	Swiss Franc	DutchGuild'	Italian Lira	Canada Dolla	rBelgian Franc
Pound Sterling	0.421	2,674	4.225	522.0	9.726	5,896	4,603	1999.	2.733	67,46
U.S. Dollar		1,	1.780	222.9	4.123	1,541	1,939	842,2	1,150	. 22,42
Deutschomark	0,987	0,562	7.987	195.2	2.316	0,92 <b>e</b>	1.089	473.1	0,651	15,96
Jopanese Yen 1,000	1,890	4,487		1000.	18.50	7,363	8.700	5779.	5,203	127.5
French Franc 10	1.022	2.426	4.318	540,6	10.	5.961	4.704	2043,	2,613	58,93
Swiss Franc	0,257	0.609	··1.085	135,8	2,512	1.	1.182	613,2	0,707	17,36
Dutch Guilder	0.217	0.516.	0,918	114.2	2,126	0,846	2,502	434.3	0,596	14.66
Italian Lira, 1,000	0.500	1.187	2,114	264.6	4,625	1,948		1000,	1,377	33.74
Canadian Dollar	0,363	0,862	1,535	192,2	3.565	1.413	1.672	726.2	1.	24,60
Belgian Franc 100	1,483	3,512	5,264	784,5	14.61	5.773	6.624	2954.	4,061	100,

. 6 months U.S. dollars

FT LONDON	INTERBAN	K FOUN	G (11.00	a.m, AU	GUST 12	2)				
Canadian Dollar	0.363	0,862	1.535	192,2	3,565	1.413	1.672	786.2	4.061	24,60
Belgian Franc 100	1.483	3,512	5.264	784,3	14.61	5.773	6.624	2964.		100.
Dutch Guilder	0.217	0.516 -	0,918	114.2	2,126	0.846	2,302	434.3	0.596	14.66
Italian Ura, 1,000	0.500	1,187	2,114	264.6	4,625	1.948		1000.	1,377	33.74
Franch Franc 10	1.022	2,426	4.318	540,6	10.	5.961	4.704	2043.	2.613	58,93
Swiss Franc	0,257	0,609	-1.085	135,8	2.512	1.	1.182	613.2	0.707	17,36

ыд 10 18/16	offer 10 16/15	bid 11 1/15	offer 11 Bris	11 em each working day. The banks ere National Westminster Gank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Banque Nationale de Paris, and Morgan Guaranty Trust,

į	EURO-CUR	RENCY	NTEREST	RATES	Market Cl	osing Ra	tes)				
ĺ	Aug. 12	Steriing	U.S.Dollar	Canadian Doller	Dutch Guilder	šwiss Franc	West Gorman Mark	French Franc	Italien Lira	Asian \$	Jopanese Yen
Ì.	tShort term 7 days' notice.		214-01g 214-21g	2-10 - 0-t0	27g-101g 07g-101g	634.714 514-534	21g-85g 81g-85g	11-1114 11-1114	15-19 21-65	=	14-16 111 <sub>8</sub> -113 <sub>4</sub>
Ċ	Month	1612-1634 1658-1278	234-10 10+2-10+2	10-105a 103a-1054	234-978 056-234	554-67e	612-85g	11-114	2512-2712 2612-22	Ξ	115g-117g 115g-115g
	Six months Dno Year	1670-1618	10 s 11 s	1054 -11 lg 1078 -11 l4	212.258 212 258	516-516 516-516 618-514	2 14 -8 14 712 -8 14 778 -8	11 te-115e 11 te-115e	251g-37 23-641g	=	1058-1078 934-10

Long-term Eurodoller two years 11½-11½ per cent; three years 11½-11½ per cent; lour years 11½-12½ per cent; five years 12½-12½ per cent; nominal closing rate. Short-form rates are cell for storling, U.S. dollare, Canodian dollars and Japaness yen; others two-days' notice. Asian rates are closing rates in Singapora.

The following nominal rates were quoted for London dollar certificates of deposit: ons-month 9.70-9.60 per cent; three-months 10.10-10.20 per cent; eis-months 10.30-10.40 per cent; one year 10.40-10.50 per cent.

## INTERNATIONAL MONEY MARKET

# Belgian rates down

Belgian interest rates cootinued hills to be held on August 18. to fall yesterday, with the central The previous auctien was held bank announcing further cuts in on August 5, giving a yield of 11.594 per cent.
In Frankfurt call money was quoted at 8.9-9.1 per cent compared with 9.20-9.25 per cent on Treasury bill rates. One, two and three-menth rates have been cut by 0.25 per cent to 12.25 per cent. for one-month and twomonth, and to 12.50 per cent for three-month certificates. At the fall below 9 per cent for two same time yesterday's weekly months. Dealers speculated that auction of four month bond fund the Bundeshank may cut the per cent from 12.9 per cent. Six ing of the Bundeshank central central accounts the second of the Bundeshank central ce and nine-month Treasury bill raiss have also been cut, having last been changed on July 8. Six-month bills now stand at 1275 per cent against 13.25 per cent previously, and rine-month at 12.75 per cent from 13.1 per

Domestic rates have been steadily reduced since the Lombard and discount rates were cut on; the last day of July, and marks a continued relaxation in interest rates now that the Belgian franc is comfortably pisced in the European Manetary System

Monetary System. In Paris call money continued to show an easier tandency, and was quoted at 11 per cent, down from Monday's level of 11; per cent. Period rates were also up to it of 6 point down. Mean-while the Bank of France announced an auction of a further FFr 2.6bn of 12-month Treausry

NEW YORK

Treasury Bills (13-wes Treasury Bills (26-wes GERMANY Negnight Rate .......

s Becker

Markets Grow

GOLD

Monday, and represents the first

ing of the Bundeshank central council on August 21, even

obtained later this menth, when

**UK MONEY MARKET** 

Continued

shortage

## **Further** fall

In Paris the 12½ kile har was fixed at FFr 82,500 per kilo (\$620.71, per ounce) compared with FFr 82,900 (\$623.95) in the merniog and FFr 82,700 (\$622.21) on Monday afternoon. (\$622.21) on Monday afternooo.
In Frankfurt the 12½ kilo har
was fixed at DM 35,265 per kile
(\$614.47 per ounce) against DM
35,450 (\$617.04) previeusly, and
closed at \$604-606 compared with
\$616-619 oo Monday.
In Zurich geld finished at
\$606-609 against \$615-618 previeusly. Gold centioued to ease in the Lnndoo bullion market yester-day, closing \$7 ao eunce down from Monday's close at \$609-612. At one point the metal was as \$616-619 low as \$603-605, with some In Zi dealers suggesting that the \$606-609 seasonal low level of trading vieusly.

l		Aug, 12	Aug	. 11
	Go	ld Bullion Ifins o	unes)	
1	Close	(£256¾ -258 ±) (£258-252; (£252-522; (£264.898)	\$616-610 \$621-624 \$614.60 \$617	(£260 <sup>1</sup> 4-26 t <sup>1</sup> 4) (£262-863 <sup>1</sup> 2) (£269.150 <sub>1</sub> (£260.041)
		<b>Gold Coins</b>		
	Kruņorrand	(£266 <sup>1</sup> 4-262 <sup>1</sup> 4) £263-265; £265-266 <sup>1</sup> 4) £26 <sup>1</sup> 4-77 <sup>1</sup> 4) (£76 <sup>1</sup> 4-77 <sup>1</sup> 4)	\$666-637 \$629-233 \$156-157 \$1861 <sub>2</sub> -1261 <sub>2</sub> \$1841 <sub>2</sub> -1861 <sub>2</sub> \$160-163 \$764-769 \$606-606 \$745-749	(£2671 <sub>2</sub> -2691 <sub>2</sub> ) (£2261 <sub>4</sub> -2671 <sub>4</sub> ) (£2653 <sub>4</sub> -865 <sub>4</sub> ) (£773 <sub>4</sub> -783 <sub>4</sub> ) (£773 <sub>4</sub> -783 <sub>4</sub> )

Bank of England Minimum Lending Rate 16 per cent (since July 3, 1980) Day to day credit remained in

small purchases of Treasury hills and local authority hills, short supply in the London money market yesterday, and the anthorities gave assistance on a small scale. This small scala. Thiz comprised

night loans epened at 157-161 per cent and rose on the un direct from discount houses, and expected forecast of a large small loans te one or two heuses shertage to 164-161 per cent. at MLR, for repayment teday. Rates came back later in the day In the interbank market over- and closed at 151-151 per cent.

## LONDON MONEY RATES

	_											
MONEY RATES	:	Aug. 12	Sterling Certificate of doposit	Interbank		Local Auth- negotisble boilds	Heuse .	Company		Tressury	Eligible Bank Bills &	Fine Trad 8)iie
ORK .	'	2		16-161e	_	- 1	_	164-164	15-16	- !	!	_
810	17	Overnight 2 days notice	ı . <del>-</del> .		165g-161g	] . — ]	-	į –	-	!	_ ;	_
rde		7 days nr		l	. <del>-</del> -	-	15%	166- 163.	151g-15%	,	1 - 1	Ξ
Bille (13-week) Bills (26-week)	京 克在	7 days notice		1614-1624	161g 161g-165g	1734-1819	165g 167g		1558-1634	145	16, , 164	171
	-	Dhe month	1658-103	161e-165a 161e-165e :		-1714-1758	167g		15ta-15ta	1483	16-1-1514	163
MY		Two months	162 1614	16 1 164	164-1612		16倍	1672	1518	1418-1415	15%-1614	165
	7.5	Six months	1207-70-6		1536-1654		164	1658	1 - 1	i – i	14 - 1434	151
		Nine months			4	164-153	1554	15% 16%	1 = 1	1· 📘 🚶	1	_
n1h	9.125	-Ono Yes		1454-1418 ;	14-141	1412-1478	14 }	1.204	! = !		1 = 1	_
	8.70	Two years			<u> </u>							
MID		Local auth	ority and fir	nance house	s seven di	ys' notice.	othsta seve	n daya fix	ed Long-1	term local	euthority (	mortga
1 Rate	11.0	yllenimon. spati. Julia oro bu	ving retes l	or prime pa	per. Suying	, retae for fo	nt-wousp	benk billa	157-15716	per cent	; four-mon	th tra

in table are buying reas to pursue personal treesury bills 142, 142, per cent; two-month 142, 142, per cent; three months 144, 142, per cent. Approximate selling rate for one-month bank bills 163, 163, per cent; two months 163, per cent; three months 163, per cent; one-month trade bills 163, per cent; two-menths 163, per cent; end three-months 163, per cent.

Finance Heuses Base Rates (published by the Finance Houses Association) 163, per cent from August 1, 1980. Clearing Bank Deposit Rate for sums 31 seven days' notice 14 per cent. Clearing Bank Rates for lending 16 per cent. Treesury Bills Average tender rates el discount 14.9565 per cent.

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es end are last traded order. Desired
dividend. xc Ex scrip issue. 37 Ex region

NOTES:—Prives individual exchange suspended, xd Ex

## Wall St. mixed at mid session Aug. 11 AU2. NEW YORK Stock Stock Stock 77a 1331: 291<sub>2</sub> 194 125<sub>3</sub> Schlitz Brew J... Schlumberger... SCM... Scott-Paper... Scudder Duo V... 5854 778 8412 3314 461g Aug. Ayg. Gt. Ati. Pac. Tea: Gt. Basins Pet.... Columbie Gas . Combined Int. .. 19:; 19:a Combustn. Eng. 735; 73: Combustn. Equip 9:a 9:3 Gmwith Edison. 20:4 20:4 Comm. 2atellie. 39:4 38:a Compugraphic. 25:4 25:a Gt. Hthn. Nekoosa 36 Gt. West Finanej, 20 Greyhound....... 16 oeclined DM 2.40 to DM 125.30. cut in the French Call Money In the Stores sector, Horten gaioed DM 4 to DM 146.50 but morping its lowest level for over ACF Industries... 3919 Milton Bradley IN HEAVY two-way trading their headway early yesterday, yesterday morning, Wall Street The Toronto Composite Index Missouri Pac ..... Mobil Modern Merche Sea Contra ... Seabrd Coast L... Seagram... Sealed Power... Sears Roebuck... 18 stocks put on o mixed perform- was 11.7 stronger at 2 record ance with the market apparently 2,258.5 at noon, but the Golds consolidating its position after index was 64.1 lower at 4,648.5. Kaufhof lost DM 3 to DM 182. a year, making little apparent Verta put on DM 3 to DM 178 in impact on sentiment. 501a 433<sub>6</sub> 255<sub>6</sub> 123 43 96 AVX Corp. 3514 Abbotts Labs 4973 Acme Gleve. 2734 Monsanto..... MooreMcCmrk... Morgan (JP)...... Motorola ..... Oils mostly turned easier, with Electricals. the recent marked buoyancy. Comp. Science... Hammormill Opr.: 27% Handleman ...... 18% Seatrain Las .... 29 x 52 x 405; 3514 The Domestic Bond market, Française des Petroles declining The Dow Jones Industrial Harna Mining.... Hercourt Brace... after receot firmness, mainly FFr 7.9 to FFr 238. Sedco...... Shell Oil ..... 2hell Trans ..... Average, which on Monday moved ahead 9.39 more to its Munsingwear 151s Murphy IGC 164 Murphy Oil 52 Nabisco 261s Halco Ghem 427s showed declines ranging to 50 The fresh overnight Wall The Construction group Bouy-Harnisch feger....' Akzona 1234 Albany Ir I 35 Alberto-Culv. 15 pfennigs. The Bundeshank bought DM 5m nominal of paper 345 403 39 Street advance prompted active gues, which amnounced higher first-half turnover, edged un FFr 1 to FFr 650, while BSN Harris Banep.... highest closing point for almost Sherwin-Wms.... Signal Signode Harris Corp ..... selective foreigo buying on the 31 years, fluctuated a little after selling DM 5.5m on Monday. 53 ta before recording a slight nat Tokyo market yesterday for | ConsumerPower | 1812 | 186s | Conti Ar Lines | 212 | 212 | Conti Corp | 225s | 285s | Conti Group | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 | 2914 Heinz iHJi...... Heirer Inti-..... Hercules Nappolindustries! 20% Blue Chips and Populars, Gervais Danone, the Foods group, moved up FFr 4 to FFr 1,034 after posting higher first 93: improvement of 0.34 at 964.42 at 6implicity Patt... Singer Skyline Smith Intialthough speculative issues Australia 1 pm. The NYSE All Common Index gained 17 cents to a new Hercules 2512 Hershey 2512 Hewblein 3256 Hewlett Pkd 78 Hilton Hotels 3812 4934 mostly lost ground and the Overseas interest slackened overall trend was mixed to record high of \$71.62, although after Monday's upsurge op half sales. rises and falls were about even Australian markets, and stock prices finished on a rather mixed note. The Sydney All Ordinaries Hong Kong at mid-session. Trading volume The Nikkei-Dow Jones Aver-Southeast Bankg age improved 23.14 to 6.801.68 and the Tokyo SE index was 1.59 sharply increased to 37.71m shares from the previous day's Amal Sugar ..... 5716 Amax ..... 5176 Amerade Hess ... 6178 index which advanced 16 points The market showed some 1 pm level of 27,75m. higher at 471.60, out falls outrecovery after an easier start to the previous day to an all-time Computer issues extended recent gains. IBM rose \$1 to \$67‡. Hoozywell 1½ to \$93‡, Digital Equipment 15 to \$85‡. Am. Airlines ..... NCR 7114 NCR 1714 New England EL 22 New Eng. Tel 3416 NY State E & G 1656 NY Times 2912 Newmont Mining 4778 Niag. Mohawk 1312 HICOR Inc 3318 Hiclisen (ACI A. 3458 NL Industries. 24 scored advancing issues by 339 finish on a mixed note. Dealers 7014 neak. shad 2.27 to 958.71. The Am. Brands...... Am. Broadcastg. said trading opened uncertainly and sellers emerged in the to 300 on the First Market Matals and Minerals iodax lost 17.18 of Mooday's 183.38 rise to Am. 8rondoastg. 533; Am. Can. 333e Am. Cyanamid 28 Am. Elect. Pwr. 18 Am. Elect. Pwr. 18 Am. Gen. Insnee. 343; Am. Hoist & Dk. 20 Am. Home Prod., 303; Am. Hoep.Supply. 401e Am. Motori 471e Am. Motori 471e Am. Mat Resces. 423; Am. Petfina. 441e Am. Quasar Pet., 3442 section. Turnover expanded 10 350m shares (250m). absence of any stimulating news, close at 6,120.01. Trading Houses were wall favoured. Mitsui rising Y23 to Among recently strong Oils, but second-liners and some Woodside receded 15 cents to Property shares in particular and Burronghs 11 to \$72. Most Blue Chip issues, how-AS2.95, Santos 30 cents to A\$14.00 and Lennard Oil 10 cents to A\$1.50, but Bridge Oil advanced 25 cents to A\$5.00, Hartogen 20 cents to A\$5.10 and Ceutral Pacific A\$2.50 to A\$60.50. ever, after Monday's late rise, Y413, Mitsabishi Y25 to Y684, and C. Itch Y22 to Y414. attracted renewed local support had only small price changes hardeour 1 more to \$53, wholel St'd Brda Paint ... 29 2798 St'd Oil C'ilfornia ... 7552 St'd Oil C'ilfornia ... 56812 Std Oil Indiana ... 56812 Std Dii Dhio ... 50 4738 Stanley Wks ... 1914 19 8tauffer Chem ... 2214 2212 Sterling Drug ... 2214 2212 Sterling Drug ... 2214 2212 Sterling Drug ... 2371 1552 6tokely Van K ... 25 2478 2un Co ... 3771 37 2unbearm ... 1258 8undstrand ... 4471 4478 Superfer Oil ... 16754 16618 Super Val. Strs ... 29 29 2yntex ... 4414 4518 TRW ... 4772 47 Tatt ... 32 35 Tampax ... 33515 3553 during the afternoon. There was a fairly large turnover of HK\$325.18m on the four stock Light Electricals put on a Norfolk & Wester 4012 Nth. Am. Coal... 433; Nth. Am. Philips... 317s Nthn. 2tate Pwr... 2352 Northgate Exp... 85s Northrop... 4614 Nwest Airildes... 2912 Nwest Inds... 31 Hwestin Mutul... 107s Nwest diteel W. 4614 Novest fresh show of strength. Sony climbing Y110 to Y2,430, Plonger Electronic Y60 to Y2,160, Victor of Japan Y90 to Y1,870, and Massashita Communications Y50 yesterday. American Telaphone Humane-..... Hunt (Philip A)-... 2 4034 4034 2 2358 4 404 2 2 2 3018 4 425 3 125 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 425 4 4 301 6 301 6 301 6 301 6 301 7 30 Allied Chemical put on § to ata Gen..... Sayton-Hudson HK\$263.10m, while the Rang Seng index was slightly harder on halance at 1,136.41, up 0.65. lusky Dil..... lutton (EF)-- ..... Leading Oils were little changed, while some Gold Min-Strata Oil rose 12 cents to A\$2.62 on reporting a test which Huyck.... IC inds ... HA Corp ...... ing issues, after Monday's weakproduced a gas flow of 20m cu ft a day at the Woodada No. 2 to Y2.040. Elsewhere, Olympus gained Y24 to Y920, while large-capitals also met demand. Swire Pacific "A" ruse 35 cents to HKS 8.85 and Swire ness, had fractional gains. J C Penney lost 1 to \$27; on well near Perth. Oils moved further ahead, Arabian Oil adding Y90 at Y2,700 and Nippon Oil Y70 at reporting lower second-quarter earnings, which it said would be Properties 45 cents to BK\$8.95, Utah Mining gained 6 cents more to A85.26 in Coals, while Pancontinental added 20 cents Imo. Corp. Amer. while Channg Kong put on 30 Horton ...... Norton 2imon.... Occidental Pet... cents to HKS21.20. Associated Hotels 30 cents to HK\$.30 and Ingersoll Rand ... Injand Stest...... turned into a loss excluding in-| Diffingham | 1413 | Diffingham | 1413 | Diffingham | 1741 | Dimey (Welt) | 5276 | Dome Mines | 10619 | Donnelloy (RR) | 5453 | Dover Corp | 4853 | Dow Jones | 4752 | Drevo | 59 | Drevser | 7114 | Dr. Pepper | 1368 | Duke Power | 1716 | Dun & Strad | 51 | Du Pont | 48 | E G & G | 3412 | surance earnings. J. Ray McDermott, on reduced Ogden..... Ogilvy + Math... Ohlo Edison ..... Okla. Hat. Gas... at A\$7.50, among Uraniums, but Peko-Wallsend shed 10 cants to V1 290. Among speculatives, however, Nippoo Signal retreated Y23 to SHK Properties 10 cents to HKS16.30. Intel ...... Interlake... Archer Daniels 33% Armco 32 6753 | 691<u>0</u> 14814 | 1471<u>2</u> ... | 681<sub>2</sub> | 62 ... | 397<sub>2</sub> | 401<sub>8</sub> ... | 213<sub>4</sub> | 213<sub>4</sub> fiscal first-quarter profits, receded A\$\$.90. InterNorth . Tandy \_\_\_\_\_\_ Teledyne \_\_\_\_\_ Tektronix \_\_\_\_\_ Tenneeo \_\_\_\_ Tesora Pet \_\_\_\_ Texaco \_\_\_\_ 11 to \$321. V395, Japan Wool Y16 to Y501, and Shin Dengen Y10 to Y1,270. Armstrong CK... 1214 12 Asamera Oil... 1914 1234 Asarco 3614 3714 Ashland Dil... 5578 5614 Assd D Goods 2514 2518 Attantic Rich 47 4578 Auto-Data Prg. 4612 4734 Avco... 2618 2612 Avery InU... 2278 2116 A report of more promising Santa Fe International. Johannesburg mineralisation at the Golden Grove copper-lead-zinc prospect Omark ..... contrast, advanced 21 to \$42 on Outboard Marinei 144 Overseas Ship ... 321 Owens Corning ... 291 Owens Illinois ... 265 OHH Group ... 30 PPG Inde ... 361s Pabst Brewing ... 1314 Pac. Gas 2 Elect 25 Pec. Liothins ... 211s Gold shares lost further ground on the fall in the intersoarply higher second-quarter in Western Australia pushed EZ Germany | Int. Multiloods | 185s | 187s | 187 Sony topped the New profits 16 cents higher to A\$6.76 and Golden Grove up 5 cents to 75 York consolidated actives list Bourse prices again failed to national Bullion price, although ond rose 12 to S121. THE AMERICAN SE Market Value Index was 1.29 higher et 323.54 at 1 pm. Volume 3.78m establish a clear trend, with an selling pressure was fairly light easier Demestic Bond market Golds mainly held up well despite the overnight fall in the Heavyweight gold producers scressly affecting the stock market undertone but selective were marked down as by much Pec. Lighting ..... 2112 Pac. Lumber ...... 63 215g 533g Bullion price, but Bongainville relinquished 11 cents to A\$2.54. as 300 cents, as in Western Holdings, R88.50; but with most shares. institutional buying lifting some Eastern Airlines... 11 Eastern Gas & F. 223 Eastmen Kodak... 6514 Eaton...... 30 Echlin Mfg...... 1578 leaders following the overnight Wall Street advance. The 11 22 8 65 9 29 14 16 14 58 30 5 16 16 17 14 17 17 14 Pac. Tel & Tel. ...! 154 Palm Bench ....... 1812 Pan Am Air ........ 578 On the Industrials hoards, Canada losses in the 100 to 200 cents market leader BHP reacted 15 range. Echlin Mg..... Golds remained easier-inclined, Commerciank index slipped 1.5 cents to A\$15,20. Mining Financials mirrored but most other sectors made furto 747.3. Times Mirror..... Among Eogineerings, Demag rosz DM 4.50 to DM 140.50, GHH DM 2 to DM 222 and Linde also the easier trend, while Coppers and Platinums tended lower. Barry Wright....... 34 Bausch & Lomb... 5312 | Tipperary | 1973 | 1944 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 1476 | 14 Closing prices for North Bausch & Lomb. 3012 Eaxt Tray Lau. 5014 Beatrice Frods. 8418 Becker Inds. 1738 Eell & Howell. 2738 Bell Industries. 1314 Be ditz. 4978 Sheres were mixed to quiet Industrials were quietly mixed America were not available for this edition. 481s | 465a 2234 | 28 1214 | 12 2014 | 2018 dealings, with news of a further with a firm undertone. DM 2 to DM 337, but Mannesmann Kaufmen Brd. 1214 Kay Corp. 2014 Ksilogs 211s Kennscott Cpr. 2914 Kennametal 2714 Kerr-MeCee 735s Kidde 407s HOLLAND **AUSTRALIA** JAPAN (continued) BELGIUM (continued) CANADA Price + or Orice + or Aust, \$ -1153 5212 2513 40 6914 265 1114 4014 1914 1513 2736 Travelers 401 4015 Tri Continental 215 215 Aug. 12 Aug.12 4.86 1,10 1,88 +0.02 74.3 +0.3 77.6 +0.3 22.8 -0.1 320.5 -1 69.1 +0.5 62 -1 ACF Holding .... Kyoto Caremic... 203 Ahold..... -24 -10 #0.91 Makita #0.93 Markita #0.93 Marudai #0.92 Marudai #0.92 Marudai #0.92 Matsushita #0.92 Mita Elec Works #0.96 Mitabil Bank #0.95 Mitabil Bank #0.95 Mitabil Elec 5736 1536 711 52 2812 40 23 Pittston ...... Planning Rech.... Basic Resources. 15:3 Federal-Mogul.... 19 Fed. Nat. Mort... 151; Fed. Paper Erd... 28 Fed. Resources... 75e Fed. Dep. Stores. 34 Fielderest MI....... 281; Firsstone....... 81s Ist Bank Systom... 374; Ist Ghartor Fin.... 16 Bell Caneda ..... 531<sub>2</sub> 221<sub>2</sub> 8 573<sub>4</sub> 153<sub>0</sub> 244 29 25 25 25 25 27 27 Leeseway Trans. 2014 Levi Strauss. 284 Levitz Furnit. 271s Libby Owens Fd. 223 Liggett Croup. 6854 Lockheed. 8518 Lockheed. 8518 Longs Drug Stra. 307s Louisiana Land. 4514 Louisiana Pec. 2818 Louisiana Pec. 2818 Louisiana I 11 Brockway Class. 2734 2656 2318 6868 64058 6058 6058 2278 3051 2738 1070 7371 Pub. S. Indiena... 2139 Pullman............... 335e 21% 35% 16% 223134 2642 2642 2644 483014 110% 1173 +23 Purex ...... Purolator...... Quaker Oats..... -0.04 Hippon Denso ... 1,070 Hippon Denso ... 1,070 Hippon Galki ... 696 Nippon Meat ... 460 Nippon Meat ... 1,290 Nippon Shinpan ... 1,330 Nippon Steel ... 1,331 Nippon Suisah ... 203 HOSE NITY ... 4,490 Nissain Motor ... 641 Nissain Four ... 366 Quanex. Questor ..... RCA.....Raiston Purina... Raiston Purina.... Rameda inns..... Rank Org ADR .... Reading Estes..... Redman Inds.... Reorge Bros..... Reichhold Chem. US Tobacco. Fleetwood Ent. U5 Trust Utd Technolgs ... Utd Telecomms... Upjohn 241<u>.</u> 26 122 Cone Dold..... Lowenstsin., ..... 23 1912 3718 3813 2714 3812 601s 123g 541a 273g 111 337s +0.1 +1 -0.1 +1.5 +0.1 -0.6 146 397 266 920 .070 .160 .545 578 398 257 740 600 2338 1939 3812 3812 28 Campbell Tagg... Canal Randolph Can Pacific..... Corliste Corp..... Papirfabrikker... 117.5 Privatbanken... 11.25 Provinsbanken... 109 Smidth PL...... 253,75 5 Serendsen... 539 Regublic Stoel.... Rep of Texas...... Reach Cottroll...; Resorts Intl A..... Revere Copp. T.... Olympus -----Oriani Pioneer -----Endeavour Res... Cen Prop Trust... Homersloy...... -0.95 +0.19 +0.29 +0.91 -0.02 Carter Hawley ... | 224 Wal-Wart Stores, 45 Warnaco, 141 Warnaco, 141 Warnaco 141 Warnac Comms., 48 Warnaco 1254 Washington Post 1255 Washington Post 1255 Washington Post 1256 Washington Post 1256 Washington Post 1256 Western Airlines, 254 Western Airlines, 381 Western Nth-Ame 6912 Westin Nth-Ame 6912 Westin Nth-Ame 6912 Westinghouse, 254 Westivaco, 54 Westivaco, 54 Weyerhaeueer., 3712 Weyerhaeueer., 3712 Weyerhaeueer., 3712 Colanese Corp ... FRANCE 5778 60 40558 4054 2614 2733 1014 451 451 451 3878 3878 Dom Bridge....... 12 DomFoundrise A 41 Dom Stores...... 1553 Domfar....... 25 Felcon Niekel.... 135 Genster....... 375e Jennings ...... Jimberiena Min.. Centex.... Central & 5W..... Gelco. ..... Con Am Invect... Aug. 12 Price + or Jones ID) Leanard Oll..... Mi M..... Meekatharra Me. Meridian Oil ..... Metramer Min ... +110 Contral 30ya ...... Contral Tel Util .. Sony Stanley Stomo Marine Taihei Dengyo Taisei Corp Taisho Pharm Takeda Contral Tel Util ... Cartain-teed ... Castra Aircraft... Champ HomeEld Champ Intil ... Chemp Sp Plug... Cherter Co... Chase Mannhetn Chemical NY... Chasse Pond... Chesse System... Chicago Pneum. Chrysler ... Chubb... -0.19 -0.02 Genster ...... 375 Ct-West Lifr .... 165 Culf Ganada...... 33 Gullstreem Res... 11 Hawk Sid. Cen.... 20 Massoy-Feren .... Massoy-Feren .... Mass Mulü Corp. Mettel .... May Deot Strs... Mayer (Oscari... ITALY 465 —4 1,206, —9 110,5, ÷0,2 -0.00 +0.91 -0.04 +0.05 Aug. 12 Rager Corp\*.... 0:0 ..... 588 | +6 AHIC. 150 ...... 650 | +1 1.035, -4 1.649xr -21 357 +2 TBS ... ssicur Gen... 4852 1812 2134 2578 +0.85 +0.63 --0.16 +0.20 Banca Com'le. -Bestogl Fin, ..... Centrale ..... -18.75 +430 +10 -20.5 Wheeling Pitts ... Whiripool ....... White Consoltd... Ryder System..... SFN Companies... 60\$ Technology. 8afeco...... Cincinneti Mil.... 1,679 —20.5 549 —25.00 25,250 +250 328 +2 151 —5.75 9,099 —8 2,549 —1 797 —16 797 —16 755 —8 1v. 564 +4 15,500 —11,400 +822 orgia Pac..... Finsider Invest Invest Italianent Italianent Italianent Italianen Montedison Diivetti Co Pirsili Sp& 9nie Viecose do. do. do. Priv. Toro Assic. do Pref. Queen Marg't G. Reekitt & Coln Winn-Dixie Str... Winnebego..... Wisc Elee Power Woolworth... Wrigley Wyly.... Xerox. Yellow Frt 3ys... Zapata... Zenith Rad..... Toyota Motor... Victor.... Media Geni..... 168,5 77,8 2384 55,2 613 365 Getty Dil..... Olddinge Lewis... Gillette..... 9leigh (H.C.) ... 1.80 Southlend M'n'2 0.50 6pargos Expl. ... 0.65 Thos Netwide ... 1.80 Utah Mining 5.26 Veliant Consdt. 1.10x Veliant Consdt. 1.10x Vestern Mining 5.94 Voodside Petrol. 9.95 Voonworthe 1.69 Vormald Inti 4.15 Pleigh (H.C.) Creusot Loire... +0.91Yamaha Motor Marks & Spancer 9 Massey Farg 93, McIntyre Mines. 861, Werland Explor. 93, Mitel Corp. 335, Meels Carp. 556, Mountain State. 111, Net Zee Prods & 131, Net Zanda Mines. 281, SINGAPORE . Aug. 11 NORWAY 351a 401<sub>4</sub> 191<sub>2</sub> 2,95 Nercen Energy... 351a Nthn. Telecom... 403a Dakwood Oct.... 1914 Cmnl 2.80 Aug. 12 HONG KONG indices Moulinex .... 73,5 107.5 .73 .116 .77.5 .420 .... 585 .... 120 Traser & Neave... Haw Par... Haw Par... Haw Par... Malay Banking... Malay Brew... OOSC... Pan Elect... Sime Darby... 2traits Trig... UOB... | Cmn| | 2.80 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.82 | Aug. 12 **NEW YORK** Bergens Bank, Borregaerd.... Crsditbenk.... Elkem..... -DOW JOHES +0.2 +0.2 +0.2 -26 +3 -10 |Since Ompil't'n Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. 21.2 8.6 11 6.2 138 8.86 71.5 14.4 90.1 90.4 90.4 6.15 16.3 8.85 5.25 5.20 Peugeot-Cit...... Aug. Aug +0,5 +0,3 Low High High Low Low -5 +1 AUSTRALIA Sydney All Ord. (1986/89) 953,71| 955,86,939,97 | 931,72 Metais & Minis | 1286/89) 6180,01,6187,195858.01,6455,44 5.87 +0.05 228 462 125. 40 978 35 548 18 14 651 760,00 (2;T) 4581,26 (25/5) Radiotech 238 Redoute 462 Rhone-Poulenc 125.1 Roussel-Ucial 255.5 St-Gobain 127 Skis Rossignol 725 Suez 290 Telemech Elect 966 Thomson Brendt 232.8 -20 -0.2 -0.9 -5.5 +0.1 -4 -1.6 -Ō.95 H'me B'nds, 70.77 76.95 76.94 71-07 71.98 71.50 -0.1 87.76 SWEDEN 67,85 86.95 125/9) SOUTH AFRICA 317.65 316.17 314.31 311.61 310.47 510.31 HK 6hanghal Bk. HK Telephone.... 317.65 (27/5) 88,64 (27/5) (11/4:80) (8/7/32) 165.82 : 16.62 (20/4/83) (28/4/42 1 19,26 1 10.4 1 109,68 108,98 180,21 109,48 HK Telephone.... Hutchlson Wpa... Jardine Math.... New World Dev... D'soss Trust Sk. 9HK Props.... Zwire Pac A..... Wheel'k Mard A Wheel'k Mariti'e Aug. 12 Orlee + or Kronor -90.14 (37/8) -0.4 +0.92 182 141 62.5 65 150 44.630 58,880 81,620 45,058 45,510 41,550 Teck B 205; 2014 Texaco Conade 2012 Thomson News A 1748 Toronto Dom Bk. 3219 Transcan Pipe 2514 Trans Mntn Oil A 1418 Utd Siscoe Mines 20 Walker(Hrm/C-H. 2819 Werrfor Res 5,95 Wastcoast Trans 1334 Weston (Geo) 26 AB & Cl. Anglo Am. Cp. Anglo Am. Gold. Barlow Rand Buffels CNA Invests. Currie Finance. De Beers. 74,78 (5/8) GERMANY Day'e high 965,89 low 960,43 +0,5 97.1 (5/1) 95.8 (5/1) Aug. 1 | July 25 | July 18 | Year ago (aporox 90.1 446 139.5 117.6 262.5 113 AEG-Telef... Allianz Vers... 2ASF ...... BAYSR..... Ind, div. yield 🖫 leetrolux. IAPAN 2.69 6.76 6.72 ÷0.5 171 FAZ-Aktien 51/12/56 257.69 257.79 258.53 255.7 Commerzbank(Dec.1855 747.5 248.0 744.90 741.1 Aug. 12 Prico Yen East Drie \_\_\_\_\_ F8 Geduld.\_\_\_\_ Gold Fields SA. Highveld Steel Fagersta. 86 110 74,5 183 254 129 69,5 192 71 95 38 STANDARD AND POORS Bayer-Verein.. 8HF-Bank...... ... 318 Aug. Aug. Aug. Vinomoto. 551 524 440 618 640 385 720 402 614 362 318 384 880 412 +0.5 +5 High Low High Low 141.75 148.28 133.93 157.77 138.76 157.00 141.76 111.89 141.76 3.52 (1181 (27/7) 121.8985) (30/6/32 124.78 126.91 125.50 121.55 120.74 120.98 124.78 98.22 125.96 1 4.48 111/8) (15.2) (11/1/75) (1/8/85) -10 -1 +4 +10 #Indust'is ... HONC KONG Hang Sang Bank (5/17/64) 1136,41 1185,75 1125,43 1140,25 1168,74 (68/7) 5Composite 124,78 126,91 758.9 (19/5) AUSTRIA +1 OKBO. July 23 | Year ago (aporox -1 -1 -8 -5 +20 ind. div. yield % +3 4.81 4.78 4.79 5.13 Deutscha Bank... 297 | -4.4 DU echult...... 173 | -1 336 270 +1 103 +2 250 -1 309 +3 8475,96 (27/8) 448,91 (10/8) 8.20 8.21 8,12 8,23 Ind. P/E Ratio -2.0 +2 +2 anderbank.... Perimooser.... SWITZERLAND 8,85 iger Oats 10,71 10.57 Long Gov. Bond Yield Fuli Film NDRWAY Oslo 3E (1/1/72) Rises and Falls Steyr Deimler..... Voitscher Mag... N.Y.S.E. ALL COMMON 128.87 128.83 125.75 124.95 144,70 (14/2) 110,12 (28/8) .... 117.6 26.3 403 Financial Rand US\$0.801 (Discount of 331%) Alusuisse Brown Boveri... Glba-Geigy .... do iPart Certs... Gredit 2Uisse ... Elektrowatt... Fischer (Geol ... Hoff-RochoPtCts Hoff-Rocho 1/10, limeriood... Jelmoli... 499 890 High | Low 1,228 SOUTH AFRICA 71.45 : 56.30 110. 880. 2,325. 2,500. +40. 830. 167,000. -750. 1,2,650. 1,475. +76. 1,470. +16. 1,470. -16. industrial (1958) Caulhol... BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG ouse Food HD..... loeckner.. -10 +22 +3 1980 oh (G).... SPAIN Madrid SE (25/12/78) +1 -0.5 MONTREAL Aug Aug. Aug. 6 194,12 103,94 104,22 (5/8) 95,78 (15,61 High Low Fig. SWEDEN 402.84 597.20 595.40 588.20 423.80 (29/2) 572.55 568.85 564.50 580.56 578.50 (29/2) ARSED Banq Int a Lax . Beksert 8. Cimant CSR CockerIII ESES Electrobel 1,600 6,000 1,205 834 £22 1,990 6,130 3,090 2,365 lacobson & P. (1/1/68) 686.5E (8/2) 554,72 (17(1) +15 —10 ÷2 -0.5 -0.6 -0.4 SWITZERLAND SwissBank Co. (61/12/52 TORONTD Composite 2248.5 2225.4 2205.1 2179.7 2248.6 [11.5] 1702.5 (27/5) +4 -8 +6 -20 +95 509.5 278.0 (28:3) Oer-Buhrle 2,920 271 5.800 ... 830 ... 117,5xo ... 188 ... 279 luench Ruck... 10.E NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS 149 2 148.9 147 6 Orln.... Chang 475 275 748 386 Unip PE..... Vale Rio Doce Change -10

1,402| -6 1,350

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Stocks Closing on traded price day 517,900 23½ +½ 515,000 31½ +½ 430,300 55½ +½ 424,300 65½ +1½

390,100

price 20% 53% 10% 12%

1,148,600

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Am. Tel. & Tel. Sony Middle S. Utll.

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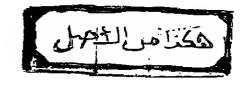
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DAGARORE

SOUTH AFRICA

2727



# World grain estimates cut after U.S. drought

WASHINGTON — Total 1980- point to a 12 per cent decline io hit crop development in the 81 world grain output, as of the U.S. to 12.8m bales, output country's farm belt in June.

August 1, is forecast at 1,588m abroad may increase to 52.1m, It now puts the total at 197m July 1 projection but 2 per cent projection.

above 1279-80, the U.S. AgriculReuter ture Department (USDA) said in its moothly circular.

the U.S. and smaller than feed grains harvest estimate by expected returns for the Soviet 16 per cent hecause of the heatexpected returns for the Soviet 16 per cent hecause of the heat—Wheat production was not Union and Eastern Europe were wave and ensuing drought which affected, the USDA said. given as the major reasons.

World wheat production is put at 443m tonnes, down slightly from last month, but

still 6 per cent above 1979-80. Prospects have deteriorated in the Soviet Union and East Europe, but have improved slightly in West Europe, in Turkey, Australia, and parts of he Canada

World 1980-81 coarse grain production is projected at 721m tonnes, down 3 per cent from July 1 and 1 per cent below 1979-80, mainly due to mainly due to ng U.S. crop deteriorating

is virtually uochanged at 394m ago.

record crop.

Although sharply lower yields

tornes this year, duwn from a bumper 234m in 1879. Demand bove 1379-80, the U.S. Agriculare Department (USDA) said
of its moothly circular.

On Monday the USDA and This was nounced that it had cut its U.S. stocks. is expected to amount to 231m

This means that U.S. feedgrain stocks, which amount to only 25m tonnes, will be wiped out

## UK barley offers climb

BY OUR COMMODITIES STAFF intervention continue to be Authority said yesterday.

By last Friday they had season, nearly 50,000 tonnes mare then was offered in total in preceding seasons since the designed to support prices by

World cotton production is to be hired to supplement the that the barley offered was projected at 64.9m hales, Government-owned ones to deal generally up to intervention slightly below last season's with the unprecedented flood of standards. Rejections, usually

## OFFERINGS of UK barley into depressed market prices which are £8-£10 a tonne beluw the heavy, the Home-Grown Cereals intervention price-a gap which comfortably covers the £3-£4 a tonne it costs farmers and reached \$2,000 tonnes for this merchants to deliver barley to tbe stores.

The intervention system is rospects. intervention system began taking supplies off the market
The world rice crop forecast operating in Britain four years when prices fall. The HGCA said reports from

Commercial stores have had local representatives indicated offers, for excess moisture, had been These have been caused by few, it said.

# Call for pig disease programme

By Our Commodities Staff

BRITISH PIG farmers want the Government to undertake a fullscale eradication programme to deal with Aujeszky's disease, even if It has to be done at

their own expense. The disease, which is usually fatal when it affects piglets, poses a serious threat to the

British pig herd. The Ministry of Agriculture has concluded that a compulsory slaughter policy for the disease, which is a pseudo-rables, with compensation at the

public expense is not justified. But a survey of pig farmers undertaken by the National Farmers' Union bas revealed considerable support for an

industry-funded scheme The union is seeking an early meeting with Earl Ferrers, the Minister responsible, to impress on him the strength of feeling among pig farmers.

# Warning of slump in milk production

FINANCIAL TIMES REPORTER

by a halfpenny a pint on Sunday, must rise again in the next few weeks if a serious slump ln production is to be avoided, the industry warned yesterday.

Latest figureo from the Ministry of Agriculture show almost 230,000 dairy cattle are ear-marked for slaughter under an EEC scheme. And the number of farmers opting to drop dairy production under the scheme is expected to grow following the failure of Mr. Peter Welker, Agriculture Minister, to give the iodustry the 11p-a-pint rise it had been seeking.

The National Farmers' Union sald yesterday it would be presssoon as possible, a move supported by the Milk Marketing Board and the Dairy Trade

Dairy farmers' incomes fell by a year.

UK MILK prices, which went up 25 per cent in real terms last year and a further substantial fall is likely again this year, the union said.

About 8 per cent of Britain's dairy herd is scheduled for slaughter, under the EEC scheme and "a hig slide" io production is likely next year, one dairy expert sald.

The scheme is designed to curh the Common Market's mas-

sive milk surplus by persuading inefficient producers to otop production. In Britain, however, many highly efficient producers are taking the so-called "golden milkshake" which gives them up to £750 a cow if they quit

dairying. Mr. Walker has made it clear ing for a further increase as that be does not farour large price increases which might simply lead to a further fall io consumption, which is already declining by nearly 3 per cent

LEAO Otficial — Unofficial —

Cash...... 364.5-6 +8.25 568-8 +1 5 months 379-26 +8.87 382-5 +8.75 6 ment.... 365 +8 34-8 ......

£379. Afternaan: Three mombs £380, 79.5, 79. 78.5, 80. 82, 83, 82.5. Karb: Three mantha £383, 94, 85, 86, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 92.6.

ZINC-Higher in sympethy with lead and copeo. Three months apened at

C332 and gradually roso to close the lets Kerb at C338, lallawing good general interest and speculative buying. Turnover: 6,500 ronnes.

Morning: Three manths £335, 35.5. 35. Kerb: Three manths £335. Aftornaon: Three months £336, 36.5. 37. 38, 37. Kerb: Three months £337, 38, 37. 36.

ALUMINIUM—Marginelly higher

## France increases farm trade surplus

THE IMPROVEMENT In France's trade balance in the farm and food sector accelerated in the first half of this year, with a surplus of FFr 7.65hn (£780m), more than twice as much as in the

same period of 1979. And, in splie of poor weather conditions in June and July, forceasts for this year's harvests are fairly

The Agriculture Ministry is predicting an overall increase of 4 to 5 per cent in output. and wheat production is expected to reach a record of up to 22m tonnes.

Exports in the first half of

this year rose by 17.6 per cent to FFr 37.9hn, while imports were barely 6 per cent higher

at FFr 30.25bn. The surplus, which com-pared with FFr 3.8bn in the first half of last year, was mainly attributable to ccreals and flour, the drink business, dairy products and sugar.

Outside the EEC, France's exports soared by more than 41 per cent in value. Sales within the nine, on the other band, expanded by only 5 per

# **Boost for** rapeseed supplies

ANOTHER NEAR record world crop plus larger carry-over stocks will boost 1980-81 world supplies of rapeseed hy 700,000 tonnes, the Hamburg-based weekly publication Oil-world estimates.

In its latest issue, it says that, contrary to other estimateo, it thinks this season's world rapeseed crop is likely to match the 1979-80 season record of 10,6m tonnes.

Large carry-overs from four major producing countries would push total supplies to a record 12.6m tonnes, an Increase of 700,000 tonnes, it adds.

Ollworld says the price umbrella provided by the soyabcan complex and the bighly subsidied Enropean erop will ollow sharply increased usage of both rapeseed oll and meal,

## HONG KONG COMMODITY EXCHANGE

# Japan offers new lease of life

as if it had finally given up the ghost. Trading on its two logether to start it off, started markets—cotton and sugar dealing in sugar and cotton two mutures—was non-existent and months ago.

New all eyes are on the modeling in sugar and cotton two months ago.

at the time appeared to some in be clutching at siraws. Mr. Peter Scales, the bead of the exchange, called to the rescue what one broker described as a "relatively inexperienced

Jananese cavalry." third commodity-soyabeansshould follow the groun trading practice used in Japan, and greed to become the market which was to be for delivery in trouble-free birth.

Tanan. testament to his failure to otiract sufficient local Chinese interest from the outset through lack of consultation as it was to the brave incisive hid of a natural enterenreneur spotting he only way of hringing a failing proposition back to life.

That baid, however, the experiment has given Hong Kong a third futures contract and a unique trading mlx of East and West that could in the end prove to have been the turning point for a market that nearly died.

Trade in soyabeans, Ibough

futures—W68 non-existent and there were few if any signs of a new lease of life on the fourth addition to the fledgling described as a dismal second exchange—gold futures, Many year—the average monthly cotton turnover was 576 lots take-off in conjunction with the growing Japanene interest in international commodity dealing, will provide the exchange with the firm trading base it so

badly needs. ananese cavalry." When the exchange started
The ourcome was that nine life in May 1977 with a cotton dapanese traders got logether, futures contract that many suggested the faunching of a lhought was ideally placed to third commodity—soyabeans— tap a ofrong regional market gnt the exchange to accept that Askan textile producers con-dealing in sovahean futures sume about 30 per cent of world cotton production—hopes were high that Hong Kong's latest narreed to become the market addition to its spot gold and makers for the new contract stockmarkets would have a

anan. A sugar contract was intro-That Mr. Scales was obliged duced in November the same to do this may he as much a year, but neither ever really

virtually dead. The failure of the cotton futures market was targely because the all-powerful Shanghainese cotton spinners were not sufficiently consulted at the outsel.

The one group that could exchange with two entire have given the market substantial volume had hoycotted it and continued to huy in the open market, the liming

auspicious Cotton was launched on an established downtrend, sickly predecessors. which though profitchle to minute compared with jurnover seasoned operators, was a trading to the end of May

IN THE autumn of last year on the U.S. and Japanese costly introduction for most 1980, average monthly turnover was 6,800 lots, while in the first Hong Kong's three-year-old markets, has been reasonably new investors. was 6,800 lots, while in the first commodities exchange looked firm. And the oine Japanese The pattern of decline in the five trading mooths recorded. two markets was distressingly turnover was about HKS750m similar. In May 1977, 1,696—and a record 11,833 lots

cottoo lots were traded, hy changed hands. What he calls the "fairly convincing" start to soyabeans encouraged Mr. Scales to look December it was down to 961. year—the average monthly for a way to make dealing in cotton surnover was 576 lots—sugar and cotton more attrac-

trading came to a complete tive to the Japanese.

halt in April 1979.

Sugar traded 1,410 lots in its months ago trading in the two first six weeks, and then managed a total of only 2,323 lots for the whole of 1978. commodities reopened after a year of almost total inactivity with a trading method mix found nowhere else io the Sugar trading too had stopped altogether by April last year.

world.
"We went for a compromise If the Japanese were to accept the role of market between East and West. Opening and closing calls are on a group trading basis — those in

petween follow the open outery."
Though it is too early to tel Not yet baving mastered the intricacies and seeming chaos of the "open ou(cry" system used in the West, they wanted the soyabean contract to follow

whether the Japanese will successfully resuscitate sugar and cotton futures trading, the sigon are encouraging. In the first two months 2,501 lots of cotton and 3,799 lots of sugar

were traded. fix-with bids and offers coming Activity on the exchange is in, and parties accepting a com-mon price through the chairnow largely dominated by the

Japanese.
The gold contract will be the only one on the exchange to Their request accepted, Hong position of operating an exchange with two entirely system.

With the colony hoping to replace Singapore as Asia's leading gold futures market and the Japanese firmly committed to operating in Hong Kong. traders hope that before the year is out the colony's commodities exchange will be placed securely on the world

# Malaysia rubber output to fall

SEREMBAN - Malaysia's ruhber output is expected to fall to shout 1.57m tonnes in 1980 from 1.60m in 1979. Mr. Paul

lan Rubber Dealers' Association, Mr. Leong said production had shown a downward trend sloce 1976, wheo output wss 1.64m toones, largely due to a decline

In production by estates.

Between 1976 and 1979, estates output fell to 638,000 tonnes from 697,000 and in the first five months of 1980, this trend contioued, matched by a similar drop lo smallholders' agreement would serve to assure Reuter.

pared with the same period 6

Leong, Primary Industries In East Malaysia, where Minister, said here yesterday, annual production had been In a otatement issued after a stagnant at around 76,000 tonnes incide with the adoption of a meeting with the Negri Sembl- in 1976-78 before declining to dynamic without a dynamic with the second control of the second co in 1976-78 hefore declining to 72,000 in 1979, production had also fallen hy about 6,000 tonnes in January-May compared with In the next few a year ago.

Noting the trend was a matter of some concern, Mr. Leong sald the figures showed the importaoce of the International

production leaving total output producers of remunerative and some 13,000 tonnes down comequitable prices in both the short and long term.

makers, they wanted to use a

trading system with which they

Japanese group trading

Similar to the London gold

man-the group system is much

more orderly than open outcry.

Kong was now in the unique

The futures market in pova-

beans was launched in Novem-

ber last year, and though hardly

spectacular has shown much

healthicr signs thao its two

In the first seven months of

were familiar.

method.

He said the agreement, due to come into force lo October, was timely sloce it would codynamie ruhber policy by Malaysia in order to accelerate

In the next few years, about 120,000 acres of rubber would be newly-planted each year, compared with the present 40,000 to 50,000 acres annually, Mr. Leong said.

Some 50,000 to 60,000 acres of rubber laod had been given to other crops in recent years

## Philippine copra exports up

MANILA - Philippine copra exports io July rose to 7,500 tonnes, from 4,560 in June, hut were down compared with the July 1979 total of 9,000 tonnes. Philipplnes cocoout statistics

show.
Total exports in the first seven months of 1980 fell to 58,152 tonnes, from 88,850 in the same period a year ago.

Cocoout oil exports lo July fell to 67,962 tonoes from 84,310 tonoes in June but rose from 66,017 toones lo July last year. Total exports in the first seven months rose to 437,473 toones from 430,861 a year ago. Reuter.

## BRITISH COMMODITY MARKETS

BASE METALS COPPER—Firmed on the London Metal Exchange. A steady performance on overnight American markets encouraged modest demand in early trading which

COPPER Official - Unofficial -£ £ £ £

TIN-Edged higher lallowing good physical demend in Europa and the U.S. Alter apening at £7,120 lerward matal rose ta £7,140 in the marning and cantinued to move sheed in the

manths £7,135, 42, 50, 80.

amounts, on :-

London Traded commodities, including GOLD.
The STERLING/DOLLAR exchange rate.
Lev Umited, 73. The Chase, SW4 0NP. Tel.: 01-623 9192 I.G. Index Limited, 73, The Chase, SW4 0NP.

-fresh rise an Comex prompted renawa mayed up to louch £926.5 belare closing

863-5 +1.5 872-4 +7.5 889-81+1 885-7 +6 

wae £7,160. Turnovel: 1,335 tannes.

Three months Copper 920.5-928.00 Our clients speculate, free of tax, in very small to very large

CORAL INDEX: Close 480-485 (+3)

# COMPANY NOTICES

TOKYII DEPARTMENT STORE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO EDR HOLDERS

NOTICE 15 HEREBY GIVEN the the company intend to pay during Octaber 1980, subject to the Directors' approval. In interim cash distribution to share-holders as of record July 31, 1980. With effect from July 28, 1980, the shares will be systed ex-dividend in Tokyous of the Subject to Directors' as the states will be systed ex-dividend in Tokyous of the Subject to Directors' will be used for dividend. Subject to Director with the same will be systemed to have makined on July 28, 1980, With effect from that date. Coupon No. 2 stood be desched from any EDR passented for surrender and will not be issued with any new EDR.

In accordance with usual practice the shareholders' register was closed to August 1, 1990 and is not discontinued to the possible to neglets the transfer of shareholders' register the transfer of shareholders on register the transfer of shareholders on the processible to neglets the transfer of shareholders on the Director's approval of the st EORs.

Subject to the Directors' approval of the lividend, a further notice will be outsided stating the amount and actual date in sevenett of such dividend, topether that the procedure to be followed for balling payment thereol, as soon as precisable attentions. obtaining payment torreol, as soon a practicable after receip of the divided by the Decositary. Only epon such outside will any payment be made against presentation of Coupon No. 25 Decositary THE CHASE MANHATTON SANK, N.A. Aggust 1989

> JUTLAND FUNEN ELECTRICITY CONSORTIUM " ELSAM"

U.S. 10.000.000 54% 20 YEAR EXTERNAL LOAN OF 1964 Dalance siter 11.5.53.070.000 HAMBROS BANK LANTED

PERSONAL

NEW QUESEC QUISINE offers an original and intrividual service for the business-man, thouse lunchooms dineers, pro-motives. Phone 01-723 0128.

TIN Official - Unofficial -

Marning: Standard each (7,180, 80, 50, 70. Thise manths £7,145, 40, 30, 35. Kerb: Standard, three manths £7,130. Attarnaon: Standard, three

II.S. Prod

II.S. Prod

II.S. Prod

II.S. Prod

II.S. Prod

III.S. Pro

quiet end routine trading with torward metal erograssing from £738 on the early pre-market te £743 by the close of the late Karb. Turnover: 2,550 

BRITISH STEEL

CORPORATION

Guaranteed Bonds 1999
Holders of the above Bonds are advised that cooles of the Anhaal Report and Accounts of artists Steel Composition that year ended in April. 1980 are available from 8. G. Wartows C. Ltm.. Coupon Doosmont. 8. Albans Nouse. Goldsmits Street, London FCZF 200.

DISCOUNT BANK INVESTMENT

Copies of a notice giving details of a issue by way of rights and go issue the public in Israel may be obtained from the offices of 8. G. Warbers 8. Co. Ltd. 30 Gresham Street, London EC2P 2E5, during normal business hours until 12th Sestember, 1980.

Morning: Three menths £738, 38.5.
Kerb: Three months £738. Afternoon:
Cesh £763, three months £740, 41, 42,
44, 42, 43 42.6. Kerb: Three months
£744, 43. NICKEL—Baraly changed in axtremaly quiat trading which lots lorwerd maial at £2,822.5 on the etternoon Kerb. Turn-

official - unofficial -NICKEL I 2pot......2785-8 +3.5 2800-10 - 3 menths 2813-8 +0.5 2820-5 +2.5 non: Three manths £2,825,

SILVER

Silver was fised 0.05e an ounce lower for spot delivary in the London bullion market yearerday at £5.6020. U.S. equivalents of the fixing levels were: Spot \$15.85, down [c: three-t were: Spot Sis.no, down Lc; Mr86-menth S16.039, down 2.Cc; sis-menth S16.478, down 6.6c; and 12-month S17.385, down 9.1c. The metal opened at £6.58-£6.65 (\$15.80-\$15.80) and closed at £6.57-£6.65 (\$15.60-\$15.80).

\* Cents ear pound. \$\$M per picul. † On pravious unofficiel closa.

SILVER Sullion + or LM.E. -— p.m. Unoffici'i

Kerbe: Untraded. Alternoon: Three months 683, 84, 83.5, 84, 27. Kerbs:

COCOA Cocoa fututas tameinad steady throughout a dull day as prices con-tinued to trade within a narrow range.

Sales: 2,396 (1,558) lats ef

COFFEE Inspired by a steady New Yark close, robustes opened £20-£25 higher in light volume and minad deslings, reparts Orasel Burnham Lambert. Activity increased slightly during the stempon and earlier gains were maintelned fallewing a stronger than anticlested New York apening.

COFFEE Close + er Susiness

£ por tonne

1208.10 +67.0.1215.97 1252.54+67.5.1265.41 1285.00 +28.5.1305.21 1277.85+67.5.1265.67 1265.98+26.01300.85 1300.60 +15.0, 1300 March ..... 

GRAINS LONDON GRAIN FUTURES—Grains opened 10e higher. Alter s otendy otent, selling preseure on the nearby options exceed barbay values 5e-150 in larily quart trading. Values increased before the close due le good trade buying and finiahed steedy. Wheat was sealin vary inactive. Oations

wos egain vary inactive. Octiona romained atesdy, unchanged to 5p lower, raports Acti. WHEAT BARLEY Yosterdoy + or Yesterday + or cleas --8ept. 04.85 ...... 00.25 +0.19
Nov... 02.70 94.55 -0.65
Jan. 102.70 -0.65 98.70 -0.05
Mor.. 106.15 +0.05 102.10 +0.05
May. 109.55 105.45 -0.05
July. 113.15

Ausmess done—Wheat: Sspt. 94.95-94.75, Nov. 98.70-98.55, Jan. 102.80-102.65, Merch 106.80-106.10, May 109.70-102.60, July no trade. Sales: 112 lots oil 100 tonness Barley: Sept. 90.25-90.10, Nov. 94.80-94.55, Jan. 98.80-98.65, March 102.15-102.10, May 105.50-105.45, Salver 278 July oil 100 tonness 105.45. ' Salas: 278 lota of 100 tonneo them Spring No. 2 14 per cent. Set. 95.7 Oct. 101.25 transhipment East Cosst. U.S. Hard Winter 13<sup>1</sup>2 per cent Aug. S5.75, Seet. 95.25, Oct. 68.25 tranhipment East Coast. English Feed Inh shipmeni Easi Coast. English Feed fob Nov. 103.25 Eest Coast seller. Maize: French Aug. 123, Smet. 124 tranship-mant Easr Coast. South African Yellow Aug.-Sept. 88.75. Sarley: English Feed fob Oct. 96, Nev. 97.50 East Coss

HGCA — Locational ex-larm HGCA — Locational ex-telm spot prices. Feed barley: S. East 86.10: S. Wast 86.70: W Midlands 85.10: N. West 86.30. The UK Monetary Coefficient for the wask beginning Monday, August 21 is expected to

change 10 0.970. RUBBER

Yest'day Previous Business Close : Close Dono

Sept......59,80-54.50 59.10-58.90 —
Oct.......56,50-68.50 50.70-91.80 61.80-41.50 61.80-62.90 51.80-41.50 61.80-62.90 51.80-41.50 61.80-62.90 51.80-41.50 61.80-62.90 51.80-63.10 61.80-63.90 61.80-63.10 61.80-63.90 61.80-63.10 61.80-63.90 61.80-63.10 61.80-63 Sales: 188 (69) st 15 tonnss: none

eural with little interest throughout the

SOYABEAN MEAL The Londan market apened with lossas at £1.00-£1.50 but laund heavy cammissian house apport, taearts 7. G. Roddick. With early solling complete, renewed trede buying encauraged by a canstructive crap repert halped prices telly ahsiely, elasing with gains at £1.00-£1.50.

Yest'rdey + or Business Close - Done

Salea: 241 (140) lats al 100 tannas.

C. Czarnikow.
International Sugar Agreement (U.S. cants er sound leb and stowed Coribbean port). Prices for August 11: Gaily ence 32.62 (32.65); 15-dey

- per tonio

Oct ......346,05-49,40,045,59-41,87 \$47,00-57,25

Jan ......356,56-59,00 355,50-59,00 351,00,48,00

Moh.......356,50-58,75/350,25-58,75/550,50-51,00

May.....549,50-40,50 341,09-47,50 351,00-24,50

Aug.....528,80-220,00 329,50-40,50 351,00-22,95

Oct .....010,00-19,90-014,50-16,00-018,00

Jan .....810,00-20,80-000,00-10,00

NUMBER 2 CONTRACT—Closo order buyer, seller, business, sales!. Aug. 318.00, 322.00, 225.00-320.00, 208; Oct. 349.00- 349.50, 350.25-340.50, 507. Selea: 715 [6091. Selea: //s | (009).

Tous and Lyle es-rafinery price for granulared bosis whire augar was E342.6 (same) a tenne for heme trade and £413.00 (£426.00) for export.

WOOL FUTURES LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-8REDS—Cloos | in order buyar, saller, business, sales). New Zealand cents per kilo. Aug. 350, 364, nil, nil; Oct. 364, 367, nil, nil; Occ. 368, 369, nil, nil; Jen. 368, 372, nil, nil; March 370, 374, 372, 3; Mey 372, 374, 373, 4; Aug. 374, 379, 376, 5; Oct. 375, 378, 376, 1; Occ. 376, 380, 377, 1; Jen. 376, 382, nil, nil. Seles: 14 SYDNEY GREASY WOOL—Close (in SYDNEY GREASY WOOL-Close (in

472.0, 27; July 473.5, 475.0, 475.0-474.5, 14; Oct. 473.3, 475.0, 477.0-474.6, 11; Occ. 474.5, 478.0, 476.0-476.0, 7. Ssies: 192.

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipmant seles amounted to 22 tonnes, bringing the total let the week so far to 216 tonnes.

**AMERICAN MARKETS** Aug. 13 +or Menth buying and reconical support. Coppes is allied en trade buying for protection against an entended strike. The dack workers' strike in Colambie was reseaseible tall a good rally in coffee. Carton, grains and sayabeans were sharply higher to limit up in reaction to a constructive crop report, researed Heinald. Heinald.

Hainald.

Copper—Aug. 97.90 (26.25). Sept. 98.20-98.40 (96.65). Oct. 98.80, Dec. 99.30-99.70, Jan. 100.05, March 100.80-101.11, May 102.06, July 103.10, Sept. 104.15, Osc. 105.55, Jen. 106.00, March 106.00, March 106.00 105.80, May 107.80, Salea: 5,000.
Potatoes (round whites)—Nov. 88.6-88.5 (87.9), March 120.2-120.4 (117.51.
April 144.5: 144.5. Soles: 3.041.
\*\*Sitver—Aug. 1578.0 (1551.0], Sept. 1587.0-1585.0 (1550.0], Oct. 1801.0, Occ. 1627.0-1635.0, Jan. 1647.5, March 1685.0 May 1713.5 Luly 1748.5 Geo.

Sapt. 32 50-32.55, Oct. 51.60-31.70, Jan. 29.50-30.00. Tin—773.00-784.00 (769.00-780.00). CHICAGO, Auguot 12. Lard—Chicage foose 22.50 (asmel. Live Cettle—Aug. 73.30-73.50 (74.12). Oct. 69.75-70.00 (70.40), Oec. 88.95-88.50, Jan. 70.55, Fab. 70.40-70.55, Aeril 71.20-71.10, Juna 72.40. Live Hogs—Aug. 48.80-48.92 (49.42).

Oac. 1627.0-1635.0, Jen. 1647.5, March 1685.0, May 1713.5, July 1748.5, Geot. 1779.0, Jan. 1845.5, March 1878.5, Mav 1011.5. Goles? 5,000. Handy and Horman bullion spot 1565.00. Bugar—No. 11: Seot. 34,60-34.95 (33.08), Oat. 35.41 [33.01), Jen. 36.18, Morch 36.53, May 25.50, July 34.40, Sapt. 32 50-32.55, Oct. 51.60-31.70, Jan. 29.50-30.00.

NEW YORK. August 12.

THE LIVESTOCK markets were sharply lower in research to hogs. Sugar edvanced sharply on steady lizade buying. Gold and eriver finished strong an averseos buying end technical support. Copper buying and trade buying for the strong an averseos buying and trade buying for the strong an averseos buying and technical support. Copper strong an averse of the strong and trade buying for the strong 51:20.

\$\frac{1}{4}\text{Meize} - 5eol. 345\frac{1}{4}.484\frac{1}{4} (336\frac{1}{4}. Moy
352\frac{1}{4}. Maich 251\frac{1}{4}. Moy
352\frac{1}{4}. July 352\frac{1}{4}. Sept. 342\frac{1}{4}.

Pork Bellies - Aug. 48.60 (51.90],
Feb. 62.50-62.20 (64.20), Merch 62.70-62.50, Moy 62.80-63.00, July 63.00,
Aug. 62.25.

Silver—Aug 1575 6 | 1560.01, Seot. 1592.5 /1569.0), Oct. 1501.5, Occ. 1630.0, Feb. 1686.5, April 1700.0, June 1731.5, Aug. 1767.0, Oct. —, Occ. 1834.0, Feb. 1868.5, April 1903.0, June Aug. 1972.0, Oct. —, Nov. 1Soyabeans-Aug. 758 (751), Sept. 1 Soyabeens---Aug. 768 (751), Sept. 74-772 (756), Nav. 753-751, Jan. 8021-8072, Merch 8143-815, Moy 618, July 913 Aua. 8073, 915-916, Moy 618, July 913 Aua. 8073, 925-9240, Jan. 225.0-226.0, March 227.0-227.5, May 227.0-227.5, July 227.5, Aug. 224.0, Seet. 222.0-20.0

222.0-20.0.
Sevaboan Oil — Aug. 27.05-27.10
126.701, Sept. 27.25-27.20 (26.871,
Ocr. 27.75-27.50, Ocr. 27.75-27.65, Jan.
27.70-27.75, March 27.80, May 27.9027.80, July 28.00-27.50, Aug. 27.80,
Sept. 27.75. tWheat-Seol. 460-4591, (4511a), Osc.

EUROPEAN IVAPARA Argentine Aug. \$294.50, Sopt.

Wheat—U.S. No. 2 Oark Hard
Winter, 13.5 eor cent, Aug.-Sept. \$208.
Oct \$210, Nov. \$214, Oec. \$217. U.S.
No. 2 Red Winter, Aug. \$198, Sept.
\$197, Oct. \$199,50. II.S. No. 2
Nerthern Sering, 14 ear cent. Aug.
Nerthern Sering, 14 ear cent. Aug.

\$212. Oct. \$217, Nov.

Merch \$288 cellers.

PARIS. August 12.

\*\*CEC. Oar. 100 killoal — Sept. \$45. \$197, Oct. \$189.50. U.S. No. 2
Nerthern Sering, 14 ear cent, Aug. \$210.50, Seer. \$212, Oct. \$217, Nov. \$220, Oec. \$225.50. Reet unquotsd. Maize—Aflost \$167.50. Aug. \$787, Sept. \$166.50, Oct. \$185.50, Nov. \$186.50, Occ. \$188, Jan.-Morch \$171.75. Soysbeans—U.S. Two Yellow Gull-ports Feb. \$324, Merch \$325.50 traded, Aug. \$301.50, Sept. \$305.75, Oct. \$313.25, Nov. \$313.75, Occ. \$317.50, Jan. \$321.50, Feb. \$324.50, Merch \$326, Aeril \$326.75, April \$326.75 sallare.

650, Oec. 985-995, March 1010-1020, Moy 1025-1040, July 1045, Saet. 1055. Moy 1025-1040, July 1045, Saet. 1055. Sales at cell 1. Bugar (FFr per 100 kilos)—Oct. 3255-3260, Nov. uneuated, Occ. 3300-3205, March 3390-3399, May 3250-3300, July 3195-3250, Aug. 3150-3200, Oct. 3100. Sales at call 4.

INDICES . FINANCIAL TIMES Aug. 7 |Aug. & |Mnth age |Year age 273,41 275,56 276,30 888,21 (2888: July 1, 1952=100)

MOODY'S

Aug, 11 Aug. 8 M'nth agolyear ago

DOW JONES Dow Aug. Aug. Month Year Jones 11 8 ago age 8pot . 445.13 448.59428.69393.20 Ftur s 452.84 458.92450.42402.15 (Average 1924-25-26=100)

REUTERS

Aug. 12 Aug. 11 M'nth ago Year ago

1707.7 1713.9 1588.8 1555.0 (Base: September 12, 1931 = 100)

1236,1 1831,8 1172,8 1055,5 smell 50.0 to 55.8, medium 46.0 to 52.0, heavy 41.0 to 48.0. Imported frozen: NZ PL 56.0 to 60.0, PM 52.0 to 54.0. Pork: English, under 100 lb 29.0 te 48.0, 100-120 lb 38.5 to 45.0, 120-160 lb 38.0 to 44.0.

MEAT COMMISSION—Average tel-stack prices at representative markets on August 12. GB—Cante. 74.16e per kg lw (+0.11). UK—Shesp, 112.33p per kg est dew (+3.05). GB—Pise, 62.97p pet kg lw (+1.41). COVENT GARDEN—Prices in Serling cet peckage average where otherwise pel packege oxcept wheta otherwise stated. Imported Producs: Oranges— Moroccan: 54/13's 5.00-5.40; Call-tornian Bunklst: Velencia Lates 72/13's 6.00-6.40; Outspen: Protes/Nevels 3.00-6.00-6.40; Outspen: Protas/Nevels 3.00-5.55; Jeffs: 144/168's 1.25-1.50, Lemons—Itelien: 100/150'e 5.50-8.00; Spanie: Troys 25/45's 2.40, boxes 5.00-8.40; Outspan: Boses 8.80-7.20. Grapefruit—Outspan: Marsh Seedless 3.90-5.10. Tangerines—Brazillen: Honey 80/125's per box 7.00, 1-boxes 3.50, Apples—Tasmanian: Democtat 9.50-10.50,

Croftons 11.00; S. Africen: Golden Oelicious 13.50; Outch: 22 lb Golden Oelicious 4.40; Spanish: 20 lb Golden Oelicious 4.80-5.00, 40 lb 5.50-10.00, Granny Smith 30 lb S.00.

English Preduce: Potatoes—Per bag, new 1.10-1.40. Mushrooms—Per pound 0.40-0.70. Apples—Per pound Granadiei 0.10-0.12, Filbasket 0.14, Howgets 0.12-0.13 0.10-0.12, Filbasket 0.14, Howgete 0.12-0.13, George Cave 0.18-0.25, Miller's Saedling 0.20, Discovery 0.20-0.25, Plums—Per 12 lb Rivers 1.20-1.50, Ouillin'o Gage 1.60. Cabbases—Per bag 1.80-2.00. Caulifowers—Per 12 1.00-1.20. Peas—Per pound 0.07-0.08, Beetroots—Per bag 1.00-1.20. Cacumbors—Trays 10/20 1.80-1.80. Tomatoss—Per 12 lb 2.00-2.20. Letture—Per 12, round 1.00-1.10. Cos 1.30, Webbe 1.30. Carrots—New crop 28 lb 1.20-1.80 round 1.00-1.10, Cos 1.30, Webbe 1.30, Carrots—New crop 28 lb 1.20-1.80, Onlons—Per beg 2.50-2.60. Celery—Per 20/30 2.80-3.00. Marrows—Each 0.08-0.09. Cepaicume—Per pound 0.20-0.25. Runner Baans—Per pound 0.15-0.25. Swedes—P\$: 28 lb 0evon 1.50. Courgettes—Per peund 0.10-0.12.

## COFFEE DOWN Were you too busy to profit from the movements?

SUGAR UP

Opportunities now sxist for PRIVATE INVESTORS to participate in the profit potential of trading in metals and other commodities through a constuly managed trading eccount programme with a leading London.

For further details ring or write to: P. R. DOUART SNW Commodities Limited, 39 Hatton Garden, London ECL. Tel: 01-405 5079

LME—Turnever 46 (118) lots of 10,000 ozs. Morning: Three months 582, 83, 82, 82, 82, 84,8,84,84,84,85,85.

Physical business was sgain quiet es both producers and consumers con-tinue to chew little interest in Current'

unii Wadnesday far public holidays. Physical Closing prices | buyer) ware: Spot 58.0Cp | sama|; Sept. 61.5Op (81.75p|; Oct. 81.75p (62.25e].

SUGAR LONDON GAILY PRICE (raw suger): E319.00 [E330.00] a tonne cil lor Aug.-Seot. shiemanta. White sugar daily price was E329.00 (E335.00). The market opened around £2 lower than marret openies around a lower than overnight classing lavale; by mid-day, howavar, meat of the loases had been recovered. Prices continued to improve throughout the attempon fol-lowing a steadier New York and closing grices were around the highs, reparts

Coriobean purit.
Oaily erics 32.62 (32.65); 15-dey avaraga 29.77 (29.38). Con. tract

tonnes.

SYDNEY GREASY WOLL—Liose (in order: buyer, selle), business, asles]. Australien cents per pound. Oct. 458.5 trade, 480.0-458.0, 48 Oct. 463.0, 484.0, 485.5-464.5, 64: March 471.0, 471.3, 471.0-489.5, 21: May 472.0, 473.0, 475.0-

Minos weights of the raw material were bought, with a taduced demand. Operations were hampered by the controling high cost of purchases, and not mere than desultory interest was

in tennes unless atherwise stated. Motals Akuminium ..... £810/815 ....... £810/815 Free Mkt | \$1800/1830 + 40 | \$1129,40 

Coconut (Phil). \$540 Greundnut ...... Lineeed Crude. £407 Paim Malayan. \$540 -6.5 s585 Seeds ... \$44Sr +5 .\$460a Soyabean U.S.; \$322a + 1.25;5330.85 Grains Barley Futures £94.65 -0.05 £25.95 Maize..... French No3AM ; ..... 

t Unquoted. r Aug.-Seet. t Oct. z Indicater. § Buyer, † Per 76-lb flask.

POTATOES

LONGON POTATO FUTURES—The morker lound some light trade support to move prices us gradually through the day to close steedy. November was well suscented by speculative interest mid session, but dropped from the higher before thaclose, roports Colsy. highs botore thaclose, roports

and Harper Closing prices: Nov. 41.50 and Harper Closing prices: Nov. 41.50 +10 | high 41.50, low 41.20); Feb. 48.20 +30 (high 48.20, low 48.00); April 55.10 +30 (54.80 one trede). Turnovei: 31 | 111 | lots of 40 tonnes. JUTE-August c and 1 Oundes: 8WC E300, 8WD E172, 8T8 £241, 8TC £205, \$70 £173. Antwarp. August: 980; \$478, 8W0 \$401, 8T8 \$589, 8TC \$480, 8T0 \$409. Jute goods c and t Ounder August: 40 im. 10 oz. £12.03, 40 in. 72 oz. £9.44. " a" twills £30.37.

kilo (32.3p a kilo); 26-30,5 kilos, 8.2e (37.5p); 22-25.5 kiles, 40p (38.9<sub>6</sub>). Lightcows 40p (37p). GRIMSBY FISH-Supply good. mand good. Pricce at ehrp's side (un-proceased) per stone: Shell cod £5.00-£5.80, cedlings £2.50-£3.70. Large haddack £4.20-£5.30 madium £3.50-£4.20, small £1.20-£2.20. Large plaine £4.50-

F7.00 maduum F4.20,F8.40 hant omall

£3,00-£4.47. Skinned dogfish (lerge) £7.00, (madium) £4.50. Lemon soles

(large E8.00, (madium) E6.50. Saithe

5econd cleases. 0x 51-35.5 kiles, 33.1p

**MEAT/VEGETABLES** AMITHFIELD—Pence per peund. Reef: Scortion killed sides 61.0 te 64.0; Eitz hindquarters 70.5 to 74.0, torequarters

# South African gold shares sustain further big falls Uninspiring trade in equities and Gilt-edged securities

Aug. 11 Aug. 28 Aug. 29 Sept. 8 "Now time" declings may take place from 5 am two business days earlier.

A further sharp reaction in South African gold mining shares remained at a low ebb. The provided the main feature in major clearers edged forward an otherwise extremely slow

the week. As a result, mediums longs drifted lower before picking up to close around above the worst but with losses

anging to a. Industrials again limits. Leading Industrials moved within narrow The trend was to slightly higher levels at the start, but once again potential buyers were content to hold off and in most cases prices reverted to over-night closing levels. The poor industrial output figures for the first half of the year made no marked impact on sentiment but contributed to a sugar determina-tion in the tone in the late trade. After the previous day's loss of 2.1, the FT 30-share index was 2.2 up at yesterday first calculation but drifted off to close only a shade above the worst with a net gain of 1.6 at 480.6—a rise which owed most to a jump of 7 to 77p in consti-tuent Dunlop on a revival of

speculative demand. Traded options attracted a tntal of 758 contracts-some 200 more than on Monday. The in-creased activity was again mainly attributable to Lonrho which recorded 423 trades.

## CU satisfies

The modest contraction in CU's interim profits was deemed satisfactory and the shares closed 6 better at 146p. General Accident, the next major Composite group to announce halfyear figures, gained 4 to 3020 in front of today's statement, while Royals added 8 to 386p; the latter's first-balf results are due next Monday. Hogg Robinson rose 4 to 121p among Lloyds next Monday. Hogg Robinson rose 4 to 121p among Lloyds brokers with sentiment helped by the announcement of the company's expansion plans in D-I-Y issues trended firmer on Wolseley Hughes. 234p, and the amount of aid the Govern-

Account Dealing Dates
Options
Options
First Declara Last Account
Dealings tions Dealings Day
July 28 Aug. 7 Aug. 8 Aug. 18
Options

North America. Life issues hopes of further rationalisation revived and closed with gains within the sector. MFI added 2
Rabeoek International put on 5
to 90p and Hopkinsons 4 to 56p.
Address, on the other band, came
on offer and lost 4 to 168p. while Prudential put on 5 to 230p Sept. 1 Sept. 11 Sept. 12 Sept. 22 and Pearl appreciated 4 to 384p.

"Now time dealings may take Britannic hardened 2 to 236p; the interim results are due today.

with Lloyds up 3 2t 308p and trade in stock markets yesterday. NatWest a similar amount Fresh losses extending to nearly dearer at 358p. Bank of Scotland two points in the beavier-priced put on 4 to 252p. Royal Bank issues reflected renewed weakness in the bullion price which of the previous day's rise of 5 fell S7 more to \$610; an ounce which followed a Press sug-The Gold Mines index dropped gestion that Citibank of the U.S. and the U.S. are the U.S. and the U.S. and the U.S. and the U.S. are the unsettled by the higher-than-expected Central Government 190p in a thin market. Among Borrowing Requirement, while fresh investment incentive was softened 2 to 63p awaiting also restrained awaiting further today's annual results. Lloyds economic indicators due later in and Scottish dipped 3 to 152p bnt Provident Financial added 2 to

> fraction to 26p. Leading Breweries generally with modest gains although business was again at a low ebb. Whitbread firmed 3 to 155p, while Bass added a couole of perice to 224p. News that Hiram Walker has disposed of its 3.07m shares in Highland Distilleries at 1294p per sbare lifted the latter 8 to 127p. Other distilleries trended better in sympathy with Invergordon rising 4 to 200p, and Arthur Bell 2 to 194p.

154n and FNFC hardened a

Wednesday. Scattered offerings left BPB 4 cheaper at 230p, and small selling left its mark on Timbers where International and Montague L. Meyer both softened 2 to 101p and 92p representations. respectively, while Magnet and Southerns relinquished 8 to 157p. Elsewhere, W. and J. Glossop held at 38p, the chairman's confident remarks on current trading outweighing the annual loss. Barratt Developments firmed 5 to 135p on a broker's circular, but recently firm Burnett and Hallamshire eased 5 to 790p In a thin market.

Leading Chemicals barely stirred, but Leigh Interests added 3 to 175p. Anchor touched 83p before settling a penny cheaper on halance at 81p, while Yorkshire eased 2 to 38p.

of interim results expected shortly and closed 6 better at 71p. Elsewhere, Dixons Photographic picked up 3 to 103p, but Wearwell, a good market of late,

penny better on balance at 147p.



FT-ACTUARIES INDEX

in a thin market following the chairman's confident remarks.

Reo Stakis, still henefiting from

favourable Press comment, added a couple of pence more

Miscelleneous industrial leaders

continued to trade quietly but

sentiment was given a slight hoost by the better-than-expected second-quarter profits from Unilever; the shares touched

Unilever pleases

close unchanged on the day, firmer on halance at 261p, while Thorn EMI, up to 342p at one recently dull Robertson revived stage, finished only 2 better at with a gain of 4 at 105p. Asso-338p, while GEC reached 490p clated Fisheries put on a couple before closing unchanged at 05 pence to 74p. recently dull Robertson revived of pence to 74p.
Talk that Rothschild Invest-Away from the majors ment Trust had sold its 25.2 per option business helped speculative favourite Foward cent stake in the company to the Kuwait Investment Office left Savoy A 4 firmer at 12Sp. Elsewhere in Hotels and Caterers, Wheeler's Restaurants put on 10

Technology, 5 dearer for a two-day gain of 14 at 123p, Louis Newmark rose 5 to 380p abead of tomorrow's preliminary results, while Telephone Rentals also attracted interest and firmed 3 to 261p. Wholesale Fittings remained a buoyant market on last week's results and capital proposals and jumped 35 more Pegler-Hattersley highlighted Engineerings with a rise of 12 more to 134p, after 140p, follow-

ing comment on the sale of its jointly-owned McEvoy Ollfield equipment operations in the UK and North America to Smith International Ioc. of California. Elsewhere, Anderson Strathclyde

on offer and lost 4 to 168p. Among the quiet leaders, GKN hardened 2 to 230p.
Business in Foods was thin,

but price movements usually

order to keep the group's newsprint mill working at Ellesmere Port, Reed International softened 4 to 194p in sympathy. Elsewhere, Letraset stood out with a rise of 11 to 123p in response to the better-than-expected preliminary results, while Office Electronic encountered renewed speculative support and closed 9 to the good at 328p, after 330p. Aeronantical and

General put on 15 to 373p. Horizon Travel put on 5 to 250p awaiting today's interim Dunlop attracted strong buying

from London sources and advanced 7 to 77p. Dowty added 3 to 236p, while Kwik-Fit firmed a penny more to 891n. Associated Engineering eased 3 to 56p following the sale of two subsidiary companies for £0.7m to Armstrong Equipment which shed a fraction to 41p. Garages remained quiet, but gains of around 3 were seen in Tate of Leeds, 74p, and Kenning, 70-p.

In quietly firm Properties. Land Securities, 364p, and MEPC, 229n, both added 3, while Hammerson A hardened 5 to Estates remained at 16p despite the annual loss, but Aquis shed 11 to 34p on the lower interim profits. Buying ahead of today's preliminary results left Imry 10 dearer at 730p, while Rush and Tompkins firmed 5 to 222p following a favourable Press mention and McKay Securities picked up 5 to 145n in a thin market. Far Eastern influences continued to buoy Swire Properties, up 2 more at a 1980

## peak of 761p. Oils easier

Leading Oils drifted easier in a slow trade, British Petroleum softened 2 to 354p, while Shell cheapened a few pence to 414p.
Tricentrol, 340p, and Ultramar,
350p, both shed 4, the latter
abead of tomorrow's interim results. Lasmo, at 708p, relinquished 12 of the previous day's gain of 26. Elsewhere, Strate put on 6 to 134p on confirmation of Wondada number 2 well as a major gas producer. Ranger Oil hardened to £1413; the price in yesterday's issue was incorrect.

News that Gulf Fisheries of Kuwait is not to subscribe to the rights issue in respect of its 19 per cent bolding in the company prompted early weakness in Lonrho which fell to 91p, before buyers entered to leave the close only a penny cheaper on balance at 93p; the nil-paid eased 14 to 10p premium, after 91p premium. Elsewhere in Overseas Traders. Incheape firmed 6 to 433p, but Warren Plantations lacked sup-

port and declined 6 to 191p.

following news that the company has taken a 10 per cent interest in Oxnco (North Sea); Hampton also has an interest in the Woodada 2 well in Australia.

Textiles ended a shade easier, where changed. Further consideration of the disappointing annual results clipped a penny more from Nottingham Manufacturing, SSp. while Corah, interim Friday, eased t to 28p. Recent speculative counters came in for profit taking with Lister, 42p, and Sidlaw, 106p, giving np 2 and 4 respectively.

## Heavy falls in Golds

Renewed weakness in the bullion price—finally a further \$7 losses in South African Golds for the second successive day. The Gold Mines index dropped 14.3 more to 348.0. a two-day

since the end of June.
The share market got off to a poor start as heavy overnight American selling caused jobbers to mark prices sharply lower. This failed to stem selling, how-ever, and quotations fell further further decline in the Financial Rand was an additional factor in the weakness of share prices.

The heavyweights sustained the biggest losses with falls of up to £11 common to West Driefontein, £351. St. Helena, £17;, Western Holdings, £30, and GFSA, £303.
Among the medium and lower-

priced issues. Welkom dropped 63 to 717p, Blyvonr 34 to 615p and ERGO 23 to 388p. South African Financials registered sympathetic falls with Anglo American another 20 easier at 620p. Gencor a similar

amount down at 800p and "Amgold" file off at £39.

London Financials held up well in the face of the weakness of gold and gold shares. Charter dipped 5 to 225p while Gold Fields and Rio Tinto-Zinc closed only 2 cheaper at 508n and 473p respectively. Tanks continued to reflect the recent firmness of the Ashton participants and added 3 more to 330p.

Platinums were marked down initially but continued to find little support. Consquently, prices lost further ground to close at the day's lowest. Rusten-burg were finally 26 cheaper at 224p, while falls of around 17 were common to Lydenburg, 1360, and Impala, 325p.

Australians were mixed. Oils and oil-shales made fresb pro-gress with Central Pacific £24 up at £311, after £32, and Southern Pacific £1; firmer at £11; after £12; reflecting hopes of a share

69.53 89.81 69.49 69.34 70.50 70.68 70.41 70.57 71.88 74.43 70.34 Fixed Interest. 479.0 481.1 478.2 473.1 480.9 475.1 480.6 industrial. 348.0 362.3 379.2 380.1 375.0 377.1 162.9 Gold Mines..... 7,55 7,53 7,59 7.69 7.56 Ord, Dly, Yield,.... 17.72 17.72 18.17 18.40 18.09 17.23

6.83 6.63 6.65 6.67

86,91 113,52 103,17 103,23 77,11 59,15

15,167 13,092 12,018 15,084 11,304 10,761

17.865 1B,861 00,696 19,816 18,254 18,123

17,70

HIGHE AND I OWE

6.83

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

10 am 481,2, 11 am 481.1. Noon 480.5, 1 pm 480.7, 2 om 480,3. 3 om 480.4. Latest Index 01-246 8026 \* Nil = 8.36

Basis 100 Govt Secs. t6/10/26. Fixed Int. t928. Industrial Ord 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/55, SE Activity July-Dec. 1942.

יומ	ипо	AND	LOW	<b>,</b>	J.E. AU		
	19	380	Since Co	mpilat'n		Aug.	Aug.
Ì	High	Low	High	Low	-Daily	4.	
Secs	72.54 (21/7) 74.08 (24/1)	65,85 (7/8) 64,70 (10/8)	127.4 (\$/1/55) 150.4 (28/11/47)	49.18 (\$/1/75) 50.63 (\$/1/75)	Gilt Edged Industrials Speculative. Totals	105,5 88,1 32,2 62,1	118.4 99.2 40.5 67.5

Base-metal and gold issues met modest selling, however, which lowered Western Mining by 7 to 287p. Bongainville 5 to 127p and North Kalgurli a like amount to

Earnings, Yld. % (ful )

PIE Ratio(net) (\*)

Equity turnover £m

Equity bargains total

Total Bargains...

## **NEW HIGHS AND**

Information Service ve new Highs and Lows for NEW HIGHS (52)

BRITISH FUNDS (2)
Exchar, 3pc 1981 Treasury 3pc 1982
AMERICANS (5)
Time Inc.
Zapata Corp. Bank of Nova Scotia Bank of Nova Scotia
BANKS (2)
Deutsche Bank
ELECTRICALS (9)
Crystolate
Energy Services
Ferskn-Eimer 4pc
Plessey
Forward Technology
Kode Intl.
Wholesale Fittings

Kwik-Fit Hidgs. News Intl, Spec. Div. PROPERTY (1) Swire Properties
YEXTILES (1) Jerome (S.I

The closure of Kuala Lumper Singapore encouraged good London huying of Tins. Takeover hopes lifted Berjuntal 15 more to a 1980 high of 260p, Petaling 5 to 320p and

# LOWS FOR 1980

406,9 658.6 48,4 (3|1) (4/6/79) (28/6/40)

Ind. Ord. 503.1 406.3 508.6 48.4 5-day Avrge. (46/75) (28/640) (317) (46/75) (28/640) (317

Energy Services
Forward Technology
Kode Intl.
Newmark (L.1
EMGINEERING (5)
Anderson Stribcivde, Howden Group
Firth (G. M.1
Adderson Stribcivde, Howden Group
Firth (G. M.1
Assoc Brit. Foots
British Sugar
Salasbury (J.)
Assoc Brit. Foots
British Sugar
Salasbury (J.)
Huntleigh
Huntleigh
Huntleigh
Huntleigh
FOOTS
Les Group
FINSURANCE (SI
Equity & Law
London United
Leisure
London United
Leisure
Motores (1)
Kwik-Fit Hidds.

TRUSTS (5) Winterbottom Hampton Trust C.L.R.P. Inv. Rohnco NY Do 5ub. Shares

Kamunting 3 to 97p.

CE ACTIVITY

# NEW LOWS (19)

BUILDINGS (2) Sharpe & Fisher Wettern CHEMICALS (1) Arrow Cehmicals
ELECTRICALS-(1) Vitatron N.V. ENGINEERING (5) Triplex fo Ahwood Clifford (C.) Ley's Foundries INOUSTRIALS (1) Nathan (B, & I.) MOTORS (7) NEWSPAPERS (2)

Common Bros. Ingram (H.) TEXTILES (2) Miller (F.) RISES AND FALLS:

YESTERDAY British Funds British Funds ..... Corpns, Dom, and Foreign Bonds...

# FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY GROUPS	Te	ies., <i>F</i>	lug. 1	2, 198	30	Mon., Aug. 11 .	. Fri., Aug. B	Thur., Aug. 7	Wed, Aug. 6	Year ago (approx
& SUB-SECTIONS  Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per section		Index No.	Day's Change	Est. Earnings Yield % (Max.)	Gross Div. Yield % (ACT	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	Index No.	Index	Index No.	Index	Index No.
			Change %		at 30%)						
1	CAPITAL 6000S(172)	278.95	+0.1	16.36	5.90	7.37	278.56	277.71	275.59	2/3.57	247.7
2	Building Materials (28)	254.51	-0.4	18.07 22.57	6.59 5.91	6.51 5.27	255.60 412.39	256.37 413.14	254.27 408.46	254.31 409.62	369.4
3	Contracting, Construction(27)	411.23 B17.44	-0.3 +0.2	11.79	3.25	10.39	815.63	810.38	799.47	785.08	626.8
4	Electricals (17)	330.29	+0.3	20.56	7.89	6.10	329.21	332.66	334.21	335.55	368.5
5	Mechanical Engineering (73)	180.40	+0.8	16.98	7.40	7.18	179.00	178.34	178.14	177.18	178.8
6 B	Metals and Metal Forming(16)	167.74	-0.2	21.61	10.12	5.53	168.08	166.59	166.33	166.28	165.00
D	CONSUMER GOODS	107.77	-0.2								
11	(DURABLE) (49)	233.94	+0.4	14.04	5.46	8.55	232.96	232.12	230.49	227.79	235.7
2	Lt. Electronics, Radio, TV(14)	351.15	+0.1	10.93	4.01	11.22	350.65	348.87	345.13	340.03	332,40
3	Household Goods (14)	93.74	-02	25.85	16.92	4.88	.93.89	94.10	94.14	94.39	150.24
4	Motors and Distributors (21)	103.15	+1.5	21.91	9.11	5.24	101.66	101.67	102.06	101.58	113.80
	CONSUMER GOODS									}	
21	(NON DURABLES) (172)	234.10	+0.4	17.61	6.89	6.86	233.29	233.13	231.33	230.05	241.2
2	Breweries (14)	286.64	+11	15.86	6.42	7.36	283.57	283.71	278.98	279.29	287,5
23	Wines and Spirits (5)	311.09	+02	19.50	6.55	6.04	310.37	317.13	315.73	313.37	319.9
4	Entertainment, Catering (17)		+1.4	17.41	6.74	7.12	327.17	331.63	326.13	323.23	311.8
25	Food Manufacturers(21)	212.03	+1.1	19.11	7.08	6.15	209.66	209.98	208.19	208.54	206.1
26	Food Retailing(13)	351.45	+0.7	12.01	4.53	9.94	349.04	350.64	347.39	346.41	318.4
32	Newspapers, Publishing (13)	439.94	+1.5	21.37	7.28	6.17	433.55	433.10	431.84	427.50	411.33
33	Packaging and Paner (15)	130.30	<b>-1.5</b>	27.42	10.05	4.24	132.35	132.29	138.89	130.61	126.8
4	5tores (45)	231.75	<b>~0.2</b>	33.60	5.43	9.59	Z32.30	229.80	228.92	226.43	251.47
55	Textiles (21)	123.17	-0.5	26.69	12.82	4.56	123.73	124.02	124.22	123.81	155.6
6	Tobaccos (3)	225.56	_	25.44	10.32	4.47	225.56	225.45	224.47	.222.31	245.4
7	Toys and Games(5)	27.52		B.17	13.85	28.30	27.52	27.17	27.08	26.97	78.2
1	OTHER GROUPS (99]	224.41	+0.5	16.46	6.91	7.22	223.32	223.04	221.30	219.89	202.74
2	Chemicals (16)	311.95	+0.4	19.89	7.73	5.76	310.78 223.93	310.82 223.95	308.87 218.95	305,45 215,98	280,63 223,38
3	Pharmaceutical Products (7)	225.04	+0.9	11.19 19.02	· 6.12 7.79	11.05 6.13	105.25	105.50	105.13	105.35	120.5
14	Office Equipment (6)	106.43 590.53	+0.6	13.00	5.98	9.38	586.80	583.04	577.80	574.26	450.45
3	Shipping (10)	282.39	+0.2	16.03	6.55	7.63	281.73	280.95	280.24	280.25	242.92
6	INDUSTRIAL GROUP (492)	250.55	+0.3	16.75	6.52	7.18	249.73	249.31	247.41	245.76	240.39
9	UNDUSTRIAL GROUP (492)	798.07	~-0.7	28.82	6.44	3.83	803.99	797.74	782.35	774.71	636.2
1	Oils (8)					-6.09	293.63	292.78	289.84	287.72	272.60
A	500 SHARE INVEX	293.96	+0.1	19.22	6.51		226.89	272.70	224.90	224.34	19117
7	FINANCIAL GROUP (118)	227.92	+0.8		5.60 7.38	2/8	227.12	228.29	227.14	224.49	222.56
2	Banks(6)	227.90 283.54	+0.3	44.32	6.25	2.68	284.38	284.03	281.94	279.02	264.30
3	Discount Houses (10)	227.69	-0.5	13.61	4.39	9.58	231.31	228.24	227.29	224.74	169.06
4	Hire Purchase (5)	229.46	+1.8		5.55	7.30	225.39	224.87	222.95	223.19	150.12
5	Insurance (Life) (10)	150.36	+1.7		7.16		147.91	148.54	148.89	149.97	125.54
ó	Insurance (Composite) (9)	336.00		13.83	6.86	9.93	333.00	333.56	332.40	332.77	267.24
7	Insurance Brokers (9)	134.57	+0.9	15.05	5.28	7.73	134.03	133.39	133.48	134.76	99.24
8	merchant banks (12)	439.06	+0.4	3.24	2.68	42.73	436.69	437.14	429.99	427.79	368.93
9	Property (43)		+0.5	14.65	6.25	8.67	140.66	140.01	139.63	139,42	117.55
0	Miscellaneous (12)	141.15	+0.4	14.05		0.0/					
7	Investment Trusts (109)	256.66	+0.5		5.58		255.32	254.88	253.04	252,%	212.10
1	Mining Finance (3)	241.78	-0.6	12.43	4.33	9.69	243.18	244.81	241.35	238.93	123.13
1	Overseas Traders (20)	413.39	-0.4	12.14	7.14	9.93	414.89	416.05	411.54	411.69	341.75
9	ALL-SHARE INDEX(750)	200 24	<b>TU 2</b>		6.24		279.71	27926	276.63	275.00	249.36

	FIXED INTEREST PRICE INDICES							YIELD Govt. Av.	15	d.	Toes., Aug. 12	Mon., Aug. 11	(approx.)
	British Government	Tues, Ang. 12	Day's change	nd adj. today	xd adj. 1980 to date	1 2 3	Low	, 1	5 years 5 years 5 years		11.98 11.96 11.98	11.92 11.92 11.92	10.97 20.51 10.95
1	Under 5 years	104.93	+0.02	<del> </del>	6.73	4 5 6	Medium Coupons	; 1	5 years 5 years 5 years		13.47 13.38 13.29	13.43 13.32 13.23	12.02 12.98 12.96
2 3	5-15 years	110.41	-0.30 -0.33	-	8.43	7 B	High Coupors	, 1	5 years 5 years		13.70 13.74 13.55	13.66 13.68 13.49	12.27 12.43 12.41
4 5	Ali stocks	129,28 110.34	-0.36 -0.21	<u> </u>	7.24 7.57	9 10	Irredeer		5 years		1147	11.43	30.66
	-		<u> </u>	Tues., Aug.	12 Ma	g.	Friday Aug.	Thurs.	Wed. Aug.	Tues.	Mon. Aug. 4	Friday Aug.	Year ago (aporox)

13 20-yr. Red. Deh & Loans (15) 54.37 13.63 54.47 54.63 54.71 54.90 35.50 36.54 Investment Trust Preis. (15) 50,76 | 13.33 | 50.76 | 50.11 | 50,73 | 50.85 | 50.94 | 50.94

17 Coml. and Indl. Prefs. (20) 66.08 18.38

66.73 | 66.67 | 66,82 | 87.78 | 68,88 | 68,58

## ACTIVE STOCKS

		No.					í
Der	anmina	- of	Closing	Change	1980	1980	ı
Stock	tion	marks	price (p)	on day	higb	Jow.	ŀ
Highland Distills.	20p	7	127	+ 8	1 <del>4</del> 8	114	1
Shell Transport	25p	7	414	- 4	432	314	1
Letraset	10p	6	123	+11	142	108	ı
Marks & Spencer		6	100	<b>– 1</b>	102	77	Ĺ
Thorn EMI	25p	6	338xd	+ 2	348 .	260	1
Commercial Un.	25p	5	1 <del>46</del>	+ 6	162	125	ľ
European Ferries	25p	5	187	+ 2	191	98	ı
GUS A	25p	5	440		448	3 <del>4</del> 0	l
GKN	£1	5	238	- 4	279	228	ľ
Lonrbo 'New'	Nil/p		10pm	- 1 <u>1</u>	30}pm	$9\frac{1}{2}pm$	1
Premier Cons	5p	5	83	<b>– 1</b>	99	36	Ĺ
RTZ	25p	5 5 5 5	473	- 2	485	327	ı
	F1.20	5	£37}	_	£39 ¦	£32	1
Unilever			480	+10	512	388	(
ICI	£1	4	366		402	348	ı
							1

## OPTIONS Burmah, Oil Search, Endeavour,

Last Deal- Declara- Settle-4 Aug. 15 Nov. 6 Nov. 17 Aug. 18 Aug. 29 Nov. 20 Dec. 1 Sept. 8 Sept. 19 Dec. 4 Dec. 15 For rate indications see end of Share Information Service

Technology, South Foward Croity, Weir Gronn Inveresk, Shell Transport, Highland Distilleries, Grand Metropolitan, Lasmu and Lonhro, Puts were completed in FNFC and Hong-Call options were struck in kong and Shanghai Banking, London Investment Trust. De while doubles to he arranged in-Beers Deferred, Premier Oil, cluded Town and City Proper-FNFC. BSG, MIFI, Myson, ties and House of Fraser.

Baker Electronics.

Duniop.

## RECENT ISSUES

## **EQUITIES**

sue rice p:	Amount Paid Up	Ronved. Date	High	Low	Stock	Ciosing Prios	Anount P. C. Vield
50 \$812 \$5 60 00 51 57	F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P.		112 100 260 96 153 110 78 86	91 80 215 74 IS6 91 67 75	rtfBakerElectrnics10 Energy Cagital (12:p itHall Bros. Home Ferm Prods10; itMerinex 10p Peerless. itRolfs & Noland 10p itUd. Electronic 20;	88 258 96 144 91 72	-2 b3.85 2.0 5.1 11,5 -2

## **FIXED INTEREST STOCKS** £ 155 5 0 1000

30	Pand Pand Ronu Oate	1800	Stock	₹8 ·÷ 0
Priod		High Low		용분
98 11		1834 164 102 100 1031: 1011	2/British Home Stores 9% Cnv. Ln. '02 2/00nmark 13% 9005 Outwich 10% Pref. 2/South Stall. Water 934% Rd. Pf. '86 3/South Stall. Water 934% Rd. Pf. 188 3/Sundorl'd & S.ZhieldsWtr 94% Rd. Pf. 188	1512 - 1- 102 + 11 104 - 11
		" RIG	HTS" OFFERS	
	40			

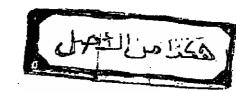
esue Price	m.m.	Re	azest nune, Dat <del>e</del>	1980		Stack	ries Pigas Pi	H- or
0:	Am	<b>●</b> 3		High   Low			ŏĕ	
65 103 152 53 54 92 50 78 265 80 20 52 73	F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P. MII MII F.P. NII NII NII	14 7 23 7 22 7 22 7 30 7 25 7 22 8 15 8 15 8 15 8 88 7 80 8 15 8	13/8 29/8 12/9 22/8 19/0 12/9 80/8 16/8 16/9 26/9 26/8 10/8	17 pm 292pm 06 574 3010m 300m B1 35pm 340m	117 146 51 48 123 850m 114pm 270m 87 307 9120m 22pm 20pm 1pm	Anderson Strathelyde. Astbury & Madoley. Berisford (S. & W.) Charterhall. Clive Iliscount. Coalite Crest, Nicholson Derritron Ferranti. Hazolwood Foods. Land Seeurities Lonrho MacKay Secs. Mailinson-Denny Poliy Peek. Sturia.	120 173 64 48 133 90pm 1712pm 283pm 93 364 10pm 250m 69 20pm	+4 +2 +2 +5 +12 +5 +12
1812	F.P.	91/7	86/8	1312	15	Thurgar Bardex	1112	·····

## UNIT TRUST SERVICE

# OFFSHORE



ugust 13 1980



Financial Times Wednesday	August 13 1980							
	FT UN		INFORMATION	SERVICE				
UNIT Craispoin Craispoin 40 Sectionson High Section High Section	Unit Tst. Mgrs. Ltd.  V. Loedon ECAN 88D, 07-248 4984  Line Control of the Contro	(2)   J. Henry Schröder Wag EC3R 680. 01-626 4588   120, Chemosice, E.C.2.   mixing Desiling.   140, E.	01-240 3434 Coniston House, Chaptel Ash When. G902 28511 Lang 1972 +13 325 Key Integs. Fd. 110-73 Hard 1972 1886 824 Pacentakerinv.Fd. 87.09 Lang 36.11 824 Pacentakerinv.Fd. 87.09 Physical Lang 1972 1886	gham Life Assur. Co. Ltd.   Provincial Life Assur   Provincial Life Assure				
RUSTS  North American Canadian Emery Cauchin Trest Met Moust High Captai Amer. Ghi. Tst 1522 St. 11 - 0.5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	pt" 63.1	103 -0.3 0.78 Europe Aug. 7 220 104 -0.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -1.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -1.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -1.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -0.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -0.3 145 (Arzam Unich 220 104 -0.4 145 (Arzam Unich 220 105 -0.4 145 (	235 Chritice Energy 586 -08 KT26 223 km 511 km 500 156.5 - Cath 239 km 539 156.5 - Cath 239 139 156.7 - Cath 239 139 156.7 - Cath 239 156.7 - Cath 249 156.7 - Cath 257 156.7 -	December	Limited on any 9222 FUNDS			
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**SERVICE** 

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	Nine regional offices Specialists in the sale of privately owned businesses and companies		+ or Yield 1960	ID HIRE PURCHASE BUILD    Price   - a   Day   C   C   Price     1980   1880   1	+	Stack Price   - West   Cw   Gri   Pric   150   130   1	2  Culture 200   150   50   50
	Valuers – Licensed Dealers	Public Board and   641 <sub>2</sub>   561 <sub>2</sub>   Agric, Mt. 5pt '59-89   591 <sub>2</sub>   831 <sub>3</sub>   731 <sub>2</sub>   Alcan 101 <sub>2</sub> pt '89-94   81   27   27   27   27   27   27   27   2	Ind. 245 202 ANZ SA1 1-12 8.61 12.77 280 183 Alexander 14.47 15.40 576-2 576 Algemene 13.00 13.00 425 290 Allen Han	238  +3  +022r   3.7   4.7   5.8   35   19   W 10.11   260   16.0   8.8   105   85   W P.100   5692   +114   025%   1.9   7.2   7.5   91   63   W	ogins Coa. 10p 24	Stack   Price   -   Net   Cw   6v   PE   106   6   150   130   150   1	2 Da. "A" 20p 150 5.0 13 4 4 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	BRITISH FUNDS	103 89 U.5.M.C. 99c 1982 100 90 2 85½ Do. without Warrants 90½ Financial	9.16 — 128 96 Affied Iris 10.15 13.75 17 13 Assacher 235 180 Arbuthro 360 280 Bk. Irelan 1 13.76 17 17 16 162 1334 Du. 10or	F.100	EMICALS, PLASTICS  20 F1.20 500 -12 012% 4110.11 24 34 120.11 24 34 120.11 24 35 4 35 4 36 120.11 24 35 4 35 4 36 120.11 24 37 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Vario a table 1250 - 873 K35 113 57135 85 6 85 6 Welkor Hids. 59 232 14 32 8.5 52 55 46 Welkor Hids. 59 232 15.0 63 6.1 2.6 494 6 Welkor Hids. 59 220 +35 15.0 9 2.6 9 137 12.0 Welkor Hids. 59 220 135 15.0 9 2.6 9 137 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0 12.0	8 Fisher (A) 5p 11 0.31 41 42 65 Fisher (A) 5p 75ml -1 5.2 4 9.9 1 6 Glass Glover 5p 48 41 47.9 14
11	1980   Stack   Price   + or   Yield	991 962 FFI 13cc 1991	-14 1415 1436 150 100 8k.Leum -14 1415 1436 150 100 8k.Leum -17 8.04 1330 178 135 8k.N.S.W -12 11.09 13.60 305 235 8ank Scat	SD1   8	SF AG DM50: 133 01055 yer AG. OM.50: 228 22885 13.0.2 49 so-ki Chem. 3th 142 144.9 13 5.1 (3.1)	Wigell (H.)   148     135   0.9 23   (150   88   5   124   8   124   8   124   8   124   8   124   8   124	6 Kwik Save 10p. 118 133 13 40 105 134 4 135 135 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137 137
Same and a	17.5   79.5	1 912 77 Do. 11oc Uns. Ln. '88 832 1 932 82 Do. 112-bpc Uns. Ln. '80 902 2 101 842 Do. 12-bpc Un. Ln. 1992 902-at 6 662 56 Do. 7-bpc Albeb. '89-92 6 636 6645 515 Do. 7-bpc Albeb. '89-92 6 636 6645 515 Do. 7-bpc Albeb. '89-92 6 6 645 6 6 645 6 6 6 6	-12   12.60   13.40   330   327   830   331   13.85   348   274   870 m Shi   -12   13.81   14.20   373   263   Cater Ryd   -12   11.85   13.95   156   124   Cum'l Aus,   -14   12.28   13.95   156   124   Cum'l Aus,	11	spten Noakes   124   7.7   2.7 9.2 4.6   est Cherrs 10p. 154   45   2.7 4.217.6   est Cherrs 10p. 23   20   1.12.4(3.2)   29   1.5     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   -1   2.4   1.7 8.8 4.3   20   16.3     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   -1   2.4   1.7 8.8 4.3   20   16.3     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   -1   2.4   1.7 8.8 4.3   20   16.3     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   -1   2.4   1.7 8.8 4.3   20   16.3     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   -1   2.4   1.7 8.8 4.3   20   16.3     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   1.5     1. Tar Prd. 10p. 39   1. Tar Pr	MACHINE TOOLS    Machine Tools   0.5   0.5   7.1   0.4   1.2	Cockwood
999	931, 854 Exch. 3c 1981	762 642 Da.9pc A 91.94 74 712 61 Da.8 spc Ln. 92-97 6712 6712 FOREIGN BONDS &	-12   12.84   13.90   925   725   Companies   725   Companies   725   Companies   725   Companies   725	MM 10 855 + 5 185.557 - 8 7 - 82 55 52 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	### 55   33   81   55   87   56   66   33.85   33   81   55   87   56   66   37   38   38   38   38   38   38   38	15   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Needlers 34 625 4111 22 Hichols (Viroto) 222 17.0 13 45 95 Northern Foods 142 145 95 152 dy. 67.1 dy.
1099	13   14   15   16   17   18   18   18   18   18   18   18		or Bin, % Red. 92 52 F. C. Final 29 94 First Nat. 5 112 Do. Wirts - 292 192 German 1 292 192 192 192 192 192 192 192 192 1		Example   Exam	194   195   196   197	7 Pylar Hidgs, 10p 38
28880		82 43 Antofagasta Rty	27 9-4	7583 4 562 440 cc. 274 11.5 - 6.0 - 29 19 Cc. 8. £1. 203 10.5 - 7.4 - 36 19 Cc. Mry.5p 27 0.75 - 4.0 - 140 108 ET 10.5 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	oda int. Defi. 30 +1 5 47 \( \text{is} \) for strand 50 - 16\( \text{is} \) 20 +1 5 47 \( \text{is} \) for strand 50 - 16\( \text{is} \) 25 - 16\( \text{is} \) 27 - 16\( \text{is} \) 27 - 16\( \text{is} \) 28 - 16\( \text{is} \) 16\( \text{is} \) 28 - 17\(	SSOC. 1601179 - 4792 - 2070 6 0.77 6 1.18 32 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	22 Sarretory (J.)
10997	213 9-2 (ressing vage 0.5 graph 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6	35 28 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Greek 7pc Ass 35	30 10.17 138 101 Hull Samu 3 19.75 158 101 Hong Sang 16.17 200 120 Joseph (Le 16.52 97 150 Keyser U 179 13.08 206 120 Keyser U 179 12.71 356 277 Lloyds E1 194 12.71 356 277 Lloyds E1 195 12.14 50 32 Marson Fi 185 12.14 50 32 Marson Fi	224 +2 16.5 - 4.5 - 180 152 He et 131 +2 5.85 - 6.4 - 322 260 He s. 25.5 152 +1 M047c - 3.0 - 5100 5892 D ribee 80 -2 4.62 - 8.3 - 402 348 He s. 25.5 150 5892 D ribee 80 -2 4.62 - 7.1 - 402 348 He s. 25.5 150 5892 D ribee 80 -2 4.62 - 7.1 - 402 348 He s. 25.5 150 5892 D ribee 80 -2 4.62 - 7.1 - 402 348 He s. 25.5 150 5892 D ribee 80 -2 4.62 - 7.1 - 402 348 He s. 25.5 150 589	echs: DM5 280 219: 21102 47 97 68 68 67 52 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Salery (L. R.) 3-4 6.45 2.113.0 (47) 170 71 180 72 72 73 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	8 Tate & Lyle £1 142 10.5 1.7 10.6 73 8 Tarever Rut. 20p 24 24 31 5.0 5.5 8 Unique Bloom 123 4 2 45 31 5.0 5.5 8 Unique Bloom 123 4 2 5.7 62.7 6.8 6.8 6.8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
7910	"Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years)  100   94   Extremer 13c 1980;   99   13.12   15.75    173   94   Ireasy 11/gc 1981;   99   11.68   15.00    175   93   Ireasy 94cc 1981;   95   13.66   12.61    176   93   Exch. 9-cc 1981;   95   10.04    185   95   Exch. 9-cc 1981;   96   10.04    185   95   Exch. 9-cc 1981;   96   10.04    185   95   Exch. 12 kpc 1981;   98   10.04    185   95   Exch. 12 kpc 1981;   98   10.04    186   95   Ireasury 10c 82;   90   10.04    187   96   Ireasury 10c 1983;   96   10.04    187   187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    187   187   187   187    188   187   187    188   188   188	35   28º2   Greek 7oc Ass	2 6.37 06 54 Jesset To 100 154 Jesset To 100 150 Jesset To 100 150 Jesset To 100 150 Jesset To 100 Jesset Jesset To 100 Jesset Jesset To 100 Jesset Jesset To 100 Jesset J	Mary   175   27	T. Bertal M.D. 39 -1 24 11 8.8 43 20 163 are 150 -6 45 3.8 1.3 2.2 -1 16 9 9 6 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	10. A   10.	OTELS AND CATERERS
10 9	Five to Fifteen Years  [07] 904   Exch. 124pc 1985   935   -4   12.78   13.33    [14] 955   Exch. 124pc 1985   961   -4   12.81   13.43    [32] 794   Tressay 8-pc 94-84#   357   -4   999   12.81    [33] 17   Exch. 124pc 1987   1004   13.32   13.43    [34] 1   Exch. 124pc 1987   1004   13.32   13.43	\$75 \$70 [S.G.I.64gc 1980 \$95 ] \$742, \$281 Turin 64gc 1984. DM90   \$6 \$6 \$10 Urugusy 34gc \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6 \$6	- 612 f6.84 581 5671 Do. 71-94 11.11 5854 574 Do. 104 58 1 567 1 Do. 104 58 1 567 1 Do. 104 58 1	83-93 C72 071-13-27 79.3 205 98 R295-93 R2524 9 010-13-27 10.0 150 94 R2524 39 13-13-5 9.4 52 29 R2524 39 13-13-5 9.4 52 29 R2524 39 13-13-5 9.4 52 29 R2524 39 13-13-7 70 22 19-0 151 32 13-20 14-13 14-	Su   10p   97   1.89   6.8   2.8   6.5   154   104   104   105   104   105	ionitan Win 10p.   1112 + 1, 1.35   1.1116.817.0   78   5   tertam Min 10p.   11 + 1   0.6   0.8 7.872.1   289; 5   tertam Min 10p.   11 + 1   0.6   0.8 7.872.1   289; 5   tertam Min 10p.   15   0.8 7.872.1   289; 5   tertam Min 10p.   40   0.8 7.872.1   289; 1   tertam Min 10p.   40   0.8 7.872.1   289; 5   tertam Min 10p.   40   0.8 7.872.1   289; 1   tertam Min 10p.   40   0.8 7.872.1   tertam Min 10p.   112, 132, 132, 132, 132, 132, 132, 132,	6 Brent Walter 29 - 60 - 2 172 137 55. 10 Confort Int. 109 2 1212 - 0.54 137 55. 5 De Vere Hotels 208 - 6.0 14 41221 182 + 9 40.0 18 7.9 94 10 Grand Met. 500 15561 + 3 + 5.75 12 5.3 6.7
18118	00% 904 Each 124gc 1985— 935 -44 12.78 13.33 13.49 14 1955 Each 124gc 1985 74 954 -44 12.81 13.53 13.53 13.54 14 12.81 13.53 13.54 14 12.81 13.53 13.54 14 12.81 13.53 13.54 14 12.81 13.53 13.54 14 12.81 13.54 1	AMERICANS 1980 Stock Frice + -	E70 £46 (Ottoman Da 96 75 Royal Bit. of eri Div.   Y14 320 1297 Schroders - Gross E'w Bris 280 1200 Sectombe £135;£100w[Sec. Pacific	#520 555	regar Plastics. 92   1872-67 4.5 3.9 8.2 5.3 34 grass Barder lib. 12   14 0.9 2.8 10.7 (3.7) 2.5 11.4 12 11.4	risto Charmel 4	Control   Cont
1892	58   582   Tressury 596 26-89   654   -4   7.79   11.40   10.51   10.5	231 <sub>2</sub> 165 <sub>1</sub> ASA 211 <sub>2</sub> 271 <sub>2</sub>	3.3.00 — 0.3 156 95 Smith St. 5.50 — (119 548 465 Stamfd Ch 4. 51.20 — 2.6 522 513 Trade Der. 3.2.0 — 5.8 69 35 U.D.T	Aub. 142 8.0	APERY AND STORES 18 122 122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	Fronte Fro. 10p 17 h1.05 23 8.8 7.2 33 6.8 rocke Tool 54 rotker Tool 54 12.8 21 7.6 (7.7) 37.2 38 croske Tool 54 12.8 21 7.6 (7.7) 37.2 38 croske Tool 54 12.1 1.5 14 crosk 8 Tawse 122 6.4 3.1 7.5 6.1 21 11 (7.7) 12 (7.7	B Prince of Walls 78 1.72 4.1 3.1 7.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1
999917	054 154 Fres. 114cr 914 (22tod) 17-2 - 4 1286 13.3 1826	247, 139, Asarco Inc. II	\$1.55 — 4.5 76 62 Wintrus 2 1.2 76 62 Wintrus 2 1.3 30 — 6.3 Hire \$2.84 — 6.1 36 1261 Francis (Mar.	292   -   6.0   -   37   26   18   27   -   6.0   -   37   26   18   27   28   28   28   28   28   28   2	6. A' 5p. 29 205 11 10 11 49 128 145 1 (Rerisi) 5p. 80 420 34 3.6 9.9 42 41 9 (Rer's 5 ins. 10p. 76 -1 Fd1.5 95 28 5.4 54 36 Fd ober Storts 10p. 47 -1 1133 13 41 6.7 68 40 0 artic (J' A' 137 45 64 45 66	kullough 20p 174 10.75 3.5 8.8 4.1 4612 23 kurgess Prod. 41 3.75 3.5 13.1 2.8 200 13 kurterfield Hvy. 3612 2 2 2 11.0 4.9 5.1 4.6 kurterfield Eng. 41 144.06 2.4 14.2 3.3 310 20 apper-Neill 10p 6112 +12 4.2 2.7 9.8 4.3	R <sub>2</sub> Stacks (Reo) 10 p. 463 <sub>2</sub> + 2   h1.17   13 6.8 9.2   2   Trusthouse Forte   184m   +2   18.0   13 6.2 9.2   3   Warer Not. N   10
5 6 11 11	13.4   13.6		\$1.60 — 6.3 £393, £294, Cte B'ere F 70c — 3.5 *173 117 Uoyds & So 90c — 7.1 43 32 Lind. Scot. F \$ \$22.60 — 3.9 20 1312 Bloorgain Me \$ \$280 — 5.8 140 91 Drow Fire	m10p 40 [#176] 28 63 78 [ 교실 및	mm & Con. ZOp. 81 <sub>2</sub>	artwright f. 10p. 63 4.63 23/10.5 6.1 astrings 10p 39 26 28 9.5 5.4 artwright f. 20 28 9.5 5.4 artwright f. 20 4.6 6.5 3.4 1.75 121	NDUSTRIALS (Miscel.)
1899418	0012 852 Euch. 121 or 1994 72 or 1334 13.64 13.64 13.64 13.64 13.64 13.64 13.64 13.65 17.64 13.64 13.64 13.65 13.6	13.5 25 C.P.C. 52	::\ .=\ - ( )	100   15     10.79   23   9.5(63)   137   38   24   85   100   11   128   104   82   104   82   105	own (N) 20p. 37332 2.6(12.8) 3.5 66 55 60 than 6p. 50p. 109 -1 ths.0 2.9 6.6(6.6) 101 64 60 thors 'A' 20p. 46623 2.9 82 4.7 265 225 60 stet (S. 10p. 19125 3.6(13.2) 3.0 49 37 60	hentring 5p. 144	Auroson Bros. 10p.   55ml   42   22   10.9   49
10	Over Fifteen Years  123-16   13-53   1	1212 6650 Citty Inv. \$1.25 1101a 110	1.05 - 65 BD LETS, W 1.05 - 55 89 68 Allied Bre 1.05 - 7.4 51 35 Amal Dist 1.05 238 188 Bass	NCS AND SPIRITS 39 29 00 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08	mb. Eng. 121-p) 32 3.15 1.5 14.1 (6.0) 25½ 19 0 met R. Sev. 50. 82 † h03.5 4.6 6.2 3.8 17 11 0 pe Sports 50. 36 1.0 — 8.9 — 45 23 0	ook W. Shef. 20p     17ml     13     \$\phi\$ 10.9, \$\phi\$ 24     \$\psi\$       cooper (Fr) 10p     23     \$\phi\$ 111.13     \$\phi\$ 7.0     \$\frac{7}{27}\$ 128       cooper (mst. 10p)     12     \$\phi\$ 13.5     \$\frac{1}{3}\$ 13.1     \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 29     \$\frac{2}{2}\$       crown House     57     \$\frac{2}{3}\$ 29     \$\frac{2}{3}\$ 38     \$\frac{3}{3}\$       carmints 78/94     \$\frac{7}{12}\$ 2     \$\frac{23}{3}\$ 38     \$\frac{2}{3}\$ 23	5 Alpine Hidgs, 50 55 55 22811.8 36 6 Arrial, Metal (£1) 240 14.0 1.1 8.3 [A3-2] 2 Angher Inds, 10 38 25 3.3 9.4 5.3 4.9 4.5 27 2.13 11.3 — 11.3
114 108	Bay 992   Treasury 15400 '9622.   1225 1 1410' 13.94     1574   909   Extremer 13-pt '962-6   1003 1 13.64   13.64     1674   414   Redemption 3rt 1986-9   474 1 6.43   9.57     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     1785   1785   1785   1785     178	13% 819p   Cont. Hinois \$10.   123ml + 3 23% 15%   Crown Zell. \$5 20% + 3 1 12%   972p   Eaton Crp. \$0.50,   127ml + 3 1 22%   11%   Esmark \$1 22% + 4	\$1.60 — 5.8 196 158 Bell Arthu \$2.30 — 4.9 98 68 Boddingto \$1.72 — 6.0 98 68 Boddingto \$1.71 150 128 Brown (March 1988)	750p 194 +2   15.29   4.4   3.9   7.0   220   153   Circles   153   Circles   154   155	rrys	Ranks Gowerton 31 216 b= 9.9 = 59 / 3 hos.4 Met. W10p. 17 134 0.8 11.6 (0.8) 1.6 / 1.7 Rany Corp 104ad 6.7	3 Arenson (A) 100. 42 171.1/5 5.7 6.03 3.2
61198	174   Chemistry 1972   177   178	8 (420) 280) Firestone Tire [1 343) +5 1 695) 529) First Chicago S5 6330 +11 8 21/ <sub>2</sub> 11 Fluor Corp. S <sub>9</sub> 21/ <sub>2</sub> +3 7 155 940) Ford Motor S2 113 -4 7 125 111 GATX S5 133 <sub>c0</sub> +5	1 \$120 — 8.5 257 240 Bulmer(H. 60c — 13 80 56 City Lon. C	P.) 183 +2 854 22 67(80) 178 128 24 65 d 256 +451 61 25 93 42 24 65 et 75ml +1 H44 6 84 6 24 21 53 hewl 135 +1 77.3 24 7.7 7.9 23 18 D	ppire 5 tores   168     5.1   3.0   4.3   11.0   106   872   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	Peritend 50p 105	12   Rathy & Habley 20   13.7     3.25   4.7   4.0   5.3   4.4   48.5   4.7   4.0   5.3   4.5   4.5   4.5   4.5   4.5   5   Auon Rubber 5.1   10.5     10.36   2.3   14.1   2.3   2.5   2.4   2.4   3.5   5.5   8.E.T. Deld   14.1   +2   7.5   7.4   7.7   7.8
1088119	224 Exch. 124pc 1999 — 954 — 1 13.45 13.51 124 744 Treesny 101pg 1999 — 837 — 1 12.94 13.51 124 744 Treesn, 14pc 98-01 — 195 — 4 13.55 13.61 164 1819 Exch. 12pc 199-02 — 994 — 1 13.32 13.00	9 12% 8680 Gillette \$1	33.00 — 5.6 56 48 Gordon (L.) 31.90 — 7.2 723 157 Greenall W	10p. 49 15 4.0 4.4 6.2 37 20 Feb. 10p. 41 41 41 106 Feb. 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	rd (M*tin) 10p. 20ml 22.6 1.6 3 4.8 58 30 IE mulater 10p 124 4.2 6 4.9 6 135 77 is ster Bros 84 319 3.9 5.4 6.7 287 200 is ster Bros 26 35 421 4.0 7.1 69 49 is left (Lon) 126 35 421 4.0 7.1 69 49 is left (Lon) 2.0 43 13.5 4.5 2.5 11.6 45 22 15 is	Suport     35     5.24     2.0 21.4 (27)     83     5.5       Schro (Hidgs)     79     9.03     1.116.3 (7.2)     380     20       Biott (B.)     255     1.55     3.0 7.1     5.0     172     14       Sta Industries     57     5.65     4.0 14.2     4.3     190     14       wered     16     0.7     6.2     26     1	6 BOC Intral
15,4117	07   914   Treas, 134pc 2000-03   10174   -17   13.60   13.57   1787   Treasury 114pc 31-04   91%   -17   13.22   13.31   13.4   13.22   13.31   13.22   13.31   13.22   13.31   13.22   13.31   13.22   13.31   13.32	9 27 203   Ingersoll-R S2   26-5g5g   1-765   454p   LU, Internationalij   759p6   1 11-g 774p   Kaiser AI, 513   111-g   111-g   111-g   110-p   17-g12   15-g   15-g   Louel Cop., S0.1.0   110-g12   15-g   15-g   Louel Cop., S0.1.5   110-g12   15-g   15-g   Louel Cop., S0.1.5   110-g12   15-g   15-g   16-g   16-	\$51.20	m	odmari Br. 5p. 131 <sub>2</sub> 0.96 3.8111.9 3.1 158 138 15 attan Ware 68 629 1.113.2(9.9) 39 125 fc 629 1.113.2(9.9) 39 125 fc 63 2.3811.4 30 124 fc 64 7 fc 65 2 3.811.2 66 47 fc 65 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.811.2 66 2 3.	offices H fo n/v 5p   27   1.76   3.1   9.3   3.8   152   13 rancts look   58   4.75   2.7   11.7   3.6   160   110	1 Bath & Portland 34m 3.51 2.015.2 4.0 5 Batter Fraveno 5.21 064c - 1.3 - 42 Beatson Clark 135 8.4 2.5 8.9631
10 56	13	2 121 <sub>2</sub> 5150 Merrill Lynch \$1. 121 <sub>2</sub> 2 217 181 <sub>8</sub> Morgan (JP) US\$2.5 191 <sub>2</sub> 4 7380 4920 Noron Siecs Ic. 31. 7330 -5 7 111 <sub>4</sub> 8950 Owens-III. 53.225 111 <sub>4</sub> 31 +1 <sub>6</sub>	\$1.12 — 4.2 210 149 Tomatin \$2.80 — 6.5 165 129 Vaux		TIS Queen way, 142	El Intul, 20p. 68 -1 5.31 2.911.2 6.3 E153, 21 arton Eng. 10p. 67 66.5 2.514.2 (3.2) 22 1.5 (3.2) 1.814.2 4.8 90 6 frances K100. 840 1.34 3.0 8.3 5.7 315 18. treen's Econt 92 5.23 1.7 8.1(8.5) 20. 120 12. 1.4 (3.6) 1.5 (3.6)	2 Bellair Cos, 100 16 38 47 84 27 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
3000	Undated    37 <sub>6</sub>   29   Corsols 4pc	145 107 (baster Oats USS5 231 <sub>2</sub> +1 <sub>0</sub> 213 <sub>1</sub> Retlance SU2S5 28 371 <sub>2</sub> 171 <sub>4</sub> Retlance SU2S5 344, 173 8390 651p Rexnord \$5 75400 -42 1034 815p Richtsn-Mril.\$11 <sub>4</sub> 986p +5 133 <sub>1</sub> 10 <sub>3</sub> Rockwell Intl.\$1. 121 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>3</sub> 121 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>5</sub>	1222 = 33 2 1104 = 62 1134 = 62 1134 = 62 1134 BUILD	NG INDUSTRY, 154 92 160 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 15	tors 20p 86   -1 4.72   3.3 7.1 4.5 279   228   6	abit Precklon 5p   13ml     1.1   0.1 12.1  45   3 laden Carrier   145   +3   10.0   2.2   9.9   5.3   56   4 lall Eng. 50p   164     7.0   4.1   6.1   4.9   341   2.1 lall Matthew   254     7.1   3.2   4.0   10.8   13.7   7.1	Bibby (J.) 50p   198ml +2   16.25   4.6   4.5   6.3   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8
222	22   17-6   11-00-05   2-7   11-00-1-2-1-1	457a 293a Singer (\$1.0) 390p 261 <sub>2</sub> 183 <sub>4</sub> Sperry Corp. \$0.50. 231 <sub>2</sub> +1 <sub>2</sub> 21 153 <sub>a</sub> TRW Inc. \$13 <sub>4</sub> 201 <sub>4</sub> 31 +3 <sub>a</sub>	40c = 3.9 140 1.79   Aberdeen C	R AND RUADS 44 8 86 86 86 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	merupeen in y	lallite Sub	Blundell Perm. 94 148 43 73 49 48 Bodycote Int'l 69 40 3.6 83 3.6 113 3.0 9.6 53 128 113 3.0 9.6 53 128 Booker McC. 54 13.12 3.4 83 40 13.0 2.110.9(5.2)
8	INTERNATIONAL BANK    True   78	154   125   100, 107, 10, 50, 195,  137    115, 736p   129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129, 129,	10% — 17.5 46 31 American 1.30c — 1.5 252 148 EPE Inds \$2.40 — 6.8 60 41 Basyeridge \$1.66 — 3.1 20 14 Basiey Een \$1.12 — 6.5 135 100 Barratt 0.v	100. 126   100.25   1	Croft K 10p.   22     ±4.05   1.71   ± 2.6   113   60     +	unt Moscrop 5p. 1212 0.9 1.411.2(7.8) 190 114	36 Bory-W. USS250 £1618 + 3 Q\$2.30
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7-120-87	10 2   2114   Liverpool 94pc 80-84   8892   -12   11.03   13.72		\$1.40 — 4.2 69 51 Bryant Het \$1.64 — 8.6 800 790 Burnett & R \$1.0c — 0.4 215 178 Burt Boulto \$1.20 — 4.3 215 178 Burt Boulto \$1.80 — 7.0 33 29 C. Robey A \$1.80 — 4.2 42 43 20 Cal'nds' [ch	allam 750 -5 8.0 7.2 1410.7 77 62 Pm n 51 185m 20.0 4.9 7.7 2.8 50 37 Pu	lly Peck 50 93 -3 13 9 Leedy (Alfred) 62ml 3.35   \( \phi \) 7.7   \( \phi \) 14   9	Do. A 5p 1245 1.06   2.4912.11 4.7   43   27 LL Hokimgs   31.8xi   7.0   4   3.1   4   98   64	Brown Box Kent   293     22   2,510,6(40)
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INFORMATION

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Edd Ges. Is. 10.
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Hawtins & Tisse.
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IJ. City Merc. 10p
Do. 10pc Ln. 16p.
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"Highs and Lows marked thus have been adjusted to allow for rights issues for cash.

? Interim since increased or resumed.

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! Interim since increased or deferred.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Tax-free to non-residents on application.

© Figures or report awaited.

† Undsted security.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Price at time of suspension.

Inficated dividend after pending scrip inition rights issue: cover relates to previous dividends or forecasts.

Merger bid or reorganisation in progress.

Merger bid or reorganisation in progress.

Hot comparable.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Same interim: reduced final and/or reduced earnings lindicated.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Forecast dividend; cover on earnings updated by latest interim statement.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Cover allows for conversion of shares not now ranking for dividends or ranking only for restricted dividend,

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Cover does not allow for shares which may also rank for dividend at a future date. No P/E ratio suspily provided.

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\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Regional price.

In No par value.

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Moran £1. ...	310	...	10.0	...	4.6
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186 | -12 | 1052±
93 | -1010c
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388 | -23 | 0110c
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TOBACC Finance **OPTIONS** CE C114 | 1990c | 3.11 | 4.6 | 620 | -20 | 70°c | 1.9 | 6.5 | 6.39 | -112 | m0525c | 1.1 | 8.2 | 6.16 | 6.20 | -20 | 0250c | 4 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 3-month Call Rates Central African 260 740 36 180 51 36

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# FINANCIALTIMES

Wednesday August 13 1980



# Civil Service study ordered

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

AN OFFICIAL study into the the two departments. possibility of "more closely integrating" the Treasury and the Civil Service Department has been commissioned by the Prime Minister.

far inconclusive debate on the over the management of the issue within Whitehall and at Civil Service. Westminster over the past few

feel that the discussions have statement said that the study so far become hogged down, ion of some Ministers to a further strengthening of the

On this view the Prime

**BL** moves

into car

rentals

market

By John Griffiths

BL is to launch a direct attack

on the UK vehicle rentals

market in the autumn with its

own national organisation,

own national organisation, British Car Rental,
Vehicle rentals are to be operated initially through selected dealerships and distributions. But BL made clear yesterday that eventually all its dealers would have the ention of joining in

BL has much the largest

dealer network of any mann-facturer—1,800 compared to Ford's 1,250, for example—

and its potential impact on

the rentals market could be

registered as a wbolly-owned arm of the UK operations division of BL Europe and

Overseas, BL's International

sales and marketing company. It will administer the over-

all operation and the sales of

rental vehicles by BL's manu-

facturing companies to operat-

BL's operators are expected.

initially at least, to rent only

national system allowing a rar to be bired at one location

and dropped off at another.

But unlike Ford and other makers offering their own

rent-a-car schemes, it does not

rule out an eventual switch to

In these circumstances it could gain a competitive edge,

in that there will be no sales "middle-man" and its

operators could thus he able

to purchase vehicles more

Existing rental majors such as Avis, Godfrey Davis and Swan National, which have fleets of 10,000 or more

vehicles, receive highly favourable deals from Ford,

the maln rental vebicle sup-

plier, and from others. But all their orders are placed through distributors, who

require their own margin.

No formal launch date bas been set, but British Car Rental staff are putting the

finishing touches to the operating strategy. Response from would-be participating outlets has been "enthusiastic," according to BL.

driven to he believed. It is

a very special car. Once you

have driven it you are

heading."

cheaply than competitors.

a full national network.

British Car Rental bas been

considerable.

the option of joining in.

There is some concern about the danger of overloading the

ministerial team at Treasury. But it is also felt that the real issue is how to provide This follows a lengthy and so strong enough political control

The official line yesterday was onths. that there are no preferences at Some senior civil servants this stage. The Downing Street to he conducted hy assistant particularly given the opposi- secretaries from each department - will examine the case for and against closer integra-

Minister may want to give the pleted in the autumn when decinquiry a new direction hy looksions should he taken. The ing in particular at possibilities Prime Minister is particularly

the present arrangements and bave been unable to agree on alternatives to them.

In a rare move towards more course of the study.

has been increasing criticism of the present operations of the Civil Service Department, partly reflecting concern about 8 slowness to respond to the Government's desire to cut Clvil Service manpower.

The issue bas been aired in particular at recent hearings of a sub-committee of the Treasury and Civil Service Committee of

The Prime Minister has said short of either complete separa-tion or complete integration of costs and manpower needs of tee's views. But so far the MPs

In evidence to the sub-com-

open Government, the Prime mittee Sir Robert Armstrong Minister bas said she intends the Cabinet Secretary, outlined to publish the factual and analy- four options for the future of tical material produced in the the Civil Service Department. These were: continuation of the In the past few months there present position but with greater co-ordination with the Treasury; the formation of a new Bureau of Budget combining the manpower and public spending responsibilities of both departments; the reintegration of the manpower and management services side of the Civil Service Department hack into the Treasury (where it was before 1968), leaving a public service commission for recruitment and other functions; and a complete takeover by the

# Indian offshore oil concessions may go to BP, Shell and CFP

BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI

BRITISH PETROLEUM, Shell International and Compagnie Française des Petroles are likely to be among foreign oil companies awarded exploration concessions on India's conti-

Exploratory talks bave been held with the three companies and several U.S. groups including Exxon. While these talks are at an early stage, final terms, according to Petroleum Ministry officials, are likely to involve production-sbaring agreements with the Indian Government in the event of oil

being found. The involvement of foreign companies in the country's oil exploration programme is part of a new policy of the Indian Government, anxious to progress to oll self-sufficiency and end pressure on the country's foreign trading account caused hy recent oil-price rises.

to spend more than £5bn on oil- ments. exploration in the next five years, mainly through the public-sector Oil and Natural Gas Commission and Oil India, the exploration and production company jointly owned Burmah Oil.

Companies awarded contracts for exploratory drilling will have to give undertakings for minimum investments for their programme, so that they do not withdraw if oil is not found initially. Another condition will be that India will have the first option to buy all oil pro-

This cautions policy is adopted because in the past when foreign groups were given concessions in the Kutch, Bay of Bengal and Cauvery Basins in the western and eastern continental shelves, they drilled one Bay of dry well each and withdrew explored.

The Indian Government plans without making further invest-

The Petroleum Ministry feels that in spite of generous terms allowed to them for productionsharing, the companies withdrew without making an all-out effort to find oil, even through seismic surveys showed the presence of hydrocarhons.

The Ministry will award concessions only to oll majors which bave the capacity and financial resources to follow through the exploration programmes. British Petroleum, Shell and CFP already have much experience in exploration.

Another major British com-any, involved almost accidentally in the exploration pro gramme, is Burmab Oil, which owns Oil India jointly with the Government. This company has heen given concessions in Assam and the Mahanidi Basin in the Bay of Bengal, now being

# Cut in wholesale petrol prices

BP Oil, Benzole, Texaco and Mobil usve followed the lead set by Esso on Monday and cut their wbolesale petrol prices. The swift and concerted move is expected to knock 2p off pump prices in

most areas of the country.

The petrol companies have all lopped 1.73p off the wholesale price of a gallon of four star—except BP Oil and its associate, National, which have cut their prices by "around 2p" the high control prices "despite the high control prices "despite". cut their prices by "around 2p."
All the major companies
admitted yesterday that the
new lower prices bad been forced on them hy fierce competition in the market place. Texaco, BP Oil and Shell,

which hold just under 45 per pumps to last. cent of the UK petrol market While BP and between them, are reducing prices on an unofficial, temporary basis. Their scheduled prices will remain unchanged

the poor returns it was making on refined products like petrol. It cam'tted its profit margins were heing "squeezed."

BP C'said it did not expect the curlent price war at the

While BP and the other majors were announcing price cuts, the Government was putting out the latest statistics on the output of chemicals and oil products. The figures show that output fell again in June and has been dropping steadily since the start of the year. The index, which started at 119 (1975=100) in January and February, went down to 108 in May and fell again to 107 in June.

The index reflects the bigh stocks and low demand that is hitting sales of most oil products-not just petrol.

Editorial Comment, Page 12

Continued from Page 1

# Sir Peter Masefield named LT chairman

BY LYNTON McLAIN

66-year-old joint deputy chair-man of Caledonian Airways, Is the new chairman and chief executive of London Transport. Continued from Page 1 Saab Because the complaints related to taste and decency.

Horace Cutler, the Tory leader of the Greater London Council. Sir Horace sacked Mr. Ralpb they went before the 12-man ASA Council. The council is Bennett, the previous LT chairreported to have shown the man, last month after a highly critical report on the LT advertisement to several religious groups, none of which Executive. demurred.
"It is a atorm in a teacnp," says Saab. "Our particular motor car has to be

The report, by PA Inter-national, suggested the chair-manship should be combined

member of the LT Executive cuts in services if income is since 1973. From 1965 to 1971 insufficient to meet costs.

SIR PETER MASEFIELD, the he was chairman of the British

His appointment to the £34,000-a-year post was announced yesterday by Sir days a week for LT and one day for Caledonian Airways. His hroad aim is to establish London Transport on a "sound hasis for the future." However, he also said that harsh decisions

may bave to be taken in view of LT's financial difficulties. Last year's £15.7m deficit bas heen written off by the GLC, with a new post of chief execu-tive.

Sir Peter has been a part-time out of deficit. This may mean

Output particularly hard hit.

On the same quarterly comparison engineering output was 5.4 per cent down between April and June, partly because of the motor industry's problems. The end of the steel strike resulted in a near 51 per cent jump in metal manufacturing output.

The continued impact of the end of this dispute and the coincidence of two bank holidays in May explains the slight rise in the all-industries index in June to 108.2 (1975=100) from 106.9 in the previous

month. Officials do not believe this is significant and place much more emphasis on the fact that output in the first balf of this year was 31 per cent lower than the average level last year.

On a looger-term comparison the all-industries index in the second quarter was still nearly 7½ per cent higher than in 1975

Engineers to meet officials on their future

## conflict' By Christian Tyler, Labour Editor TENSION between print-workers at The Observer could develop into open con-flict later this week because of fears that the paper is in

**Observer** 

row may

spark

imminent danger of closure. Union chapels (office branches) will be considering this week whether to isolate managers, machine members of the National Graphical Association, and take over their work.

The refusal of the machine

managers to give up their pay claim in the face of the management's unrelenting stance and its announcement that the paper will shut on October 19, has added greatly to the friction.

managers snddenly give ground —considered unlikely —or The Observer relents—also thought unlikely members of the National Society of Operative Printers, Graphical and Media Persounel in the machine room may attempt to run the presses without the managers. even if the managers sttempt to work normally.

The ensuing fraces could, in the opinion of experienced union officials, spil over into.
the rest of Fleet Street.
The London management

of The Ohserver was privately stressing yesterday that there is no chance of its meeting any of the formulae suggested by the machine managers. A statement from the paper's U.S. owners, Atlantic

Richfield, was expected from the oil company's Los Angeles headquarters later last night. A message had been passed to Los Angeles from Mr. Joe Wade, general secretary of the NGA, who wants to meet the U.S. owners in the hope of securing a settlement.

The NGA's national council, meeting at the union's Bedford bead office today, will be considering how to

avert a showdown.
Yesterday Mr. George
Jerrom, national officer responsible for Fleet Street, said the union was ready to settle immediately, but the mana ment would not discuss the suggested compromises. "We have been painted as the black sheep in this Issue, hut the Observer management seems to have a death wish."

The dispute is over payment for bigger papers on the Saturday night to Sunday morning shift. The company bas offered £93.63 a night for a hasic 48-page paper, with an extra \$3.25 for eight more pages and £6.50 for a further eight.

This has been rejected by the machine managers, whose alternative suggestions in-cinde further negotiations on the payment for papers larger Men and Matters, Page 12

UK TODAY Warmer, with rain spreading

London, S.E., C., N.W. England, N. Wales

intervals. Max. 23C (73F). E., N., N.E. England, Borders, Highlands, N. Scotland Sunny at first with rain from south. Max. 22C (72F).

S.W. Scotland, N. Ireland Cloudy. Max. 19C (66F). Outlook: Sunny with thundery showers. Cooler in north and

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THE LEX COLUMN

# Unilever stays on course

On the basis of its second quarter figures. Unilever is riding the recession quite well, People have to eat and wash, after all, and although there were a few nervous weeks when it looked as though the Europeans had stopped washing, the group bas come out with £179.3m pre-tax against a restated 5177m, to give £317.5m against £306.4m for the first balf. Market share is being cultivated at the expense of margins—on a comparable basis

cent, yet onerating margins are down by balf a point to 6.3 per cent.

But the quarter's figures bide a steep fall in the UK and Western Europe, where operating profits fell hy a tenth from the indifferent 1979 level despite some recovery on the edible oils

side where there was a had strike a year ago. Unilever's strength overseas-in Brazil, for example, as well as South Africa and Australia-is supporting it at the moment. The contribution from Nigeria bas at last hegun to nick un and National Starch and Liptons are doing well in North America, although Lever Brothers is still losing a lot of money.

is confident that overseas demand will bold up, so the sbape of the European recession will he the determining factor. If soya prices continue to ris,e Unllever with its strong forward position may be able to widen edible oil margins; on the other hand, it is resigned to a dreadful year for ice cream. On 1979 exchange rates, it still seems reasonable to expect profits to turn out roughly unchanged at around 2600m. This would be a better performance than the UK food mannacturing sector as a whole; but the market rates Inilever Limited in line with the sector (the historic yield is 7.1 per cent at 480p), and the NV sbare lower still. This valuation may look strange if the cyclical upturn in continental European margins comes before

## Letraset

Letraset's figures for the year to April—nra-tax profits are up to £12.1m from £10.5m—are not bad, considering the impact of sterling on the group's important overseas business. But most of the rise stems from the graphics division, the old Letrasel business, which has produced volume growth of around 6 per cent for the foorth year running, and achieved trading margins of nearly 25 per

the end of the UK recession.

Index rose 1.6 to 480.6

Insurance (Composite) ET-ACTUARIES BODEX overall volume in the second quarter is up by saound 2 per 1979

The problems come at Stanley libbons, which after interest costs has contributed only about film on sales of £23m in its first full year. This is the business on which Letraset has staked its future, and a good deal of its capital; the Gibbons acquisition
— with over £15m of goodwill
— was the reason for Letraset's mas the reason for Leursser's rights isue last year, and it has continued to eat money. The group's cath deficit — leaving aside the rights issue — was nearly £7m last year, all to finance Gibbons' stocks of For the second balf, the group

Although the group bas sold quarter of the Haas stamp collection (bought for \$10m) at a fancy mark-up, the rare stamp market bas become sticky. It is perhaps significant that Letraset, baving cast Gibbons as the business that would use the cash provided by the graphics side to produce future growth, is budgeting for it to be cash neutral this year and beginning to talk, shout the next strategic acquisition in the mid-1980s.

The shares have underformed badly over the last 18 months. and given that profits should just about bold up this year, they are not particularly dearfollowing yesterday's 11p rise to 123p, the yield is 81 per cent. But after the issue of 21m shares In the last two years, the scrip does not rank alongside Gibbons' rare collection.

## Commercial Union

Interim figures from Commerwriting cycle is probably approaching its most unfavourable point. Underwriting losses in the interest bufer of the company's Singapore plant goes into full production next year, its prospective ple is expected to fall from nearly at £22.9m, and for the year as 50 to just over 13.

a whole they could rise from £21.3m to very roughly £46m. But a large part of this should be offset by a rise in investment income, which is increasing at an underlying rate of 18 percent

The inderwriting deteriora-tion is concentrated in North America. The group is suffering in the intensely competitive Canadism market, where there has been a £42m swing into losses so far, and things will get worse in the current half. But CU hones that the year end may mark the nadic in the U.S. its claims experience looks encouraging, but the expense because premium growth has been running below plan following 8 squeeze on heavy industrial classes husiness. However premlums are now rising at over 10 per cent in dollar terms, and the further increases which are expected should have a favourable impact on expenses.

Meanwhile the balance sheet looks very sound, with a solvency margin of over 60 per eent and the interim dividend has been increased by a tenth. So the prospective yield may be about 101 per cent, roughly twice covered. This could be nearly two points more than the Royal's dividend yield for 1930, which may have similar cover, and compares with an average for the comoosity insurance sector of maybe 8 per cent.

The rating seems to reflect doubts about the success of the CU's current drive for new husiness in the U.S., which in turn are fuelled by memories of its disastrous performance there in the mid-1970's. However the outcome of its recent efforts should become clear over the next 13 months and management seems absolutely confident that it is on the right track.

## Japanese offer

Japanese companies are pushing ahead with plans to widen the geographical spread of their investors. Yesterday's, issue of about £11m ordinary shares in the form of European Depast-tary Receipts by Nippon Miniture Bearing takes the number of such offers for sale up to a dozen in the last few years. The EDRs, to be quoted on the cial Union snggest that pre-tax Luxembourg Exchange, are profits this year will only be aimed principally at Swiss and modestly lower — not had, Dutch funds, which have proved considering that its tinder the liveliest buyers in the past.

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# Finniston inquiry into the engineering profession. Sir Keith Joseph, Industry

BY ALAN PIKE

Secretary, announced last week that the Government will estahlish a new body to regulate and promote the profession's affairs, but it will not be the statutory engineering authority to which Sir Monty Finniston and bis committee attached the utmost

of mechanical, electrical, civil and ment of Industry officials today setting up the new organisation. to discuss the future of the profession in the light of the to find considerable agreement Government's decision on the with its approach from the institutions, many of which had ing Finniston undiluted, there that the quality of membership

An official of one of the principal institutions said yesterday that members had been critical following Sir Keith's decision last week. Many professional Today's meeting, to be to really raise the status of the attended by the institutions of profession.

The Government now has to make of the existing Council Britain's leading engineering chemical engineers, will discuss persuade professional engineers of Engineering Institutions is that its decision to create a that it is not representative of the means and timescale for voluntary body for engineering through royal charter, rather than a statutory one, does not represent rejection of the central Finniston principles. It is the Government's view

is less unanimity among and effectiveness of the new body, rather than the legalistic will be the yardstick of its suc-cess. It will be stressed at meetings with engineering industry representatives that the Government will, as recommended by

By the end of this month the Government should bave com-

pleted preliminary consultauniversities, Engineering Employers Federation and Confederation of British Industry. If there are no serious ob-stacles details of the new body announced November. The EEF will stress the need

for a strong employers' voice on engineers believe the Government's approach it to low key to really raise the status of the members. One of the criticisms open the possibility of statutory which employers and unions registration for engineers.